DISTRICT 12 HUNTING PROSPECTS
King County
## CONTENTS

DISTRICT 12 GENERAL OVERVIEW .............................................................................................................................................. 1

ELK ...................................................................................................................................................................................... 1

DEER .................................................................................................................................................................................. 3

BEAR .................................................................................................................................................................................. 6

PHEASANT ........................................................................................................................................................................ 7

QUAIL ................................................................................................................................................................................ 7

FOREST GROUSE ........................................................................................................................................................... 7

TURKEY ............................................................................................................................................................................... 8

WATERFOWL .................................................................................................................................................................... 8

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ........................................................................................................................................... 9
DISTRICT 12 GENERAL OVERVIEW

District 12 is comprised of six Game Management Units (GMUs) including GMU 422 (Vashon/Maury Islands), 454 (Issaquah), 460 (Snoqualmie), 466 (Stampede), 485 (Green River, open to appropriate deer and elk permit holders only), and 490 (Cedar River, currently closed to hunting). Land ownership in the district is a checkerboard of private, state, and federal holdings. The densest private (urban and suburban) developments are found in the Issaquah (GMU 454) unit, while private agricultural holdings are primarily located in the northwestern part of the Snoqualmie (GMU 460) unit.

The cities of Tacoma and Seattle each own and operate a municipal watershed in southeast King County totaling about 188,220 acres that supply the drinking water for their cities; one in the Green River drainage (GMU 485), the other in the Cedar River drainage (GMU 490).

The largest percentage of huntable area is U. S. Forest Service land, but industrial timber companies have large land holdings in the area. Private, state and federally owned lands are managed primarily to produce timber. U.S. Forest Service lands are managed for multiple uses, including timber, recreation, and wildlife with a current emphasis on growing and managing old growth forests.

Remember to be a good hunting and outdoor recreation steward – be respectful of others on public, multi-use properties that have high consumptive and non-consumptive use. Don’t hunt areas where there is heavy, regular recreation use. Pick up after yourself and don’t leave a gut pile – no one wants to hike by such things; hunters and other outdoors enthusiasts alike.

ELK

Hunters should place greater emphasis on riparian forest habitats and agricultural areas throughout the district. Many of District 12’s elk reside on private land; please make sure you have permission before you hunt.
COW AND CALF ELK IN GMU 454. PHOTO BY MIKE SMITH.

SMALL BULL ELK IN GMU 460. PHOTO BY MIKE SMITH.
Annual harvest reports and harvest statistics based on hunter reporting can be found at Elk Harvest Reports.

DEER

Population surveys have not been conducted for several years throughout District 12, but hunting prospects are believed to be quite good on private and public lands, where hunting is allowed, from anecdotal observations.

GMU 422 covers all of Vashon and Maury Islands. Hunting access on Vashon and Maury islands is largely on private agricultural and hobby farm properties. Hunters must take time to network with communities and property owners for opportunity and access. Island Center Forest, King Co. Parks, offers modern firearm season access to the public. Please see here for location information, King Co. Department of Natural Resource announcements, and any hunt restrictions in the few weeks prior to the opening of modern firearm season:


Deer in GMU 454 (Issaquah) continue to be managed with liberal seasons designed to prevent road kills and keep damage issues at acceptable levels in highly-developed areas. This unit is approximately 90% private land and access continues to be a problem for hunters. Success in this unit may well depend on getting to know your neighbors and broaching the subject of hunting as a means of protecting their fruit trees and vegetable beds. Firearm restrictions are in place because landowners are concerned about safety. Bow hunters should have an advantage in gaining permission.
GMU 460 (Snoqualmie) provides good hunting opportunities throughout most of the unit. However, hunters are advised to scout their preferred hunting areas well in advance because state and private timberlands are gated, with restricted access. Forest management on these lands is largely favorable to deer and high quality opportunities are available for those willing to lace up their boots. Hunters should focus on early seral forests (< 30 years old) adjacent to mid (40-80 years old) or late successional (> 80 years old) stands. Additional emphasis should be placed on riparian forest habitats that provide ample forage and cover.
GMU 466 (Stampede) is a patchwork of private land, State lands, and Forest Service lands (Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest). It consists largely of second growth timber with some old growth on Forest Service lands. This unit consists of a lot of steep ground, with about 2,500 feet in elevation change. Be prepared for early winter snowfall, which has the potential of stranding hunters, but also the potential to improve success.

Annual harvest reports and harvest statistics based on hunter reporting can be found at [Deer Harvest Reports](#).
Bears inhabit areas of district 12 but, like elk, many are on private ownership. Hunters should insure they have the proper permissions to hunt the area they are interested in. Berry production throughout the district has been adequate this year. Bears may be found at lower elevations earlier and moving higher as the season progresses.

Annual harvest reports and harvest statistics can be found at Bear Harvest Reports.
**PHEASANT**

Game-farm produced pheasants will be released this fall on sites which are mapped on the Go Hunt website. Nontoxic shot is required on all pheasant release sites.

Hunting hour restrictions for pheasant and quail in Western Washington are from 8am to 4pm. This includes Stillwater, Cherry Valley, and Crescent Lake units of the Snoqualmie Wildlife Area. For the rest of the hunting season normal hunting hours, half hour before sunrise to half hour after sunset, will apply.

**QUAIL**

There are relatively few quail in District 12.

**FOREST GROUSE**

Ruffed and sooty (blue) grouse are present throughout the public and private forests of District 12. Warmer weather experienced this spring combined with anecdotal observations collected this summer suggests grouse populations increased slightly compared to last year.

Forest management in much of District 12 remains favorable for grouse. Hunters looking to harvest ruffed grouse should focus on elevations below 2,500’, early seral forests (5-25 years old) with ample berry crops present in the understory, and riparian forest habitats. Sooty grouse hunters can expect the greatest success along trails and ridgelines above 2,000’ and within Pacific silver fir and noble fir forest stands with abundant huckleberries.
A MALE SOOTY GROUSE DISPLAYING ON THE SNOQUALMIE TREE FARM, GMU 460. PHOTO BY CHRIS ANDERSON.

**TURKEY**

Wild turkeys remain relatively rare in District 12 and without predictable concentrations of birds. Accordingly, harvest prospects remain low even with considerable effort. Note: Hunters Must use #4 shot or smaller to hunt turkey.

**WATERFOWL**

Population estimates are looking good for the Pacific Flyway this year. Opportunity of harvest should be good, dependent on weather conditions through the season. The best waterfowl hunting opportunities continue to be found in the lower Snoqualmie Valley with public access provided on WDFW’s Snoqualmie Wildlife Management Area (Cherry Valley, Stillwater and
Additional opportunities can also be found in the Kent Valley. Hunters are encouraged to work with local private landowners to secure access in one of District 12’s many river and agricultural valleys to improve their waterfowl hunting success. Refer to the Migratory Waterfowl & Upland Game Regulations for season dates and hours.

For an excellent introduction to waterfowl hunting, see “Let’s Go Waterfowling.”

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

District 12 occurs within the ceded area of several Northwest Treaty Tribes and tribal hunting. Tribes set their own seasons and bag limits. Tribal enforcement personnel ensure that tribal hunting regulations, which are sometimes very different from state regulations, are followed.

**Firearms Restriction Areas in King County:**

Centerfire and rimfire rifles are not legal for hunting in the area west of Hwy 203 (Monroe-Fall City), then Fall City-Preston Rd. to I-90, I-90 to Hwy. 18, Hwy. 18 to I-5, I-5 to Pierce-King Co. line; also Vashon and Maury Islands. For additional information, see page 83 of the 2014 Big Game Hunting Regulations. Through King County ordinances, no shooting areas have been established in many areas in the county. Please contact your local sheriff for specific locations.