



RULE-MAKING ORDER

CR-103E (May 2009)
(Implements RCW 34.05.360)

Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Emergency Rule Only

Effective date of rule:

Emergency Rules 10-70

- Immediately upon filing.
- Later (specify) 7:00 p.m. April 5, 2010

Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?

- Yes
 - No
- If Yes, explain:

Purpose: The purpose of this rule-making is to allow non-treaty commercial fishing opportunity in the Columbia River while protecting fish listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act. This rule-making implements federal court orders governing Washington's relationship with Treaty Indian Tribes, federal law governing Washington's relationship with Oregon, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission policy guidance for Columbia River fisheries.

Citation of existing rules affected by this order:

Repealed: WAC 220-33-01000Y, WAC 220-33-01000Z
 Amended: WAC 220-33-010
 Suspended:

Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.130, 77.12.045, and 77.12.047

Other authority : United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546); Northwest Gillnetters Ass'n v. Sandison, 95 Wn.2d 638, 628 P.2d 800 (1981); Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission policies concerning Columbia River fisheries; 40 Stat. 515 (Columbia River Compact).

EMERGENCY RULE

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.
- That in order to implement the requirements or reductions in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal years 2009, 2010, or 2011, which necessitates the need for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or requirements of the agency.

Reasons for this finding: (See Attachment)

Date adopted: April 2, 2010

NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)
Philip Anderson

SIGNATURE

TITLE
Director

CODE REVISER USE ONLY

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER
STATE OF WASHINGTON
FILED

DATE: April 02, 2010
TIME: 9:24 AM

WSR 10-08-043

**Note: If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero.
No descriptive text.**

**Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note.
A section may be counted in more than one category.**

The number of sections adopted in order to comply with:

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|-----|----------|---------|-------|----------|----------|
| Federal statute: | New | <u>1</u> | Amended | _____ | Repealed | <u>2</u> |
| Federal rules or standards: | New | <u>1</u> | Amended | _____ | Repealed | <u>2</u> |
| Recently enacted state statutes: | New | _____ | Amended | _____ | Repealed | _____ |

The number of sections adopted at the request of a nongovernmental entity:

| | | | | | |
|-----|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|
| New | _____ | Amended | _____ | Repealed | _____ |
|-----|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|

The number of sections adopted in the agency's own initiative:

| | | | | | |
|-----|----------|---------|-------|----------|----------|
| New | <u>1</u> | Amended | _____ | Repealed | <u>2</u> |
|-----|----------|---------|-------|----------|----------|

The number of sections adopted in order to clarify, streamline, or reform agency procedures:

| | | | | | |
|-----|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|
| New | _____ | Amended | _____ | Repealed | _____ |
|-----|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|

The number of sections adopted using:

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-------|---------|-------|----------|-------|
| Negotiated rule making: | New | _____ | Amended | _____ | Repealed | _____ |
| Pilot rule making: | New | _____ | Amended | _____ | Repealed | _____ |
| Other alternative rule making: | New | _____ | Amended | _____ | Repealed | _____ |

NEW SECTION

WAC 220-33-01000Z Columbia River seasons below Bonneville.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-33-010, WAC 220-33-020, and WAC 220-33-030, it is unlawful for a person to take or possess salmon, sturgeon, and shad for commercial purposes from Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E and Select Areas, except during the times and conditions listed:

1. Blind Slough Select Area

- a) Area: Only Blind Slough area open during winter season (see dates below), and both Blind Slough and Knappa Slough areas open during spring season (see dates below). From May 3 through June 11, the lower boundary of the Knappa Slough fishing area is extended downstream to boundary lines defined by markers on the west end of Minaker Island to markers on Karlson Island and the Oregon Shore (boundary used in fall season).
- b) Dates: Winter Season: Open hours 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. on Sunday night April 4, 2010. Spring Season: Open hours 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. on Monday and Thursday nights from April 15 through June 11, 2010.
- c) Gear: Nets are restricted to 100 fathoms in length, with no weight restriction on leadline. Use of additional weights or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Winter season: 7-inch minimum mesh. Spring Season: 9 3/4-inch maximum mesh.
- d) Allowable sales: salmon, shad, and white sturgeon (43-54 inch fork length). A maximum of five white sturgeon may be possessed or sold by each participating vessel during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that the fishery is open.
- e) 24-hour quick reporting in effect for Washington buyers.

2. Deep River Select Area

- a) Area: From the markers at USCG navigation marker #16, upstream to the Highway 4 Bridge.
- b) Dates: Open hours 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. on Sunday and Wednesday nights from April 14 through June 10, 2010.
- c) Gear: 9-3/4 inch maximum mesh. Nets are restricted to 100 fathoms in length with no weight restriction on leadline. Use of additional weights or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Nets cannot be tied off to any stationary structures. Nets may not fully cross the navigation channel. Allowable sale: salmon, shad, and white sturgeon (43-54 inch fork length). A maximum of five white sturgeon may be possessed or sold by each participating vessel during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that the fishery is open.
- d) Miscellaneous: Transportation or possession of fish outside the fishing area (except to the sampling station) is unlawful until department staff has biologically sampled individual catches. After sampling, fishers will be issued a transportation permit by agency staff.
- e) 24-hour quick reporting in effect for Washington buyers.

3. Tongue Point

- a) Area: Tongue Point fishing area includes all waters bounded by a line extended from the upstream (southern most) pier (#1) at the Tongue Point Job Corps facility, through navigation marker #6 to Mott Island (new spring lower deadline); a line from a marker at the southeast end of Mott Island, northeasterly to a marker on the northwest tip of Lois Island; and a line from a marker on the southwest end of Lois Island, westerly to a marker on the Oregon shore. The South Channel area includes all waters bounded by a line from a marker on John Day Point through the green USCG buoy #7 to a marker on the southwest end of Lois Island, upstream to an upper boundary line from a marker on Settler Point, northwesterly to the flashing red USCG marker #10, and northwesterly to a marker on Burnside Island defining the upstream terminus of South Channel.
- b) Dates: Open hours are 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. on Monday and Thursday nights from April 19 through June 11, 2010.
- c) Gear: In the Tongue Point fishing area, gear restricted to 9-3/4 inch maximum mesh size, maximum net length of 250 fathoms, and weight not to exceed two pounds on any one fathom. In the South Channel fishing area, gear restricted to 9-3/4 inch maximum mesh size, maximum net length of 100 fathoms, no weight restriction on leadline, and use of additional weights or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed.
- d) Allowable sale: salmon, shad, and white sturgeon (43-54 inch fork length). A maximum of five white sturgeon may be possessed or sold by each participating vessel during each calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that the fishery is open.
- e) Miscellaneous: During April 19 through May 14, transportation or possession of fish outside the fishing area is unlawful until ODFW staff has biologically sampled individual catches. A sampling station will be established at the MERTS dock for the first eight fishing periods. After sampling, fishers will be issued a transportation permit by agency staff. Beginning May 17, fishers are required to call 503-428-0518 and leave a message including name, catch and where and when fish will be sold.
- f) 24-hour quick reporting in effect for Washington buyers.

REPEALERS

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed effective 7:00 p.m. April 5, 2010:

WAC 220-33-01000Y Columbia River seasons below Bonneville. (10-68)

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed effective June 12, 2010:

WAC 220-33-01000Z Columbia River seasons below Bonneville.

Rescinds the final two winter season fishing periods in the Deep River Select Area fishery. Encounters of non-local stocks have been higher than anticipated. Limited ESA impacts are available for this fishery. Foregoing the final two winter periods minimizes potential for in season management of the spring season. Season is consistent with Compact Action of April 1, 2010. The fishery is consistent with the 2008-2017 *U.S. v Oregon* Management Agreement, the associated Biological Opinion, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission guidelines. Conforms Washington state rules with Oregon state rules. There is insufficient time to promulgate permanent rules.

Washington and Oregon jointly regulate Columbia River fisheries under the Congressionally-ratified Columbia River Compact. Four Indian Tribes have treaty fishing rights in the Columbia River. The treaties preempt state regulations that fail to allow the Tribes an opportunity to take a fair share of the available fish, and the states must manage other fisheries accordingly. *Shappy v. Smith*, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Or. 1969). A federal court order sets the current parameters for sharing between treaty Indians and others. *United States v. Oregon*, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546).

Some Columbia River Basin salmon and steelhead stocks are listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act. On May 5, 2008, the National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biological opinion under 16 U.S.C. § 1536 that allows for some incidental take of these species in treaty and non-treaty Columbia River fisheries governed by the 2008-2017 *U.S. v. Oregon* Management Agreement. The Washington and Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commissions have developed policies to guide the implementation of such biological opinions in the states' regulation of non-treaty fisheries.

Columbia River non-treaty fisheries are monitored very closely to ensure compliance with federal court orders, the Endangered Species Act, and Commission guidelines. Because conditions change rapidly, the fisheries are managed almost exclusively by emergency rule. Representatives from the Washington and Oregon Departments of Fish and Wildlife convene public hearings and take public testimony when considering proposals for new emergency rules. Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife and Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife then adopt regulations reflecting agreements reached.