



**BLUE MOUNTAINS WILDLIFE AREA COMPLEX
2010 MANAGEMENT PLAN UPDATE**
Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Land Management Summary

This is an update to the 2006 Blue Mountains Wildlife Area Management Plan that provides management direction for Blue Mountains Wildlife Area Complex including the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area, Asotin Creek Wildlife Area, Grouse Flats Wildlife Area, and WT Wooten Wildlife Area. Total size of the complex as of this writing is 63,585 acres.



This complex is located in Asotin, Garfield, and Columbia Counties (web link: http://wdfw.wa.gov/lands/wildlife_areas/management_plans/). This plan identifies needs and guides activities on the area based on the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) Mission of “Sound Stewardship of Fish and Wildlife” and its underlying statewide goals and objectives as they apply to local conditions.

Plans are updated annually as habitat and species conditions change, as new regulations and scientific knowledge develop, as public issues and concerns evolve, and as administration of wildlife areas change. This management plan update includes 2009/2010 accomplishments, new issues, new land management strategies and performance measures for 2010.

Updates/Changes

The Russell acquisition was completed in October 2009. The acquisition is 160 acres in size and is now a part of the WT Wooten Wildlife Area. The new acquisition is just north of the headquarters buildings along the Tucannon River.

Dave Meisner was hired as a permanent career seasonal Natural Resource

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Technician 2 stationed at the Wooten Wildlife Area.

New Issues

In April of 2010 the Pilot Grazing Program was suspended as the result of a lawsuit in Thurston County Superior Court. The lawsuit was filed by Western Watersheds Project and Judge Paula Casey found that the agency was capricious and arbitrary when it issued the 2009 permit and grazing plan. No grazing will take place in 2010 and it is uncertain whether or not grazing will resume in 2011.

Wildlife Sensitive Period Closures: sensitive period closures have been made permanent from year to year due to winter weather conditions stressing wildlife. One location benefiting from the winter closure is Cummings Creek on the WT Wooten Wildlife Area. Closing the area to human access decreases the extra stress put on the wildlife during that critical time period. Metal signs were purchased in winter 2009 to inform the public of the winter area closure. Steps to make the closure permanent each year will be researched and implemented.

Scotch thistle was a particularly bad in 2009 for the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area. In particular, the Warner Gulch area was heavily infested. In response to the infestation, WDFW was awarded a grant in the amount of \$4,000 from the Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation (RMEF) to treat the area. Initial plans for an aerial application were scrapped after concerns were raised from WSU researchers that herbicide applied from a helicopter would impact desirable plants and bias the vegetation monitoring study for the pilot grazing program. WDFW administrators made the decision to backpack spray the hillside which proved to be difficult and inefficient. Much of the hillside along Warner Gulch went untreated in fall 2009. Wildlife area staff members are attempting to spray as many emerging and growing plants as possible in 2010.

Grouse Flats: After a winter of heavy snows in 2008-09, the boundary fence at Grouse Flats was destroyed. In particular, the fence between WDFW property and USFS land in the NW corner of the area was hit hard. Consequently, the area experienced trespass cattle most of the summer and into the fall. Wildlife area staff began rebuilding the boundary fence along the property line surveyed by WDFW surveyors. Being a big job, wildlife area staff members ran out of time to complete the fence in the fall of 2009 and will have to return in 2010 to attempt to finish the fence.

Tucannon Lakes: The eight lakes on the WT Wooten WLA are in need of serious repair. The dams have needed repair for a number of years, but funding has been available to complete the work. The lakes need to be considered individually and prioritized whether to close them, fix them, or rehabilitate them. Spring Lake and Rainbow Lake, in particular, are becoming very shallow and temperatures are warming up. Both need dredged to continue to provide enjoyable fisheries for the public. Big 4 Lake is in danger of washing out from a high water event from the Tucannon River. The importance of Big 4 Lake needs to be considered and whether it should be repaired or no longer kept as a lake.

Tucannon Power Line: Habitat Program Biologists are looking into burying the Columbia REA power line that runs through the WT Wooten Wildlife Area. The purpose of burying the line is to reduce the chances of another fire on the Wildlife Area and to prevent a power line maintenance swath being cut through the Wildlife Area, especially in the riparian areas. The beginning steps have been taken on the project, but things have been put on hold due to budget issues.

Major Stewardship Accomplishments

Elk Fence: DNR led prison crews completed the last 1.5 miles of elk fence reconstruction on the west end in June 2009. The fence was destroyed in the 2005 School Fire. DNR did an excellent job building the fence. Numerous one-way elk gates were installed in the fence and many were updated to the new bar design replacing the older spring loaded finger gates. Wildlife Area staff fabricated the majority of the gates at the Clarkston shop. Also completed in 2009 was an additional one mile of elk fence added to the east end on Tam Tam Ridge. The additional mile was constructed by a private contractor with WDFW engineering and wildlife area staff providing oversight.

Native Grass Restoration: Native grass was seeded on 250 acres in the Campbell field above Lick Creek, and on 475 acres at Smoothing Iron Ridge in 2008. The grass is well established, and wildlife area staff mowed all of the seeded acres in the summer of 2009 for weed control. Additionally, WDFW sprayed Campbell field aurally to combat broadleaf weeds. In the fall of 2009, the majority of the new seeding was over seeded with a mix of native forbs to conclude planned seeding activities. The mix included arrowleaf balsamroot, long-leaf phlox, Blue Mountain penstemon, silky lupine, Lewis flax, and small burnett. The forb mix was planted with an air-drill borrowed from Swanson Lakes Wildlife Area.

George Creek Boundary Fences: Several miles of boundary fence burned in the 2007 Rockpile fire were replaced by a private contractor in 2008-09. Work was completed in early 2009. Additionally, Wildlife Area staff members completed another ½ mile of fence on Meyer's Ridge to complete the job.

School House parking lot: Volunteers from Twin Rivers Back Country Horsemen (BCH) made significant improvements to the old school house parking lot at the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area. Old debris was removed from the school house, blackberry vines were cut back, a hitching post was installed, and the lot was leveled. Additionally, BCH constructed a horse friendly gate at the main gate to the WLA, and did some leveling work in the parking area across the road from the school house.

Shooting Bench: Wildlife Area staff completed a covered shooting bench at the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area. The primitive range has target backdrops at 100, 200, and 300 yards. It is open to the public provided they park along the County Road and walk to the bench.



House Demolition: WDFW had a private contractor remove two old houses from the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area in the summer of 2009. The house at the Halsey acquisition and the old Asotin Creek Wildlife Area headquarters house were demolished. In the aftermath of the Asotin Creek house demo project, Wildlife Area staff constructed a new pump house to utilize the well. The water will be important for future weed control activities.

Cooperative Weed Control: WDFW partnered with US Forest Service, Idaho Department of Corrections and Twin Rivers Backcountry Horseman controlling scotch thistle in Lick Fork of Asotin Creek. Methods used consisted of herbicide application and manual cutting. Approximately 150 acres of scotch thistle was controlled.

Weed Control Grants: Wildlife Area staff successfully received grants in 2009 for weed control projects. Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation provided \$4,000 for emergency treatment of scotch thistle in Warner Gulch. Another \$20,000 was granted from the Blue Mountains Elk Initiative for comprehensive weed control projects on the entire Wildlife Area Complex. The Wildlife Area continues to work closely with the Asotin County Weed Board for control projects on the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area. The weed board received funding from RMEF for Mediterranean sage control projects in the Meyer's Ridge Area. Approximately 200 acres were sprayed.

Range Fertilization: WDFW utilized a RMEF Grant for \$5,416 to apply a granular fertilizer to enhance forage at Grouse Flats Wildlife Area. Wildlife Area staff moved equipment and product to Grouse Flats and applied the granular fertilizer in the fall of 2009.

Food Plots: The food plots on Abel's Ridge were replanted in fall of 2008 to produce wildlife forage and habitat in 2009. However, the planting failed and the plots were replanted again in fall of 2009. In addition to Abel's Ridge, approximately 3 acres at the headquarters were cultivated and planted to a turnip/clover mix in 2008. An additional one acre at the headquarters was cultivated and planted to a "Wildlife Mix" in spring of 2009. The plots will be monitored and replanted as necessary to keep a forage source available for the wildlife.

Russell Property: WDFW was able to obtain funding through a grant to clean up old cars, appliances, and garbage at the Russell acquisition. The work was completed in October 2009. Three semi-truck loads of cars and farming implements were hauled to recycling by Sutton Salvage, as well as a 20-yard bin full of metal and wire. The grant also included adding woody debris to the stream running through the property and re-

channeling the stream on the private land side to make it more suitable for fish habitat. Willows and other shrubs were planted along the stream channel to improve habitat.

Road Maintenance and Abandonment Plan (RMAP) road relocation: The access road from Deer Lake to Watson Lake was moved away from the Tucannon River to the base of the hill. The purpose of the project is to reduce the amount of sediments deposited into the river. The project was completed spring of 2009. Rehab of the old road bed will include Watson Lake Road Relocation. Through the RMAP project, a portion of the road was planted with just over 3,000 trees and shrubs in spring 2010.

Status Report of 2009-10 Performance Measures

09-10 Performance Measures	Status of Performance Measures	Progress - 2011 Related Activities/Comments
Assess and maintain 33 miles of boundary stock fence including 5 miles of woven hog wire fence on the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area designed to exclude domestic sheep annually	Completed for 2010	Ongoing for 2011
Irrigate foodplots and shrubs at Chief Joseph and Wooten Wildlife Areas at least twice annually	Completed for 2010	Ongoing for 2011
Assess and maintain 23 miles of elk fence on and off Wildlife Area lands twice annually or as conditions require.	Completed for 2010	Ongoing for 2011
Conduct at least two grazing evaluations annually on grazing agreements. Submit completed forms to Olympia. Attempt to assess range condition every two weeks during grazing season of use.	Completed for 2010. WSU and agency staff.	Ongoing in 2011 by WSU
Maintain and monitor seven agricultural leases on Asotin creek Wildlife Area annually.	Completed	Continue for 2011 and update for some agreements needed
Initiate at least one habitat enhancement project annually with RMEF, Blue	Completed Grouse Flats project. Three others are currently underway	Ongoing for 2011

Mountains Elk Initiative, TNC, etc		
Control noxious weeds along Tucannon River and in 10 campgrounds using RMEF funds.	Completed	Pursue additional funding for 2011
Plant and maintain at least two annual foodplots on Chief Joseph Wildlife Area annually.	Completed	Ongoing for 2011
Establish and maintain four big-game foodplots on Asotin Creek and Wooten Wildlife Areas (15 acres minimum each). Plant/replant/maintain one out of four of the foodplots annually.	Completed	Ongoing for 2011
Participate in at least two cooperative weed control project with local weed boards, Wallowa resources, TNC, etc.	Completed. One project with BMEI and two others with RMEF	Ongoing for 2011
Continue to support and assist with Mountain Quail reintroduction project on Asotin Creek Wildlife Area.	Completed	Ongoing for 2011
Complete endangered plant surveys on BPA funded portions on Asotin Creek Wildlife Area. Survey other non-BPA funded lands as funding opportunities allow.	Completed. Surveyed monkey flower and Spalding's catchfly	May continue looking for additional catchfly populations in 2011
Maintain eight "plant and take" lakes stocked with rainbow trout, steelhead, and Chinook salmon on the Wooten Wildlife Area.	Completed	Ongoing for 2011
Maintain dike on Spring Lake. Repair damage caused by vegetation and leaking dike to meet DOE codes and standards on Wooten Wildlife Area.	Not completed due to lack of funding	Pursue funding for 2011
Evaluate existing guzzlers	Completed	Continue for 2011

and either repair or discard as necessary. Five evaluations annually.		
Evaluate old agricultural fields for restoration into native grass habitat. Evaluate two fields per year on the Blue Mountain Wildlife Areas.	Completed as far as WLA staff was capable. There is much more work that could be done	Begin planning for this activity as fields come out of CRP.
Continue to monitor four breeding bird point-count plots established in 2004 on the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area. Begin establishment of bird survey transects to inventory avian species on the four wildlife areas.	Not completed	Discontinue in 2010 due to lack of training, time, and interest from the agency
Continue to limit trail access to non-motorized vehicles on the four wildlife areas except for Green Gulch on the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area which is open Oct. 1 – Nov. 30.	Completed	Continue for 2011
Continue to implement and monitor big-game winter range closure gates on the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area.	Completed	Continue for 2011
Maintain mineral enhancement sites for big game on the four wildlife areas. Asotin Creek – 9, Wooten – 4, Chief Joseph – 4, Grouse Flats – 1	Completed	Continue for 2011
Evaluate wildlife area campgrounds and consider establishment of designated campsites with fire rings as funding allows.	Completed. Submitted RCO grant application for Chief Joseph project	Continue for 2011
Continue to monitor and maintain established campgrounds on the four wildlife areas.	Completed	Continue for 2011
Monitor and utilize where possible, water rights on the four wildlife areas. Install	Not completed. Flow meters are very expensive	Explore funding for meters in 2011

flow meters on irrigation pumps to accurately monitor water usage. Document usage.		
Install one informational Kiosks displaying wildlife area maps, noxious weed information and plant and animal species of concern on the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area. Maintain Kiosks installed on the Wooten and Asotin Creek Wildlife Areas.	Completed	Continue for 2011
Seek funding and support to bury Columbia REA power line between Tucannon Hatchery and Camp Wooten State Park.	Not completed	Being worked on by Habitat Program Biologists in 2011
Revisit 33 post-fire monitoring photopoints in May.	Completed	Continue in 2011

New Strategies

The wildlife area plan identifies many strategies or activities to address the agencies strategic plan goals and objectives, why the area was purchased, habitat conditions, species present, and public issues and concerns. The following updated strategies have been added to respond to previously unaddressed or new issues or changes on the wildlife area. New strategies may also be in response to adaptive management as staff evaluate the impacts of past management activities

Issues identified in italics were provided by the Citizen’s Advisory Group. These public comments are captured at the end of the document. Although underlined strategies have no current funding source, identifying these needs is the first step in securing additional funds.

Agency Objective: Protect, Restore and Enhance Fish and Wildlife Populations and their Habitats.

Objective: Improve or Maintain Big Game Populations by managing rangelands.

1. Continue support of pilot grazing program on Smoothing Iron Ridge and Pintler Creek. Maintain infrastructure improvements.
2. Maintain Smoothing Iron native grass seeding and annual foodplots.

3. Explore possibility of grazing on Chief Joseph Wildlife Area by dividing a large area into three pastures and grazing once every 3rd year. Use income generated from lease to pay for noxious weed control.
4. Explore the possibility of introducing wild horses on the wildlife area complex as a way to manage and enhance range vegetation. Obtain horses from BLM horse adoption facilities in Nevada.

Objective: Protect, Enhance and Restore Function and Structure of Native Habitats

1. Seek funding for projects designed to enhance riparian areas for fish and wildlife species.
2. Seek funding to bury the overhead powerline from Tucannon Hatchery to Camp Wooten.

Agency Objective: Minimize adverse interactions between humans and wildlife

Objective: Provide Refuge Areas for Wildlife and Reduce Winter Disturbance

1. Make Cummings Creek winter range closure a permanent occurrence for each winter. Look into similar closures for other WLA lands.
2. Work with the recreational groups and the backcountry horsemen to minimize disturbance to elk calving areas in Asotin Creek by large groups (>4) of riders.
3. Work towards minimizing disturbance to elk by shed antler hunters during the Feb 1 – April 5 time period on winter range.

Objective: Implement Strategies to Reduce Elk Damage on Private Lands

1. Determine a low cost method for reducing accumulated vegetation and debris from building up against the new elk fence on the Wooten WLA to reduce the risk of damage from range fires, without adversely affecting big game winter range on a large scale (Goat Mtn, Tualum, Able's Ridge, and Tam Tam Ridge).

2010 Performance Measures

- Assess and maintain 150 miles of boundary stock fence on the Wildlife Area Complex.
- Irrigate foodplots and shrubs at Chief Joseph and Wooten Wildlife Areas at least twice annually.
- Assess and maintain 24 miles of elk fence on and off the Blue Mountains Wildlife Area Complex twice annually or as conditions require.
- Look into methods of controlling vegetation against newly constructed elk fence on the Wooten Wildlife Area.
- Maintain and monitor seven agricultural leases on Asotin creek Wildlife Area annually.
- Initiate at least one habitat enhancement project annually with RMEF, Blue Mountains Elk Initiative, TNC, etc
- Control noxious weeds along Tucannon River and in 10 campgrounds using RMEF funds.
- Plant and maintain at least two annual foodplots on Chief Joseph Wildlife Area annually.
- Establish and maintain four big-game foodplots on Asotin Creek and Wooten Wildlife Areas (15 acres minimum each). Plant/replant/maintain one out of four of the foodplots annually.
- Plant/maintain 125 acres of annual foodplots on Smoothing Iron Ridge.
- Treat weed outbreaks on a minimum of 500 acres annually on the four wildlife areas.
- Participate in at least two cooperative weed control project with local weed boards, Wallowa resources, TNC, etc.
- Continue to support and assist with Mountain Quail reintroduction project on Asotin Creek Wildlife Area.
- Maintain and install bluebird nest boxes.
- Complete endangered plant surveys on BPA funded portions on Asotin Creek Wildlife Area. Survey other non-BPA funded lands as funding opportunities allow.
- Maintain 6 “plant and take” lakes stocked with rainbow trout, steelhead, and Chinook salmon on the Wooten Wildlife Area.
- Evaluate existing guzzlers and either repair or discard as necessary. Five evaluations annually.
- Evaluate old agricultural fields for restoration into native grass habitat. Evaluate two fields per year on the Blue Mountain Wildlife Area Complex.



- Continue to limit trail access to non-motorized vehicles only on the four wildlife areas except for Green Gulch on the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area which is open Oct. 1 – Nov. 30.
- Continue to implement and monitor big-game winter range closure gates on the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area.
- Maintain mineral enhancement sites for big game on the four wildlife areas. Asotin Creek – 9, Wooten – 4, Chief Joseph – 4, Grouse Flats – 1
- Evaluate wildlife area campgrounds and consider establishment of designated campsites with fire rings as funding allows.
- Continue to monitor and maintain established campgrounds on the four wildlife areas.
- Monitor and utilize where possible, water rights on the four wildlife areas. Install flow meters on irrigation pumps to accurately monitor water usage. Document usage.
- Install one informational Kiosk displaying Wildlife Area maps, noxious weed information and plant and animal species of concern on the Chief Joseph Wildlife Area. Maintain Kiosks installed on the Wooten and Asotin Creek Wildlife Areas.
- Seek funding for maintenance of Tucannon Dams and Lakes
- Maintain native grass/forb planting on Campbell Field and Smoothing Iron Ridge.
- Seek funding and support to bury Columbia REA power line between Tucannon Hatchery and Camp Wooten State Park.
- Revisit 33 post-fire monitoring photopoints in May.
- Identify and prioritize fish passage barriers on the wildlife area complex. Address at least one barrier annually.
- Continue inventory and monitoring of Spaulding’s Catchfly on Asotin Creek Wildlife Area.
- Seek funding for riparian area enhancement projects

Citizens Advisory Group Input

The Wooten CAG was held on March 25, 2010. Issues discussed at the CAG meeting are listed below. Those in attendance included:

Jim MacArthur	Last Resort KOA and Lyons Ferry Marina
Joanne Kirkpatrick	Adjacent Landowner
Jim Kirkpatrick	Adjacent Landowner
Doug Maxey	Adjacent Landowner/Tucannon Hatchery
Marty Hall	Local Landowner
Don Howard	Local Landowner
Wilbur Eaton	Farmer, Rancher
Bill Dowdy	U.S. Forest Service

Issue: Why are river otters allowed to eat all the fish stocked in the lakes?

Response: The Wooten WA is managed for all wildlife species. Wildlife Area staff need to work on educating the public on the importance that river otters play in the ecosystem. WDFW cannot be selective in which wildlife species we allow to live on the Wildlife Area.

Issue: Please describe the bird surveys in the Management Plan Updates. Are they being done?

Response: The bird surveys are breeding bird surveys to see what species of birds (mostly song birds) are utilizing the Wooten Wildlife Area for nesting. Surveys are not currently being done because the Assistant Wildlife Area Manager is not good with her bird calls and is looking for someone to assist with the surveys.

Information on BPA's Wildlife Mitigation Program

The Bonneville Power Administration (BPA) funds a portion of the Asotin Creek Wildlife Area (ACWA); which includes the Schlee acquisitions on Smoothing Ridge and George Creek, and the Bickford acquisition on George Creek. All together, approximately 10,000 acres out of 33,000 acre Asotin Creek Wildlife Area is BPA funded. Funding the wildlife area mitigates habitat losses through construction of hydroelectric dams on the Columbia River. By funding habitat enhancement and maintenance activities, BPA receives credit towards its mitigation obligation.

Progress towards this obligation is assessed through the use of periodic surveys based on standardized Habitat Evaluation Procedures (HEP). Habitat Evaluation Procedures were developed by the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) to quantify the quality and abundance of available habitat for selected wildlife species. HEPs are based on ecological principles and the assumption that habitat for selected wildlife species can be described as a numerical value based on a Habitat Suitability Index (HSI). This value is derived from an evaluation of key habitat components to supply the resource needs of focal species of fish and wildlife. The HSI values (ranging from 0.0 for zero value to a maximum of 1.0) are multiplied by the area of available habitat to obtain Habitat Units (HUs), which are for mitigation purposes, the 'currency' used to measure/compare habitat losses and gains (Schroeder et al. 2008). Completion of baseline and periodic (preferably at 5-year intervals) HEPs is a fundamental requirement for management of mitigation areas.

Several wildlife species on the ACWA have been identified as the focus for management planning through the HEP process, because their habitat needs define healthy habitat for many species. For the riparian wetlands habitat category, beaver, great blue heron, and yellow warbler have been selected. For Ponderosa pine habitat; elk, flammulated owl, and white-headed woodpecker have been selected. For grasslands; bighorn sheep, sharp-tailed grouse, mule deer, and grasshopper sparrow have been selected. Additional wildlife species are also targeted to evaluate habitat acquired with BPA mitigation funding. HEP is also applied to the Smoothing Iron and George Creek units and includes

western meadowlark, black-capped chickadee, downy woodpecker, and Lewis woodpecker.

Reports/Proposals/Plans

BPA has been providing funding for the Schlee and Bickford acquisitions since 2003. Since that time, numerous reports, funding proposals and work plans have been produced. By following the below links, additional information on these activities can be found.

General information on the Mitigation Project

2010-2012 - Funding Proposal Narrative. Submitted to the Northwest Power and Conservation Council in January of 2009.
<http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/narratives/1012.doc> Contains detailed descriptions of the area's history, land purchases and rationale for mitigation and focal species.

Additional information describing BPA's role in mitigation and crediting can be found on the BPA web site: <http://www.efw.bpa.gov/IntegratedFWP/Wildlife.aspx>
<http://www.efw.bpa.gov/IntegratedFWP/wildlifecredit.aspx>

Proposed Management Activities

2010-2012 - Funding Proposal Narrative. Submitted to the Northwest Power and Conservation Council in January of 2009 (Link:
[http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012 - 10](http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012-10)).

2010-2012 Funding Proposal. Submitted to the Northwest Power and Conservation Council in January of 2009
(Link:[http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012 - 10](http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012-10)).

Monitoring and Evaluation

2010-2012 - Funding Proposal Narrative. Submitted to the Northwest Power and Conservation Council in January of 2009 (Link:
[http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012 - 10](http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012-10)).

Acquisition Strategy

Lands identified for acquisition must pass the internal Lands Division's 20/20 review process. WDFW has an active lands acquisition process utilizing funding from the Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program. Currently there are no lands targeted for acquisition using BPA funding on the Blue Mountains Wildlife Area Complex.

Funding Strategy

2010-2012 - Funding Proposal. Submitted to the Northwest Power and Conservation Council in January of 2009 (Link:
[http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012 - 10](http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/proposal.asp?id=1012-10)). Contains detailed descriptions of proposed management activities for the 2010-12 time period including

proposed budgets plus projected needs through 2018. Also contains detailed descriptions of work elements, capitol projects and cost-share opportunities and all projected budgets.

References

Schroeder, M. A., P. R. Ashley, and M. Vander Haegen. 2008. Terrestrial wildlife and habitat assessment on Bonneville Power Administration-funded Wildlife Areas in the State of Washington: Monitoring and evaluation activities of the past and recommendations for the future. Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife, Olympia, WA

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Want to see the full plan?

Go to –

http://wdfw.wa.gov/lands/wildlife_areas/management_plans/