### 2011 Migratory Waterfowl & Upland Game Season Pamphlet Corrections AS OF January 13, 2012

**Page 15:** The season dates for other geese in Goose Management Area 1 are incorrect. The correct dates for this season are October 15-27 and November 5- January 29 (as listed on page 14).

**Page 15:** The season dates for Goose Management Area 2B are incorrect. The correct dates for this season are October 15-26 and November 5 - January 21 (as listed on page 14).

**Page 17:** The general season dates for California Quail, Bobwhite, Chukar, and Gray Partridge (eastside) are incorrect. The correct dates for this season are October 1 – January 16. (as listed on page 16).

# Washington State Migratory Waterfowl & Upland Game Seasons



25<sup>th</sup> Anniversary Washington State Duck Stamp Program

## **GET YOUR**

## WILDLIFE

# BACKGROUND

# LICENSE

# **PLATE TODAY!**



There are five wildlife license plate designs available from the Department of Licensing (DOL). These license plates are available for cars, trucks, motorcycles, and trailers. Each license plate(s) purchase will cost \$49.75 (includes regular vehicle licensing fees), and \$30 each year to renew. You can change your existing plate to one of the new special designs anytime, however, the DOL highly

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recommends that you renew your vehicle registration at the same time you purchase your new special license plate. Forty dollars from the sale of each plate purchase, and the entire \$30 renewal fee, will be deposited into the State Wildlife Account and will be spent on the following:

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### Deer, Elk, and Bear Plates Support:

Habitat improvements, population enhancements, and improved population monitoring for game animals.

### **Eagle Plates Support:**

Working with communities and organizations to develop or improve watchable wildlife opportunities.

### **Orca Plates Support:**

Endangered species population and habitat restoration and recovery.

**To find information on ordering your plate(s), contact your local vehicle licensing office.** To locate your local licensing office please visit the following website: https://fortress.wa.gov/dol/dolprod/vehoffices



## License Fees & Information

## **B WAYS TO BUY YOUR LICENSE**

**DEALER OUTLETS** 

Get your license immediately at any of our 600 license dealers.

FOR A DEALER NEAR YOU, VISIT OUR WEBSITE: wdfw.wa.gov/licensing/vendors

### OR 24 HOURS A DAY

ON THE INTERNET: wdfw.wa.gov/licensing TOLL-FREE TELEPHONE: 1-866-246-9453

**Note:** Internet and phone orders may take up to 7-10 business days to receive your license in the mail. However, in some cases you can hunt with an authorization number before receiving your license (see page 20).

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License requirements and fees are set by the Washington State Legislature. Licenses are based on an April 1-March 31 license year. Prices below are effective September 1. Prices are subject to change. There are no senior citizen discounts on hunting licenses, tags, or permits. Youth is considered resident or non-resident under 16 years of age at the time of license purchase. Reduced prices for licenses, tags, and permits are for qualified resident disabled applicants.\*

A small game license allows the holder to hunt for wild animals and wild birds, except big game and western Washington pheasant (see the Big Game Hunting Seasons & Regulations pamphlet for big game hunting license information). Forest grouse and unclassified wildlife (including coyote) may be hunted with either a small or big game license. A small game license includes a prorated surcharge for Eastern Washington pheasant enhancement.

License Types	Resident	Non-Res.	Youth (under 16)	Disabled*
Small Game License	\$38.50	\$181.50	\$16.50	\$16.50
With purchase of Big Game	\$22.00	\$96.80	\$8.80	\$8.80
3-Day Small Game	n/a	\$66.00	n/a	n/a
Primary Turkey Tag	\$15.40	\$44.00	Free	Free
Additional Turkey Tags	\$15.40	\$66.00	\$11.00	\$11.00
Western WA Pheasant	\$82.50	\$165.00	\$38.50	\$82.50
3-Day Western WA Pheasant	\$38.50	\$77.00	n/a	\$38.50
Migratory Bird Permit (statewide)**	\$16.50	\$16.50	Free	\$16.50
Migratory Bird Stamp (state) with purchase of Migratory Bird Permit**	Free	Free	Free	Free
Special Migratory Bird Hunting Authorization***	\$13.20	\$13.20	\$3.30	\$13.20
Trapping License (sold only by WDFW Licensing in Olympia)	\$39.60	\$198.00	\$16.50	\$39.60
Taxidermist License (sold only by WDFW Licensing in Olympia)	\$198.00	\$198.00	\$198.00	\$198.00

\*To qualify for reduced license fees, you must be a resident: veteran with 30% service connected disability; veteran 65 or older with a service connected disability; that permanently uses a wheelchair; that is blind or visually impaired; or with a developmental disability as defined in RCW 77.32.480. Reduced fee applications are available online at wdfw.wa.gov/accessibility/requirements.html or by calling (360) 902-2464. Allow two weeks for your application to be processed.

\*\*Washington Migratory Bird Stamps (Duck Stamps) are available for free by sending proof of Migratory Bird Permit purchase and self-addressed stamped envelope to the WDFW Wildlife Program by March 31, 2012. To purchase a collector stamp see: <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/waterfowl/stamp</u>

\*\*\*Authorizations and harvest record cards are required for some species/areas (see page 18-19), and are only available at WDFW license dealers.

### **MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING LICENSE REQUIREMENTS**

Species	Adult	Youth (under 16)
Duck, Goose		Small game license, free state migratory bird permit, authorization ***
Dove, band-tail, coot, snipe	Small game license, state permit, authorization ***	Small game license, free state permit, authorization***

In addition to a small game license, all hunters of migratory game birds (ducks, geese, doves, coots, and snipe) are required to complete a Harvest Information Program (HIP) survey at a license dealer and possess a state migratory bird permit as evidence of compliance with this requirement when hunting migratory game birds. All duck and goose hunters 16 and over must also possess a federal migratory bird stamp, signed in ink across the front. Federal stamps can be purchased at selected license dealers, all post offices, all National Wildlife Refuges, by calling 1-800-STAMP24, or ordered online at <u>fws.gov/duckstamps</u>. State migratory bird permits can be purchased at license dealers.

## Fish & Wildlife Commission

Miranda Wecker, Chair ......Naselle Gary Douvia, Vice Chair .....Kettle Falls David Jennings .....Olympia





Phil Anderson, Director Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Miranda Wecker, Chair Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission

### Waterfowl hunting prospects look great

Last spring's unrelenting rain wore thin on many of us, but it was good news for ducks. Based on this year's survey data, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is projecting an 11 percent increase in ducks over last year, and 35 percent above the long-term average.

That forecast, together with productive breeding seasons for snow and Canada geese, should make for an outstanding waterfowlhunting season here in Washington this year. Dr. Conrad Mahnken ..... Bainbridge Island Chuck Perry ..... Moses Lake Rolland Schmitten ..... Lake Chelan

The federal survey is just one indication of the critical role healthy wetlands play – here and elsewhere – in the vitality of our waterfowl populations. Not only do our state's wetlands provide breeding grounds for ducks and geese, they also attract and hold many of the birds migrating south from Canada and Alaska.

We want to thank state hunting groups for the support they showed for increasing funding to protect and restore our state's wetlands, the key to abundant waterfowl populations. Funding for this important work will be generated by a \$5 increase in the base price of a state waterfowl endorsement.

Hunters should also be aware of other changes in fees this year designed to address serious revenue shortfalls at WDFW:

 Hunting licenses: Starting September 1, most hunting and fishing licenses will cost more, while some will decline in price. Under changes approved by the state Legislature, the cost of a stand-alone resident small game license and a migratory bird permit will each increase by \$5.50. A new \$12 fee also will be required for special authorizations to hunt southwest Canada geese, brant, snow geese, Dr. Bradley Smith ......Bellingham Commission Phone: ...... (360) 902-2267

band-tailed pigeons and sea ducks. The revenue from that fee will be used to help cover the cost of special surveys and other management requirements for those species.

 Discover Pass: A new pass is now generally required for vehicle access to state parks, and to recreation lands (including water-access sites) managed by WDFW and the state Department of Natural Resources. An annual pass costs \$30 plus dealer and transaction fees, while a one-day pass is \$10. However, a Discover Pass is not required for access to WDFW lands and water-access sites for those who display a vehicle-access pass, which is issued free with all annual big and small game licenses, and most annual fishing licenses. For more information, see <u>discoverpass.wa.gov</u>

After the wet spring, upland game birds haven't fared as well as waterfowl. Even so, hunting prospects look good for pheasant, quail and turkeys in areas with adequate habitat. As Nate Pamplin, our new Assistant Director for the Wildlife Program explains below, we're working hard to open up more of that land for hunting.

Ducks or upland game, rain or shine, we wish you a successful year in the field.



Nate Pamplin, Wildlife Program Assistant Director, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

# More land opening to waterfowl hunters

Fall hunting seasons are drawing near, and the signs point to a good year for ducks and geese. A productive nesting season has laid a solid foundation for the coming season.

Still, as veteran hunters well know, other factors can just as easily determine success in the field. Weather, hunting skills and access to productive hunting areas can be just as important as the number of birds passing through our state.

On the issue of hunter access, the department has been working overtime in recent years to

find ways to open up more private lands to hunting species ranging from waterfowl to big game. Now those efforts are beginning to pay off.

During the next year, we expect to make more than 200,000 additional acres of private land available for hunting in our state through new agreements with private landowners. Thousands more acres will be opened to hunting in the years that follow.

Funding for state incentive programs – including the Waterfowl Quality Hunt Program – started building in 2009 when the department offered hunters more options in applying for special hunt permits. That generated an additional \$400,000, dedicated to expanding hunter access on private lands.

In the past two years, that financial commitment by hunters has helped WDFW qualify for an additional \$2.5 million in U.S. Department of Agriculture grants also dedicated to that purpose.

Right now, we have staff members out across the state offering financial incentives to

property owners willing to open their lands to hunting. For waterfowl hunting, we have put a special emphasis on the Skagit, Columbia, and Chehalis river basins to expand hunter access and develop Quality Hunt sites. Southeast Washington – from Whitman to Walla Walla counties – has also been identified as a priority area for pheasant enhancement.

For more information on these efforts, see the Hunter Access page on the WDFW website (wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/wqhp).

As we work to expand access to private lands, we hope that you will consider passing on the great tradition of waterfowl hunting to others. Breaking into the sport can be tough, with challenges ranging from bird identification to choosing decoys and duck calls. We encourage veteran hunters to share their expertise with friends and family members who want to get involved.

Meanwhile, we'll keep working to open up more land for both current and future generations of hunters.

-Nate Pamplin, Wildlife Program Assistant Director

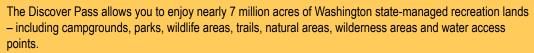
## WDFW Offices

Website:
Headquarters (Olympia)
TDD(800) 833-6388
Office Location: Natural Resources Building, 111 Washington St SE, Olympia
Mailing Address: 600 Capitol Way N, Olympia, WA 98501-1091
Wildlife Program
Enforcement Program         (360) 902-2936           To report an emergency         Dial: 911           To report a violation         (877) 933-9847
Hunter Education
Licensing Division (24 hrs)
Fish Program
Wildlife Program

Region 1
Region 2
Wenatchee District Office         (509)           3860 Chelan Hwy N, Wenatchee, 98801
<b>Region 3</b>
Region 4
Region 5
<b>Region 6</b>

## The New Discover Pass - Your Ticket to Washington's Great Outdoors

### One permit provides access to state parks and recreation lands



You now need to display the Discover Pass on your vehicle when visiting state recreation lands managed by the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission, the Washington State Department of Natural Resources, and the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. The fine for not displaying the pass is \$99.

The Discover Pass is not required for holders of certain hunting and fishing licenses on WDFW recreation lands and water-access sites. For those individuals, a "WDFW vehicle access pass" is required for vehicle access to WDFW lands and boat launches. The vehicle access pass is issued free of charge with the purchase of a big-game or small-game hunting license, western Washington pheasant permit, trapping license, Watchable Wildlife decal, or saltwater, freshwater or combination recreational fishing license.

The cost for an annual pass is \$30 and a daily passes are \$10. Passes may be purchased:

- Online at wdfw.wa.gov/licensing
- In person from any of nearly 600 recreational license vendors where state fishing and hunting licenses are sold.
- By phone. Call toll-free (866) 320-9933.
- When you renew your vehicle license. Beginning in the fall of 2011, you will be able to purchase the Discover Pass through the state Department of Licensing vehicle registration and tab renewal process.

### Check out discoverpass.wa.gov/faq for more information on the Discover Pass.

This program receives Federal assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior and its bureaus prohibit discrimination on the bases of race, color, national origin, age, disability and sex (in educational programs). If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility, please contact the WDFW, ADA Program Manager at 600 Capitol Way North, Olympia WA 98501 or write to: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Civil Rights Coordinator for Public Access 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Mail Stop: WSFR-4020, Arlington, VA 22203

This pamphlet is a summary of the hunting seasons & regulations (chapters 232-12, 232-13, 232-16, & 232-28 of the Washington Administrative Code) adopted by the Fish and Wildlife Commission. This pamphlet does not contain nor is it intended to contain all department regulations. Regulations specific to the hunting seasons described in this pamphlet are found in sections 232-28-435 & 232-28-342 of the Washington Administrative Code. CAUTION: Emergency regulation changes may occur while the seasons in this pamphlet are in effect and will supersede information contained herein. Area news media will be informed of changes as they occur.



## 2011-2012 Migratory Game Bird Seasons

Species	Area	Season Dates (inclusive)/Restrictions	Daily Bag Limit	Possession Limit	
Ducks	Statewide	Sept. 24-25 (Youth Hunting Only <sup>a</sup> )	7 <sup>b</sup>	14 <sup>b</sup>	
For sea duck authorization requirements see page 18.		Oct. 15-19 & Oct. 22 - Jan. 29 <b>except</b> scaup closed Oct. 15-Nov. 4	7 b	14 b	
Coots	Statewide	Sept. 24-25 (Youth Hunting Only <sup>a</sup> )		25	
		Oct. 15-19 & Oct. 22 - Jan. 29	25	25	
Snipe	Statewide	Oct. 15-19 & Oct. 22 - Jan. 29	8	16	
Canada Geese	Goose Mgmt Areas 1 & 3	3 Sept. 10-15		10	
	Goose Mgmt Area 2A	Sept. 10-15	3	6	
	Goose Mgmt Area 2B	Sept. 1-15	5	10	
	Goose Mgmt Areas 4 & 5	September season closed			
	Statewide ( <b>except</b> Goose Mgmt Areas 2A & 2B)	Sept. 24-25 (Youth Hunting Only <sup>a</sup> )	4	8	
Geese ( <b>except</b> Brant)	Goose Mgmt Area 1	Snow, Ross', or Blue Geese: Oct. 15 - Jan. 29	4	8	
		Other geese: Oct. 15-27 & Nov. 5 - Jan. 29			
For Goose Management Areas 1, 2A, & 2B authorization requirements, see pages 18 & 19.	Goose Mgmt Area 2A	All areas <b>except</b> Ridgefield National Wildlife Refuge: 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Saturdays, Sundays, & Wednesdays only Nov. 12-27 & Dec. 7 - Jan. 29 <b>except</b> closed Dec. 25 & Jan. 1	4 <sup>C</sup>	8 <sup>c</sup>	
		Ridgefield National Wildlife Refuge: 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays, & Saturdays only Nov. 12-26 & Dec. 8 - Jan. 28 <b>except</b> closed Nov. 24	4 <sup>C</sup>	8 <sup>c</sup>	
	Goose Mgmt Area 2B	8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Saturdays, & Wednesdays only Oct. 15-26 and Nov. 5 - Jan. 21	4 <sup>C</sup>	8 <sup>C</sup>	
	Goose Mgmt Area 3	Oct. 15-27 & Nov. 5 - Jan. 29	4	8	
	Goose Mgmt Area 4	Saturdays, Sundays, & Wednesdays only: Oct. 15 - Jan. 22 Nov. 11, 24, 25; Dec. 26, 27, 29, 30; Jan. 16, & every day Jan. 23-29	4	8	
	Goose Mgmt Area 5	Oct. 15-19 & Oct. 22 - Jan. 29	4	8	
For authorization Note: If		Jan. 14, 15, 18, 21, 22, 25, 28, 29 <b>Note:</b> If the Skagit County pre-season brant population is below 6,000 (determined by early January survey), this season will be canceled.	2	4	
	Pacific County	Jan. 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 19, 21, 22	2	4	
Band-tailed Pigeon	Statewide	Sept. 15-23	2	4	
For authorization requirements see page 18.					
Mourning Dove	Statewide	Sept. 1-30	10	20	
Swans	Closed Statewide	·			

a Special youth hunting season open to hunters under 16 years of age (must be accompanied by an adult at least 18 years old who is not hunting).

b Daily bag limit: to include not more than 2 hen mallard, 2 pintail, 3 scaup (see restricted dates above), 1 canvasback, and 2 redhead statewide; and to include not more than 1 harlequin, 2 scoter, 2 long-tailed duck, & 2 goldeneye in western Washington.
 Possession limit: to include not more than 4 hen mallard, 4 pintail, 6 scaup (see restricted dates above), 2 canvasback, and 4 redhead statewide; and to include not more than 1 harlequin, 4 scoter, 4 long-tailed duck, and 4 goldeneye in western Washington.

Season limit: 1 harlequin in western Washington.

c Daily bag limit: to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose and 3 cackling geese in Areas 2A & 2B; and to include not more than 1 Aleutian goose in Area 2B.

**Possession limit:** to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose and 6 cackling geese in Areas 2A & 2B; and to include not more than 2 Aleutian geese in Area 2B.

**Season limit:** 1 dusky Canada goose. A dusky Canada goose is defined as a dark breasted (Munsell 10 YR, 5 or less) Canada goose with a culmen (bill) length of 40-50 mm. A cackling goose is defined as a goose with a culmen (bill) length of 32 mm or less.

## Migratory Game Bird Season Summary

	September 2011	October 2011	November 2011	December 2011	January 2012	License*
Duck, coot, snipe (statewide)						
Youth hunt (except snipe)	24-25					s, sm
General Season (except Scaup)		15-19 22			29	s, fm, sm
Goose (except brant)						
September Canada goose Area 1, 2A, & 3	10-15					s, fm, sm
September Canada goose Area 2B	1-15					s, fm, sm
September Canada goose Areas 4 & 5	Closed					
Youth Canada goose (except closed in 2A & 2B)	24-25					s, sm
Mgmt. Area 1 Snow, Ross', Blue Geese		15			29	s, fm, sm, sn
Mgmt. Area 1 other geese		15-29	5		29	s, fm, sm
Mgmt. Area 2A			12 27	7 Selected Dates	29	s, fm, sm, ca
Mgmt. Area 2B		15	26	5 Selected Dates	21	s, fm, sm, ca
Mgmt. Area 3		15-27	5		29	s, fm, sm
Mgmt. Area 4		15		Selected Dates	29	s, fm, sm
Mgmt. Area 5		15-19 22			29	s, fm, sm
Brant		ľ			1	
Skagit County					Selected Dates	s, fm, sm, br
Pacific County					7-22 Selected Dates	s, fm, sm, br
Band-tailed Pigeon (statewide)	15-23					s, sm, bt
Mourning Dove (statewide)	1 30					s, sm
requirements: federal m bird pern	I-tailed pigeon aut higratory bird stam hit (free for youth 18-19 for hunting	p (not required f hunters); sn = sn	or youth hunter ow goose autho	rs); s = small gam		

### **2011 Migratory Bird Stamps and Prints**

### ORDER YOURS TODAY!

Proceeds from the sale of Washington migratory bird permits, stamps, and limited edition artwork are used to improve habitat for waterfowl and other migratory birds in Washington. Prints are available through Steiner Prints at (800) 225-3971. For more information on the state migratory bird stamp program, see page 43 or wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/waterfowl/stamp.



**Duck Stamp Artwork by Robert Steiner** 

### Washington Waterfowl Advisory Group

The Washington Waterfowl Advisory Group (WAG) was formed by WDFW in early 2003 to increase citizen involvement in the management of Washington's waterfowl resources. This group has 20 members from a broad representation of waterfowl hunters throughout the state. Semiannual meetings are scheduled to provide advice to the department on a variety of topics, including planned expenditures of state migratory bird stamp revenues, waterfowl seasons, public access, and other topics. To learn more about the WAG or to contact a representative in your area, please contact the WDFW Waterfowl Section at (360) 902-2515. If you have comments to pass on to a WAG representative in your area, please email them to wildthing@dfw.wa.gov. State that the comments are for WAG, and note your county of residence.

## 2011-2012 Upland Game Seasons

### New non-toxic shot requirements are in effect. See page 22 for more information.

Species	Area	Season Dates	Daily Bag Limit	Possession Limi	
Forest Grouse (Blue, Ruffed, and Spruce)	Statewide	Sept. 1-Dec. 31	4 of any species	12 of any specie	
Sage and Sharp-tailed grouse, Ptarmigan	Closed Statewide				
Pheasant <sup>a</sup>	Mastern Mashinster	Sept. 24 & 25 (youth only <sup>b</sup> )	2 either sex	4 either sex	
	Western Washington	Sept. 26-30 (hunters 65 years or older only)	2 either sex	10 either sex	
	Western Washington Regular Season	8:00 a.m. to 4 p.m. Oct. 1-Nov. 30 except Saturday, Sunday, and holidays only in the Dungeness Recreation Area	2 either sex	15 either sex	
	Western Washington Extended Season (no pheasants released)	8:00 a.m. to 4 p.m. Dec. 1-15 ONLY at Skookumchuck, Fort Lewis, Kosmos, Scatter Creek, Belfair, Whidbey Island (except Bayview), & Lincoln Creek release sites	2 either sex	15 either sex	
	Eastern Washington	Sept. 24 & 25 (youth only <sup>b</sup> )	3 cocks only	6 cocks only	
		Oct. 22 - Jan. 16	3 cocks only	15 cocks only	
California (Valley) Quail	Western Washington	Oct. 1 - Nov. 30	10 mixed bag	30 mixed bag	
and Northern Bobwhite	Eastern Washington	Sept. 24 & 25 (youth only <sup>b</sup> )	10 mixed bag	30 mixed bag	
		Oct. 1 - Jan. 16	10 mixed bag	30 mixed bag	
Quail (Mountain)	Western Washington	Oct. 1 - Nov. 30	2	4	
	Eastern Washington	Closed throughout Eastern Washington			
	Frankright Alfrahmen	Sept. 24 & 25 (youth only <sup>b</sup> )	6 chukar & 6 gray	12 chukar & 12 gray	
Partridge (Chukar & Gray)	Eastern Washington	Oct. 1 - Jan. 16	6 chukar & 6 gray	18 chukar & 18 gray	
Cottontail and Snowshoe Hare	Statewide	Sept. 1 - Mar. 15	5 mixed bag	15 mixed bag	
Jackrabbit and Pygmy Rabbit	Closed Statewide				
Crow	Statewide	Oct. 1 - Jan. 31	No limit	No limit	
Turkey <sup>C</sup> See the Big Game Hunting	GMUs 105-124	Sept. 24 - Oct. 7	2 beardless turkeys (in addition to other fall turkey harvest)		
Regulations & Spring Turkey Pamphlet for more	GMUs 101, 127-133, 145-154, 162-186	Sept. 24 - Oct. 7	1 either sex turk		
information on turkey	GMUs 105-124	Nov. 20 - Dec. 15 1 either se		urkey	
hunting.	Statawida	April 7-8 (youth only <sup>b</sup> )	See Spring Turke	y Pamphlet	
	Statewide	April 15 - May 31	See Spring Turkey Pamphlet		
eaver, badger, weasels, mar	tin, mink, muskrat, and river of	otter cannot be hunted – See Trapping Regulations.			

lands are part of tidal wetland restoration projects and pheasant hunting on the sites is no longer possible. Refer to the WDFW website (<u>http://wdfw.</u> wa.gov/hunting/upland\_birds) for more information.

<sup>b</sup>Special youth hunting season open to hunters under 16 years of age (must be accompanied by an adult at least 18 years old who is not hunting).

<sup>c</sup>Must use #4 shot or smaller to hunt turkey. Anyone with a small game license and a valid turkey transport tag may participate. By January 31, hunters must report their hunting activity for <u>each</u> turkey tag acquired by calling toll free 1-877-945-3492 or online at <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting</u>.

See the Big Game Hunting Seasons & Regulations pamphlet (page 15) for more information on mandatory harvest reporting requirements.

### Wild Turkey - Fall Special Permit Hunts

Who May Participate: Anyone drawn in the June 2011 special permit drawing.

Hunt Choice	Hunt Name	Hunt Area	Season Dates	Bag Limit/Legal Bird	2011 Permits
3001	Klickitat	GMUs 382, 388, 568-578	Sept. 24 - Oct. 7	1 either sex turkey	150
3002	Methow	GMUs 218-231, 242	Nov. 15 - Dec. 15	1 either sex turkey	50

## Upland Game Season Summary

	September 2011	October 2011	November 2011	December 2011	January 2012	License
Forest Grouse (statewide)	1			31		s or b
Pheasant (westside)						•
Youth Hunters	24-25					р
Hunters 65 & older	26-30					р
General Season	1		30	1-15		р
Pheasant (eastside)			5	elected Areas		
Youth Hunters	24-25					S
General Season		22			16	s
California Quail, Bobwhite (westside)	1		30			S
California Quail, Bobwhite, Chukar, & Gray F	Partridge (eastside)					
Youth Hunters	24-25					s
General Season	1				17	s

Species	Area	Season Dates (inclusive)	Daily Bag Limit	Possession Limit
Upland Game Birds & Forest Grouse	Statewide	Aug. 1 - Mar. 15 (falconry)	2 pheasants (either sex), 6 partridge. 5 California (valley) quail or bobwhite, 2 mountain quail (W. WA only), & 3 forest grouse	Twice the daily bag
Mourning Dove	Statewide	Sept. 1 - Dec. 16 (falconry)	3 mourning doves, straight or mixed bag with snipe, coots, ducks, and geese during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
Cottontail and Snowshoe hare	Statewide	Aug. 1 - Mar. 15 (falconry)	5 cottontail or snowshoe hares, straight or mixed bag	15
Ducks, Coots, and Snipe	Statewide	Oct. 15-19 & Oct. 22 - Jan. 29 (falconry)	3, straight or mixed bag with geese and mourning doves during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
Geese	Goose Mgmt Area 1	Oct. 15 - Jan. 29 for Snow, Ross', or Blue Geese; Oct. 15-27 & Nov. 5 - Jan. 29 for other geese (falconry)	3, (except Brant) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
	Goose Mgmt Area 2A	Wednesdays, Saturdays, & Sundays Nov. 12-27 & Dec. 7 - Jan. 29 (falconry)	3, (except Brant) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
	Goose Mgmt Area 2B	Wednesdays & Saturdays Oct. 15-26 and Nov. 5 - Jan. 15 (falconry)	3, (except Brant) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
	Goose Mgmt Areas 3, 4, & 5	Oct. 15-27 & Nov. 5 - Jan. 29 (falconry)	3, (except Brant) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
Turkey	Eastern Washington	Sept. 1 - Feb. 15 (falconry)	2, one turkey, either sex, per turkey tag with a maximum of 2 turkeys per season	2 (turkey tag required)

## Additional Requirements - Waterfowl

### Sea Ducks (in western Washington), Snow Goose (in Goose Management Area 1), Brant, and Band-Tailed Pigeon

#### A SPECIAL MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING AUTHORIZATION AND HARVEST RECORD CARDS ARE REQUIRED TO HUNT FOR:

- Sea ducks (harlequin, scoter, long-tailed duck, goldeneye) in western Washington
- Snow goose in Goose Management Area 1
- Brant
- Band-tailed pigeon

To hunt during these seasons, you must obtain a special migratory bird hunting authorization and harvest record cards for the species you are hunting and carry these documents while hunting. If you did not have a harvest record card the previous year you can apply for one online at <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/</u><u>permits/migratory</u> or by contacting a WDFW office. You do not need to apply every year. Authorizations and harvest record cards are only available at WDFW license dealers.

### Reporting Deadlines:

Band-tailed Pigeon September 30, 2011

Sea Duck, Snow Goose, Brant February 15, 2012

#### **REPORTING HARVEST IS MANDATORY:**

Immediately after taking a sea duck, snow goose, brant, or band-tailed pigeon into possession, you must fill out the required harvest record card information in ink.

You must report hunting activity on your harvest record cards using the online reporting system at: <u>fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov/wa/migratorybird</u> or by mailing the cards to: WDFW, Waterfowl Section, 600 Capitol Way N, Olympia, WA 98501.

Reports are due by the reporting deadlines even if you did not harvest any birds.

Please note that beginning in 2012-13, you must comply with these reporting requirements or you will be required to pay a \$10 administrative fee before obtaining a harvest record card the next year.

### Goose Management Area 1

#### SNOW GOOSE QUALITY HUNTING PROGRAM

WDFW's Hunter Access program provides public access on hundreds of acres of private lands around Fir Island. Program lands are open as Feel Free to Hunt or Register to Hunt 7 days per week. All hunters must obey posted signs regarding access restrictions. Commercial uses are not allowed. See <u>wdfw.wa.gov/</u> <u>hunting/snow\_goose</u> for more information.

#### SKAGIT COUNTY SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS

While hunting snow geese, if a hunter is convicted of 1) trespass, 2) shooting from, across, or along the maintained part of any public highway, 3) discharging a firearm for the purpose of hunting waterfowl within 100 feet of any paved public road on Fir Island or discharging a firearm for the purpose of hunting snow geese within 100 feet of any paved public road in other areas of Skagit County, or 4) exceeding the daily bag limit for snow geese, written authorization will be invalidated for the remainder of the current snow goose season and an authorization will not be issued for the subsequent snow goose season.



## Additional Requirements - Waterfowl

### **Goose Management Area 2**

The goose season for Goose Management Areas 2A and 2B will close early if dusky Canada goose harvests exceed area quotas which collectively total 40 geese.

The Fish and Wildlife Commission has authorized the Director to implement emergency area closures in accordance with the following quotas: A total of 40 duskys, to be distributed 5 for Zone 1 (Ridgefield NWR); 5 for Zone 2 (Cowlitz County south of the Kalama River); 18 for Zone 3 (Clark County except Ridgefield NWR); 7 for Zone 4 (Cowlitz County north of the Kalama River and Wahkiakum County); 5 for Zone 5 (Pacific County).

### Special Late Goose Season in Goose Management Area 2A

Open to Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Master Hunters and youth hunters (under 16 years of age, who are accompanied by a Master Hunter) possessing a valid 2011-12 special migratory bird hunting authorization for Goose Management Areas 2A and 2B. Master Hunters will be mailed an application in January.

Qualified applicants will be placed on a list to participate in this hunt. WDFW will assist landowners with contacting qualified hunters to participate in damage control hunts on specific lands incurring goose

Quotas may be shifted to other zones during the season to optimize use of the statewide quota and minimize depredation. WDFW Regional Offices (see page 13) have current information on the closure status of hunt zones within their region.

You must have a special migratory bird hunting authorization for Goose Management Areas 2A and 2B and a daily goose harvest record card to hunt geese, except during the September goose season. You must carry the authorization and harvest

### Goose Management Area 2 Check Stations Check Stations Open 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Washington D.O.T Office - 103 5th Street, Raymond Willapa NWR - Illwaco (360) 484-3482 J.B. Hansen NWR - Cathlamet (360) 795-3915 Intersection of Down River Road & West Scott - Woodland WDFW Vancouver Office - 2108 Grand Boulevard, Vancouver Ridgefield NWR - Ridgefield (360) 887-4106 damage. Participation in this hunt will depend on the level of damage experienced by local landowners. It is possible that some hunters may not be called to participate.

This season is open in goose damage areas in Goose Management Area 2A on selected dates within the following period from 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.: Saturdays and Wednesdays, February 4 - March 7, 2012.

Daily bag limit: 4 geese, to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose and 3 cackling geese.

record card while hunting. New hunters, and hunters who did not maintain a valid 2010-11 authorization must review goose identification training materials and demonstrate adequate performance on a goose identification test to receive an authorization. Information on training materials and testing is shown in the box below.

Immediately after taking any geese (including Canadas, snows, whitefronts, and other geese) into possession, you must fill out the required information in ink on your harvest record card, and go directly to the nearest check station to have geese tagged when leaving a hunt site, before 6:00 p.m. You must present all geese intact and fully feathered at the check station.

If you take the season bag limit of one dusky Canada goose or do not comply with requirements listed above regarding checking of birds and recording harvest on the harvest report, your authorization will be invalidated and you will not be able to hunt geese in Goose Management Areas 2A & 2B for the rest of the season and the Special Late Goose Season. It is unlawful to fail to comply with all provisions listed above for Goose Management Areas 2A & 2B. Possession limit: 8 geese, to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose and 6 cackling geese.

Season limit: 1 dusky Canada goose.

A dusky Canada goose is defined as a dark-breasted Canada goose (as shown in the Munsell color chart 10 YR, 5 or less) with a culmen (bill) length of 40-50 mm. A cackling goose is defined as a goose with a culmen (bill) length of 32 mm or less.

The Special Late Goose Season will be closed by emergency action if the harvest of dusky Canada geese exceeds 45 for the regular and late seasons. All provisions listed for Goose Management Area 2A regarding authorization, harvest reporting, and checking requirements also apply to the special Late Goose Season, except hunters must confirm their participation at least 24 hours in advance, and hunters must check out by 5 p.m. each day, regardless of success.

### **Goose Identification Training Materials and Testing Schedule**

Training materials necessary to pass the goose identification test required for Goose Management Area 2A and 2B consist of a home study booklet and a one hour video, both titled "Pacific Northwest Goose Management."

The booklet and video can be downloaded from the WDFW website at: <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/canada\_goose</u>. The booklet is also available at the Olympia and Regional Offices of WDFW, and the video is available through Videoland Productions, Inc., 4708 Pacific Ave. SE, Lacey, WA 98503. Videoland Productions, Inc. accepts major credit cards, checks, and money orders. Their number is 360-491-1332.

Goose identification testing can be completed online at: wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/canada\_goose.

Goose identification testing can also be completed at WDFW offices (see page 13) by appointment only (call to schedule). New hunters and those who had hunting authorizations invalidated for Goose Management Area 2 will be expected to pass an exam with a minimum of 80% to receive their 2011-12 hunting authorization. Hunters who fail a test must wait 28 days before retesting, and will not be issued a reciprocal authorization until that time.

## Additional Requirements - Waterfowl

### Hunting with an Authorization Number

Under the automated licensing system (WILD system), licenses may be purchased over the telephone at 1-866-246-9453 or online at <u>fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov</u>. At the end of a telephone or Internet sale, an authorization number will be issued. That authorization number may be used as your license if you are hunting for animals not requiring a transport tag.

**Big Game Licenses** - Forest grouse and unclassified wildlife are the only species that may be hunted with a big game authorization number until your appropriate tags and license have arrived.

**Small Game Licenses** - All animals hunted with a small game license, including unclassified wildlife, may be hunted with a

small game authorization number until the valid license and tags have been received in the mail.

**Migratory Bird Permit** - All migratory birds may be hunted with a small game authorization number that includes a migratory bird permit until the valid license is received in the mail. A federal migratory bird stamp is required for hunters 16 years and older to hunt ducks and geese.

### **Decoy Restrictions**

It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl with the use or aid of battery powered or other electronic devices as decoys.

### **Bird Band Reporting**

You can now report federal migratory bird bands by calling toll-free: 1-800-327-BAND or online at <u>reportband.gov</u>. Calls can be made 24 hours a day. You will receive information on when & where the bird was banded. Please use this number to report federal migratory bird bands only (no upland birds or private bands).



## **Questions About Hunter Education?**

Contact a member of the hunter education staff if you have questions about training requirements or class schedules.

WESTERN WASHINGTON: Olympia office: (360) 902-8111 EASTERN WASHINGTON: Ephrata office: (509) 754-4624 **WEBSITE:** wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/huntered

### **Master Hunter Training**

The Master Hunter Program today benefits both hunter access and landowner relations. Master Hunters are used as a management tool to remove damage causing game in sensitive situations. For the latest information about the Master Hunter Program including: requirements, open enrollment periods, how to apply, testing, volunteer opportunities, and more please refer to our website at: <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/masterhunter</u>.

### **Deferral Option for Hunter Education**

Interested individuals ages 10 and older may apply for a once-in-a-lifetime, one license-year deferral of hunter education training. Individuals receiving a deferral may hunt in general seasons through March 31, 2012. For detailed information on the deferral requirements, visit our website at: <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/huntered/he\_deferral.html</u>. Individuals requesting a deferral may hunt only under the immediate supervision of an experienced hunter. The accompanying hunter must have valid Washington State hunting licenses for each of the three preceding years. The deferral requires a \$20, non-refundable application fee and a photocopy of valid identification that includes the applicant's birth date.

## Additional Requirements - Upland Game

### **Ring-Necked Pheasant**

A Western Washington Pheasant License is required to hunt pheasant in western Washington. A Small Game License is not required.

When purchasing your license you must choose either a full season or a three day season option.

Western Washington pheasant hunters must choose to hunt on either oddnumbered or even-numbered weekend days from 8:00-10:00 a.m. at all units of Lake Terrell, Tennant Lake, Snoqualmie, Skagit, Skookumchuck, and Scatter Creek Wildlife Areas, and all areas on Whidbey Island and the Dungeness Recreation Area. You must indicate your choice when purchasing your Western Washington Pheasant License.

All hunters may hunt these sites between 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., regardless of their choice. Hunters who select the 3-day option, hunters 65 years of age or older, and youth hunters under 16 may hunt during either weekend day morning. Youth hunters must be accompanied by an adult at least 18 years old (if hunting, adults must have an appropriately marked pheasant permit).

For more information on the eastern and western Washington Pheasant Release program, see the WDFW website at: wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/upland\_birds

Note: Contact the Adventure Center at Fort Lewis (253) 967-6263 and the Environmental Affairs Office at the Whidbey Island Naval Air Station (360) 257-1009 prior to hunting at these locations.

### **Hunter Orange**

Anyone hunting upland birds (pheasant, quail, and partridge), rabbits, or hares with a modern firearm during any upland game bird season is required to wear hunter orange clothing. Those hunting forest grouse, rabbits, or hares during modern firearm deer or elk hunting seasons must also wear hunter orange clothing. A minimum of 400 square inches of fluorescent hunter orange exterior clothing, worn above the waist and visible from all sides, is required to comply with this regulation.

### **Bird Dog Training Season**

Aug. 1, 2011-Mar. 31, 2012

Dog training may be conducted yearround on posted portions of:

### Region One

Espanola (T 24 N, R 40 E, E 1/2 of Sec. 16)

### **Region Three**

South L.T. Murray Wildlife Area

### **Region Four**

Skagit Wildlife Area

Whatcom Wildlife Area - Lake Terrell

Snoqualmie Wildlife Area

### **Region Five**

Shillapoo Wildlife Area

### **Region Six**

Scatter Creek Wildlife Area

Fort Lewis Military Base

A valid small game license is required to train dogs on wild birds at any time, **except** only a Western Washington Pheasant License is required to train dogs on wild pheasants in western Washington. Training dogs on western Washington pheasant release sites is only open from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Only youth and seniors may train dogs during their respective seasons on designated western Washington pheasant release sites.

### **Forest Grouse**

Forest grouse may not be killed with any rifle or handgun 24 caliber or larger, or shotgun containing slugs or buckshot, during modern firearm deer or elk seasons unless appropriate deer or elk tags are in the hunter's possession.

Forest grouse may be taken with shotguns as well as firearms smaller than 24 caliber during the entire grouse hunting season.

### Falconry

A falconry license and a current small game hunting license are required for hunting with a raptor. In addition, a Western Washington Pheasant License is required to hunt pheasant in western Washington, and federal and state migratory bird stamps or authorizations are required to hunt migratory birds. If a raptor captures any species of wildlife (quarry) in a closed season, the falconer must release the quarry if it is not seriously injured. If the quarry is seriously injured or killed, the quarry must be left at the site, but the raptor may feed on the kill.

If the accidentally killed wildlife is a Washington State Candidate species (including jackrabbit), the falconer must immediately record on a WDFW form or facsimile: the falconer's name, falconry permit number, date, species and sex (if known) of the quarry, and the location of the kill (as accurately as possible).

Total accidental take of Candidate species cannot exceed 5/season; falconers must cease hunting for the day if a candidate species is taken.

All reports of accidental take must be submitted to the WDFW falconry permit coordinator by April 1 each year.

Released quarry are not considered "take." Take of species protected under federal or state endangered or threatened species laws is not permitted.

## Nontoxic Shot Requirements

## RCW 77.15.400: There is a mandatory \$1,000 fine <u>and</u> loss of small game hunting privileges for 2 years if you are convicted of violating the following requirements:

Nontoxic Shot Zones	NEW 2011-2012
It is unlawful to possess shot (either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than nontoxic shot <u>for any purpose</u> in the following areas:	Hunting Season
Wells Wildlife Area (Bridgeport Bar unit)	Nontoxic Shot Rules
Cowlitz Wildlife Area (all units)	It is now unlawful to possess shot
<ul> <li>Olympic Wildlife Area (Chinook and Chehalis units)</li> </ul>	(either in shotshells or as loose
<ul> <li>Shillapoo Wildlife Area (all units)</li> </ul>	shot for muzzleloading), other than
Sinlahekin Wildlife Area (Driscoll Island, Hegdahl, and Kline Parcel units)	nontoxic shot, when hunting for
Skagit Wildlife Area (all units)	upland game birds (pheasant, quail,
Snoqualmie Wildlife Area (all units)	chukar, and gray partridge), mourning
South Puget Sound Wildlife Area (Davis Creek Koopman unit)	dove, band-tailed pigeon, on areas where pheasants are released by
Sunnyside Wildlife Area (Headquarters, Byron, Windmill Ranch units)	WDFW, to include:
<ul> <li>Whatcom Wildlife Area (including Lake Terrell, Tennant Lake, and other units)</li> </ul>	
	Asotin Wildlife Area (Hartsock Unit)
It is unlawful to possess shot (either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than nontoxic shot when hunting for game birds or game animals in the following areas:	• Chelan Wildlife Area (Chelan Butte and Swakane units)
Chehalis River pheasant release site	Columbia Basin Wildlife Area
Dungeness Recreation Area	(Banks Lake, Gloyd Seeps, Lower
<ul> <li>Hunter Farms pheasant release site</li> <li>Raymond Airport pheasant release site</li> </ul>	Crab Creek, Quincy Lakes, Warden
All Whidbey Island pheasant release sites	units)
Many U.S. Fish and Wildlife refuges require the use of non-toxic shot (refer to specific refuge rules).	Sinlahekin Wildlife Area (Chiliwist Unit)
	Colockum Wildlife Area
Approved Nontoxic Shot Types	(Headquarters Unit)
	Wenas Wildlife Area (Wenas Unit)
It is unlawful to possess shot (either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than nontoxic	
shot when hunting for waterfowl, coot, or snipe.	Klickitat Wildlife Area (Hill Road
Approved Nontoxic Shot Type* - Percent Composition by Weight	Unit)
•bismuth-tin: 97 bismuth, 3 tin	Scatter Creek Wildlife Area
•iron (steel): iron and carbon	Sherman Creek Wildlife Area
•iron-tungsten: any proportion of tungsten, >=1 iron	
•iron-tungsten-nickel: >=1 iron, any proportion of tungsten, up to 40 nickel	Skookumchuck Wildlife Area
•tungsten-bronze: 51.1 tungsten, 44.4 copper, 3.9 tin, 0.6 iron; & 60 tungsten, 35.1 copper, 3.9 tin, 1 iron	• Steamboat Rock, Fishtrap, John
•tungsten-iron-copper-nickel: 40-76 tungsten, 10-37 iron, 9-16 copper, 5-7 nickel	Henley, Willow Bar, Rice Bar,
•tungsten-matrix: 95.9 tungsten, 4.1 polymer	Hartsock, Mill Creek, Wallula,
•tungsten-polymer: 95.5 tungsten, 4.5 Nylon 6 or 11	Peninsula, Hollebeke/Lost Island, Buckshot, Big Flat, and Ringold
•tungsten-tin-iron: any proportions of tungsten and tin, >=1 iron	Pheasant Release sites
•tungsten-tin-bismuth: any proportions of tungsten, tin, & bismuth	
<ul> <li>tungsten-tin-iron-nickel: 65 tungsten, 21.8 tin, 10.4 iron, 2.8 nickel</li> <li>tungsten-iron-polymer: 41.5-95.2 tungsten, 1.5-52.0 iron, and 3.5-8.0 flouropolymer</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fort Lewis, Belfair, Woodland, and Lincoln Creek Pheasant Release</li> </ul>
• LUTESLET-ITOT-DOTATIET, 41.3-33.2 LUTESLET, 1.3-32.0 ITOT, 4TO 3.3-8.0 HOUTODOVMEP	LINCOIN Creek Pheasant Release

- Lead shot can kill wildlife that ingests it.
- It only takes a few lead pellets to be toxic to wildlife.
- Lead shot has resulted in extensive swan mortality in northwestern Washington.
- Target shooting can be a significant source of lead shot in the environment.
- Consider switching to nontoxic shot for all shotgun ammunition.

SHOOT CLEAN

GET THE LEAD OUT

Due to copyright restrictions, Tom Roster's Nontoxic Shot Lethality Table for taking waterfowl, pheasants and other birds is only available in the printed regulations (page 23).

## Summary of State Regulations

### FIREARM REGULATIONS

### IT IS UNLAWFUL TO HUNT:

- Game birds with a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells.
- Game birds or game animals in a manner other than with a firearm, a bow and arrow, or by falconry. Bullfrogs in a manner other than by angling, hand dip netting, gigging, or bow and arrow.
- Game birds or game animals with a shotgun larger than 10 gauge.
- Turkeys with shot larger than #4 (e.g. #2).
- Wildlife with a crossbow, except for firearm restriction areas. However, disabled hunter permittees in possession of a crossbow special use permit may hunt with a crossbow in any season that allows archery equipment.
- Game birds with a rifle or pistol, except forest grouse (see page 21 for restrictions).
- Wildlife with a fully automatic firearm.

### HUNTING RESTRICTIONS

#### IT IS UNLAWFUL TO:

- Place waterfowl decoys prior to 4:00 a.m.; allow or permit waterfowl decoys to be unattended or not in your immediate control for a period greater than one hour; or fail to remove waterfowl decoys within two hours after the close of established daily hunting hours on days open to waterfowl hunting on department owned or controlled lands, waters, or access areas.
- Place waterfowl decoys on lands or waters controlled by WDFW except as authorized by permit of the director, on days closed to waterfowl hunting on department owned or controlled lands, waters, or access areas.
- Hunt waterfowl or wild turkeys using live birds as decoys.
- Hunt waterfowl, turkey, or deer with the use or aid of battery-powered or other electronic devices as decoys.
- Hunt waterfowl, turkey, or deer with the use or aid of electronic calls.
- Hunt game birds over bait or baited areas, or areas posted as upland bird feeding sites.
- Destroy or possess the nests or eggs of game birds or protected wildlife.
- Allow game animals or game birds you have taken to recklessly be wasted.
- Hunt wildlife from a vehicle (except authorized disabled hunters) or from a boat propelled by a motor, unless the boats motor is shut off and progress due to the motor has stopped.
- Use a vehicle (including ATVs), aircraft, or boat to pursue, concentrate or harass wild animals or wild birds.
- Possess wildlife taken by another person unless you have in possession a written statement showing name, address, license
- 24 and/or tag number, date, county and area it

was taken in, and the signature of the hunter who killed it.

- Possess in the field or transport game birds unless a feathered head is left attached to each carcass, except falconry-caught birds.
- Avoid or fail to stop and report at a WDFW established check station, and produce hunting equipment, wildlife in your possession, and licenses, permits, tags, or stamps required.

### **PROPERTY LAWS**

Hunters are welcome on most state-owned lands, although some lands leased to private owners may be posted closed to protect livestock, equipment, or crops. Courtesy shown while hunting and respect for property rights will prevent the closing of more of these lands to hunting.

#### IT IS UNLAWFUL TO:

- Remove, possess, or damage printed material or signs placed by authority of the Fish and Wildlife Commission.
- Place or leave litter on any land, either public or private, which is not your own.
- Post signs against trespass or otherwise prevent hunting on lands not owned or leased by that person.
- Operate a motor vehicle on lands owned, controlled, or managed by the WDFW, except as authorized. (Off-road travel on Department lands is usually prohibited.)
- Take a wild animal from another person's trap without permission or to damage or destroy a trap, except a trap may be removed by the property owner.
- Hunt or trap on state park lands.

### SAFETY VIOLATIONS

### IT IS UNLAWFUL TO:

- Carry, transport, convey, possess, or control in or on any motor vehicle, a rifle or shotgun containing shells or cartridges in either the chamber or magazine, or a muzzleloading firearm that is loaded and capped or primed.
- Negligently shoot a firearm from, across, or along the maintained part of any public highway.
- Hunt while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- Shoot at wild animals or wild birds while they are on any utility line, pole, its crossarm, or insulator.
- Hunt upland birds with a modern firearm unless you are wearing hunter orange.

### LICENSE AND TAG VIOLATIONS IT IS UNLAWFUL TO:

• Buy, possess, or attempt to obtain any license, tag, or permit by using false information, or to buy, possess or attempt to obtain a license, tag, or permit when such license privilege has been revoked.

- Purchase or possess more than one of each license, tag, permit, or stamp during the same year, unless it is a legally obtained duplicate or authorized by the Fish and Wildlife Commission.
- Transfer, loan to, or borrow from another person any license, tag, permit, or stamp.
- Refuse to show a license, tag, or permit, or to refuse to display wildlife taken when asked to do so by a fish and wildlife officer or other law officer.
- Purchase a hunting license for the first time if you were born after Jan. 1, 1972, unless you have successfully completed Hunter Education training. A Washington hunting license from the preceding year is considered legal proof of successful completion if a previous year license has the hunter ed certificate number or previous year license number entered.

### IMPORT AND RETENTION OF DEAD WILDLIFE

It is unlawful to possess or import into Washington wildlife taken in another state or country, unless the wildlife was acquired lawfully. Proof of legal acquisition must be retained during the period of retention of the edible parts.

## AGE REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS

Anyone, regardless of age, must have in their possession a valid hunting license and any required tags, permits, or stamps to hunt wildlife.

### **MOUNT ST. HELENS**

Game Management Unit 522 (Loo-wit) is designated as a "CLOSED AREA" to the hunting of all wild animals and wild birds except by special permit. In addition, U.S. Forest Service maintains a firearm restriction on portions of the Mt. St. Helens National Monument. For more complete information on regulations affecting wildlife, hunting and firearm safety, see the Big Game Hunting Seasons and Regulations pamphlet, available from license dealers throughout the state and online at wdfw.wa.gov.

### EASTERN & WESTERN WASHINGTON DEFINED

EASTERN Washington includes all areas lying east of the Pacific Crest Trail and east of the Big White Salmon River in Klickitat and Skamania Counties, while WESTERN Washington refers to all areas west of the Pacific Crest Trail and west of (and including) the Big White Salmon River in Klickitat and Skamania Counties.

## **Special Closures and Area Restrictions**

#### WAC 232-16-740 Columbia, Snake, and Yakima River Waterfowl, Coot, and Snipe Closures.

Section 1. Waters and land below the mean high water mark of Bachelor Island Slough of the Columbia River in Clark County. Bachelor Island Slough is further defined as those waters starting at the south end of the slough at its confluence with the Columbia River, running north along the eastern shore of Bachelor Island to the confluence with Lake River.

Section 2. Klickitat County-the Columbia River and those lands lying within onequarter mile of the Columbia River upstream from the railroad bridge at Wish-ram to the grain elevator at Roosevelt.

Section 3. The Columbia River and its islands between the mouth of Glade Creek (river channel marker 57) and the old town site of Paterson (river channel marker 67), except the hunting of waterfowl, coot and snipe is permitted from the main shoreline of the Columbia River in this area.

Section 4. The Columbia River and those lands lying within one-quarter mile of the Columbia River between the old Hanford townsite (Wooden Tower) powerline crossing in Section 24, T13N, R27E, to Vernita Bridge (Highway 24).

Section 5. The Columbia River between the public boat launch at Sunland Estates (Wanapum Pool) and a point perpendicular in Kittitas County; upstream to the posted marker 200 yards north of Quilomene Bay and a point perpendicular in Grant County, including islands. Section 6. The Snake River and those lands within one-quarter mile of the Snake River, between the U.S. Highway 12 bridge near Burbank, upstream to a line running between shoreline navigation marker 4 at Levy Park Recreation Area and the Corps of Engineers windmill at Charbonneau Habitat Management Unit.

Section 7. The Yakima River and those lands lying within one-fourth mile of the Yakima River from the Sunnyside-Mabton Road bridge downstream to the Euclid Road bridge (4 miles).

Section 8. The Yakima River and those lands lying within one-fourth mile of the Yakima River from the Grant Avenue bridge (steel bridge) north of Prosser downstream 2-1/2 miles, to the powerline.

WAC 232-16-750 Belfair, Hood Canal Hunting Area Restriction. It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl, coot, or snipe in Lynch Cove and the Union River except in designated blinds. The western and southern boundaries of this closure are posted with red steel markers. (This includes all of the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife and Thelar Wetlands lands.)

WAC 232-16-760 Northern Puget Sound Hunting Method Restriction. It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl, coot, or snipe from a moving boat or any free-floating device that is not in a fixed position which is either anchored or secured to shore in Port Susan Bay, Skagit Bay, Padilla Bay, and Samish Bay. WAC 232-16-770 Shotgun Shell Restriction Areas. It is unlawful to have in possession more than 15 shotgun shells or to fire (shoot) more than 15 shells in one day on the following areas:

Section 1. The farmed island segment of the Skagit Wildlife Area, between the south fork of the Skagit River and Fresh Water Slough in Skagit County. Section 2. The Spencer Island Unit of the Snoqualmie Wildlife Area in Snohomish County. Section 3. The Welts (West 90) Unit of the Skagit Wildlife Area in Skagit County.

STATE REGULATIONS

**Goose Closure.** It shall be unlawful to hunt Canada geese from November 1 through March 31 within the following boundary in Snohomish County: Beginning at the intersection of SR 532 and Marine Drive in Stanwood; then south along Marine Drive to Warm

WAC 232-16-810 Port Susan Bay Canada

Beach Road; then west along Warm Beach Road to Port Susan Bay; then west to the Island/ Snohomish County line; then north along the Island/ Snohomish County line to SR 532; then east along SR 532 to the point of beginning. Hunting of coot, snipe, and waterfowl other than Canada geese is allowed in this area. **Voice of America Dungeness Recreation** 

Area County Park closed to all hunting except Wednesdays, weekends, and holidays, from the first full weekend in October to the close of pheasant and waterfowl seasons.

## Partial Listing of Current Game Reserves

Game Reserves are closed areas where hunting for all wild animals and wild birds is prohibited.

WAC 232-16-050 Byron Game Reserve. That part of the Byron Ponds segment of the Sunnyside Wildlife Area (department of fish & wildlife lands) east of the Mabton Pressure Pipeline, legally described as the W. 1/2 of Section 12 that is north of Highway No. 22, except for the NE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of the SW 1/4; the NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Section 12; that part of Section 11 east of the Mabton pressure pipeline and north of Highway No. 22; and that part of Section 2 that is east of said pipeline; all of the above sections being in Twp. 8N., R.23E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-140 Banks Lake Game Reserve. In Township 25N, Range 28E, those parts of Sections 9, 10, and 11 and the north ° of sections 14, 15, and 16, lying between State Highway 155 and the west wall of Grand Coulee.

WAC 232-16-200 Grimes Lake Game Reserve. Grimes Lake and all lands within one quarter mile of Grimes Lake.

WAC 232-16-295 Rock Lake Game Reserve. Whitman County: It shall be unlawful to hunt, take or pursue migratory waterfowl, coot and jacksnipe on or within 1/4 mile of Rock Lake, Whitman County, except on the lower one mile and the upper one half mile, which shall be open to such hunting.

WAC 232-16-340 Skagit Delta Game Reserve. Beginning at a point on the west bank of Albert Slough at the confluence of said slough and Boom Slough; thence southwesterly along the west bank of Boom Slough to the confluence of said slough and Boom-Crooked Cutoff Slough; thence westerly along the north bank of Boom-Crooked Cutoff Slough to the confluence of said slough and Crooked Slough; thence southwesterly along the north bank of Crooked Slough to the confluence of said slough and Deepwater Slough and east Branch Freshwater-Deepwater Cutoff Slough; thence northwesterly along the north bank of east Branch Freshwater-Deepwater Cutoff Slough to the confluence of said slough and the east Branch Freshwater Slough; thence northerly along the east bank of east Branch Freshwater Slough to the confluence of said slough and Gilbert Hansen Slough; thence northeasterly along the south bank of Gilbert Hansen Slough to the confluence of said slough and Deepwater Slough; thence northeasterly along the south bank of Deepwater Slough to the confluence of said slough and Albert Slough; thence southeasterly along the west bank of Albert Slough to the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-380 Sprague Lake Game Reserve. Beginning at the point where the easterly right of way line of Interstate Highway No. 90 crosses the Lincoln-Adams County line; [then] southwesterly along the easterly right of way line of the freeway to the easterly boundary of Section 11 (T2ON, R37E); thence southerly along the section line to Cow Creek; thence southerly along Cow Creek to Danekas Road; thence easterly and northerly along [Danekas Road] to the point where it crosses the Adams-Lincoln County line; thence westerly along said county line across Sprague Lake to the easterly right of way line of the freeway and point of beginning.

#### WAC 232-16-400 Stratford Game Reserve.

Stratford Game Reserve shall include the following described lands in Grant County: In Twp. 22N, R 28 EWM; Sec. 1 north of the Great Northern Railroad right of way; Sec. 2 north of the Great Northern Railroad right of way and State Highway No. 28; and that part of Section 3 lying north of the main canal and east of a line running north and south located 100 yards west of the Washington water power transmission line[;] In Twp. 23N, R. 28 EWM; all of Sections 11, 13, 14[,] 24, and 25[;] the south half of Sections 12, 10 and 9 except the north 300 feet of the S.1/2 of 9 and 10; Section 35 except that part east of north-south lying gravel road and south of cultivated lands; Sec. 36 except the east 500 feet; and those parts of Section 15, lying east of a line running north and south located 100 yards west of the Washington water power transmission line and also those portions of the north half of Sections 15 and 16 lying north of the cultivated lands; and in addition the north 500 feet of the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 19, Twp. 23N, R. 29 EWM.

WAC 232-16-420 Lake Terrell Game Reserve. All of Lake Terrell in Sections 15 and 16, Twp. 39 north, Range 1 east except that portion of the lake within 350 feet of the south line of said sections and, in addition, those uplands owned by the fish and wildlife department in the W1/2 of the SW1/4 of said Section 15, and in the SE 1/4 of NE 1/4; the NW1/4 of NE1/4; the E1/2 of E1/2 of NE1/4 NE1/4; and the E1/2 of the SW1/4 SW1/4 except the south 350 feet in Section 16, Twp. 39 north, Range 1 east.

WAC 232-16-440 (1) Toppenish Creek Game Reserve, (Cort Meyer.) Commencing at the NE corner of the SE1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 26, Township 10, Range 20E.W.M.; thence west one and three quarters mile to the NW corner of the SE1/4 of the NE1/4 of Section 28, Township 10, Range 20; thence south one quarter mile; thence east one quarter mile; thence south three quarters mile to the SW corner of the NW1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 34; thence east three quarters mile; thence south one quarter mile; thence east three quarters mile to center of Section 35; thence north one and one quarter miles to place of beginning. All in Township 10 north, Range 20E.W.M. (2) Toppenish Creek Game Reserve No. 2, (Upper Toppenish Creek) Yakima County. All of Section 21; the west half of the northwest quarter of Section 22; the southeast quarter of southwest quarter of Section 22; the south half of the northeast quarter of southwest quarter of Section 22; the north half of north half of Section 28; north half of northwest quarter of Section 27; north half of the southeast quarter of northwest quarter of Section 27; all being in Township 10 north, Range 18E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-450 Walla Walla River Game

**Reserve.** A tract of land and water lying within sections 23, 24, 25, and 26 of Township 7, Range 31 E.W.M. in Walla Walla County, Washington, being more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point where the Bonneville Power Administration power line between John Day and Lower Monumental Dams crosses the center of the main channel of the Walla Walla River, thence westerly along said center of the main channel to the easterly line of the right of way of US #12-395 Highway, thence northerly along said east line of said right of way to the southerly line of the right of way of the Union Pacific Railroad-Burlington Northern Railway joint Pendleton-Walla Walla track, thence easterly along said south line of said right of way to the center line of said Bonneville Power Administration power line, thence southerly along said center line to the center of the main channel of the Walla Walla River and the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-540 Yakima River Game Reserve. Beginning in Prosser at the intersection of Tenth Street and Grant Avenue; then west to the Yakima River and Prosser Dam; then west across Prosser Dam and the Yakima River to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Maintenance Road; then north to Old Inland Empire Highway; then northeasterly on Old Inland Empire Highway to Interstate I-82; then east on the south side of I-82 to the Chandler Canal; then east along the north side of the Chandler Canal to the powerline going across the Yakima River (approximately .4 Miles east of Bunn Road); then south along the powerlines and across the Yakima River to Wine Country Road; then west on Wine Country Road to Tenth Street and the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-560 Badger Island Game Reserve. That portion of area on or within one quarter mile of Badger Island lying in Sections 4 and 9, Township 7 north, Range 31E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-570 Foundation Island Game Reserve. That portion of area on or within one quarter mile of Foundation Island lying in Section 24, Township 8 north, Range 30E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-590 Carnation Farms Game Reserve. Twp. 25N., Rge. 7E.W.M.; that part of Section 5 lying west of the Snoqualmie River;

## Partial Listing of Current Game Reserves

the northeast quarter and that portion of the southeast quarter of Section 6 that lies north and east of the Carnation Farm Road; the north half and the north half of the south half of Section 8; and those portions of government lots 1, 2, and 4 of Section 9 that lie south and west of the Snoqualmie River. Twp. 26N., Rge. 7E.W.M.; those lands lying south of the Snoqualmie River in the east half of Section 31 and the southeast quarter of Section 32.

#### WAC 232-16-600 North Potholes Game

Reserve. Those lands in Grant County within the following described boundary: In T19N, R27E WM; the N.E. 1/4 of Section 32, and the N.E. 1/4 S.E. 1/4 of Section 32, all of Section 33, except the S.W. 1/4 S.W. 1/4, and all of Section 34. In T18N, R27E WM, all of Section 4, except the N.W. 1/4 N.E. 1/4; all of Section 3; that part of Section 10 north of the Job Corps Dike Rd; that part of Section 9 east of the fenceline, beginning at the N.W. corner of Section 9, and then following said fenceline southeasterly to the fence on the northern section line of Section 16 near Job Corps Dike Road; those portions of sections 15 and 16 north of the above mentioned fence to the west end of the Job Corps Dike; and that part of Section 15 north of the Job Corps Dike Road. All areas of North Potholes Game Reserve located in sections 9, 10, and 15 are closed to all public access from March 15 through May 30 and for October 1 through February 1.

#### WAC 232-16-610 Snipes Game Reserve.

WDFW lands within the following boundary of the Sunnyside Wildlife Area: that portion of T9N, R22E, Section 21 lying north and east of the Yakima River; the SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and the NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of T9N, R22E, Section 22; and that portion of the SW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of T9N, R22E, Section 22 lying north and east of the Yakima River.

### WAC 232-16-620 Lake Tennant Game

**Reserve.** That portion of Tennant Lake in T 39N, R 2E, Section 29, and that portion north of an east to west line which lies 800 feet south of and parallel to the north line of Section 32 in the N1/2 NE1/4 in T 39N, R 2E.

WAC 232-16-640 Winchester Wasteway Game Reserve. T18N, R25E, Section 12, T18N, R26E and south 1/2 Section 7. 960 acres.

WAC 232-16-660 Frenchmen Hills Wasteway Game Reserve. T17N, R27E, the north 1/2 and the north 1/2 of south 1/2 of Section 17. 480 acres.

WAC 232-16-700 Swinomish Spit Game Reserve. It shall be unlawful to hunt wild animals and wild birds within the following described boundary November 15 through March 31, and it shall be unlawful to hunt brant at any time within the following described boundary: Beginning at the Burlington Northern railroad tracks on the west shoreline of the Swinomish Channel; thence in a northwesterly direction along the west side of the Swinomish Channel to the reserve boundary sign on the northernmost sand island (48.474801N, 122.530770W [all coordinates NAD83/WGS84]); thence 10,500 feet ENE (east-northeast) to the reserve boundary sign (48.480630N, 122.488388W); thence 1,800 feet SW (southwest)to the reserve boundary sign (48.476983N, 122.493716W); thence 7,000 feet SSW (southsouthwest) to the reserve boundary sign on the dike at the south end of Padilla Bay (48.459498N, 122.504967W); thence continue westerly along said dike to the intersection of the Burlington Northern railroad tracks and the east shoreline of the Swinomish Channel; thence continue along said railroad tracks (across swing bridge) to the west shoreline of the Swinomish Channel and the point of beginning.

#### WAC 232-16-720 Duck Lake (Cormana Lake) Game Reserve. Section 19, T23N, R35E.

WAC 232-16-730 Coffeepot Lake Game Reserve. In Lincoln County, all portions of Coffeepot Lake and those lands within one quarter mile of Coffepot Lake, within the following boundary: T. 23 N., R. 34 E., Section 8, S 1/2; Section 18, north of the centerline of Coffeepot Lake and Lake Creek; and Section 9, NW 1/4; except those portions described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 9; N 85<sup>0</sup>29' E a distance of 1,979.01 feet to the true point of beginning, being the northwest property corner; thence S 14<sup>0</sup>50' W a distance of 462.39 feet; thence S 05<sup>0</sup>45' E a distance of 240.35 feet; thence S 64<sup>0</sup>31' E a distance of 129.31 feet; thence N 72<sup>0</sup>39' E a distance of 234.96; thence N 87<sup>0</sup>16' E a distance of 375.86 feet; thence N 32<sup>0</sup>03' E a distance of 83.27 feet; thence N 63<sup>0</sup>45' E a distance of 99.49 feet: thence N 33<sup>0</sup>31' E a distance of 131.75 feet; thence N 15<sup>0</sup>38' E a distance of 340.15 feet; thence N 83<sup>0</sup>41' W a distance of 925.64 feet, returning to the northwest property corner which is the true point of beginning. Also, that portion of Lincoln County described in instrument dated January 29, 1980, recorded February 1, 1980, under Auditor's file No. 354421.

#### WAC 232-16-780 Fir Island Farm Game

**Reserve.** In Skagit County beginning at the intersection of Fir Island Road and the west bank of Brown's Slough (inside base of dike); then east along Fir Island Road (96 feet) to the Brown's Slough dike; then southerly and easterly along the Brown's Slough dike to the

Fir Island Farm access road; then north along the Fir Island Farm access road to Fir Island Road; then east along Fir Island Road to the northeast corner of Section 22 (T33N, R3E); then south along the east line of Section 22 (T33N, R3E) to Dry Slough; then westerly and south along the west bank of Dry Slough to the intersection with Dike District #22 dike; then westerly along the south side (Skagit Bay side) of the Dike District #22 dike to the intersection of the Dike District #22 dike and the south line of Government Lot #5 (Section 22, T33N, R3E), then west approximately 1900 feet to the west bank of Brown's Slough (inside base of dike), then north along the west bank of Brown's Slough to the intersection with the Fir Island Road and the point of beginning.

#### WAC 232-16-790 Hayton Game Reserve.

Beginning at the intersection of the west bank of Dry Slough and the Dike District #22 Skagit Bay dike, then east approximately 1330 feet along the south side of the District #22 dike to the intersection of the District #22 dike and the west bank of McDonald's Slough, then north along the west bank of McDonald's Slough to the point where the adjacent farmed field boundary extends west, then west along the north edge of the farmed field boundary to the point where the farmed field boundary intersects Dry Slough, then across Dry Slough to the west bank of Dry Slough, then south along the west bank of Dry Slough to the point of beginning.

#### WAC 232-16-800 Johnson/Debay's Slough Game Reserve. In Skagit County, beginning at

the intersection of Francis Road and Debay's Isle Road; then south and west along Francis Road (3090 feet) to white corner marker; then north (1265 feet) to the middle of Debay's Slough (white corner marker); then westerly (2087 feet) along the channel of Debay's Slough to the western tip of the farmed portion of Debay's Island; then northerly (1485 feet) to the south bank of the Skagit River (white corner marker); then easterly (3750 feet) along the south bank of the Skagit River to fence line (white corner marker); then south along fence line (855 feet) to corner post; then east along fence line (435 feet) to fence intersection; then south (300 feet) along fence line to existing tree line (white corner marker); then continue south (835 feet) to south shoreline of Debay's Slough (white corner marker); then easterly and southerly along the west shoreline of Debay's Slough (1770 feet) to the south side of Debay's Isle Road (white corner marker); then east along the south side of Debay's Isle Road to the intersection of Francis Road and the point of beginning ..

## Baiting of Waterfowl: Federal Regulations

The following information summarizes federal waterfowl baiting regulations. Additional information about baiting is described in the Summary of Federal Regulations below, at <u>www.fws.gov/le/</u> <u>HuntFish/waterfowl\_baiting.htm</u>, or by calling (503) 521-5300.

#### What is baiting?

Baiting is the direct or indirect placing, exposing, depositing, distributing, or scattering of salt, grain, or other feed that could lure or attract waterfowl to, on, or over any areas where hunters are attempting to take them. A baited area is any area on which salt, grain, or other feed has been placed, exposed, deposited, distributed, or scattered, if that salt, grain, or feed could serve as a lure or attraction for waterfowl.

#### How long is an area baited?

A baited area remains off limits to hunting for 10 days after all salt, grain, or other feed has been completely removed.

#### How close to bait can you hunt without breaking the law?

There is no set distance. The law prohibits hunting if bait is present that could lure or attract birds to, on, or over areas where hunters are attempting to take them. Distance will vary depending on the circumstances and such factors as topography, weather, and waterfowl flight patterns. Therefore, this question can only be answered on a case-by-case basis.

#### What is Illegal?

Examples of areas where you cannot hunt waterfowl include:

- Unharvested crops that have been trampled by livestock or subjected to manipulations that distribute, scatter, or expose grain (see exceptions in Federal regulations below).
- Areas where grain or seed has been top-sown and the Cooperative Extension Service does not recommend the practice of top sowing, including freshly planted wildlife food plots that contain exposed grain.
- Croplands where a crop has been harvested and the removed grain is redistributed or "added back" onto the area where grown.
- Areas where grain is present and stored, such as grain elevators, grain bins, and livestock feeding areas. Hunters are cautioned that hunting within the vicinity (zone of influence) of a grain elevator or other places where grain is stored or fed to livestock may subject them to federal prosecution for hunting with the aid of bait. For example, the grain elevators near the mouth of the Walla Walla River, mouth of the Snake River, Clarkston, Lyons Ferry and Kalama, to name a few, have received heavy hunting pressure in past years. These areas are considered baited areas because they have exposed grain not related to a normal agricultural planting, harvest or post-

harvest manipulation and are highly attractive to migratory waterfowl.

These examples do not represent an all-inclusive list of waterfowl baiting violations.

#### The Hunter's Responsibility:

As a waterfowl hunter, you are responsible for determining whether your hunting area is baited.

#### Before hunting, you should:

- Familiarize yourself with Federal and State waterfowl hunting regulations.
- Ask the landowner, your host or guide, and your hunting partners if the area has been baited and inspect the area for the presence of bait.
- Look for grain or other feed in the water, along the shore, and on the field.
   Pay particular attention to the presence of spilled grain on harvested fields and seeds planted by means of top sowing.
- Confirm that scattered seeds or grains on agricultural lands are present solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, normal agricultural harvesting, normal agricultural postharvest manipulation, or normal soil stabilization practice by consulting the Cooperative Extension Service.
- Abandon the hunting site if you find grain or feed in an area and are uncertain about why it is there.

## Summary of Federal Regulations

Below is a summary of the most commonly violated federal regulations. Federal regulations related to migratory bird hunting are located in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20.

For a complete list of federal regulations pertaining to migratory bird hunting, prior to going afield hunters should visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service website at <u>www.fws.</u> <u>gov/hunting</u>.

No persons shall take migratory game birds:

- a) With a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fish hook, poison, drug, explosive, or stupefying substance.
- b) With a shotgun of any description capable of holding more than three shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler, incapable of removal without disassembling the gun, so its total capacity does not exceed three shells.
- c) From or by means, aid, or use of a sinkbox or any other type of low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water.
- d) From or by means, aid, or use of any motor vehicle, motor-driven land conveyance, or aircraft of any kind, except that paraplegics and persons missing one or both legs may take from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance.

## Summary of Federal Regulations

- e) From or by means of any motorboat or other craft having a motor attached, or any sailboat, unless the motor has been completely shut off and/or the sails furled, and its progress therefrom has ceased: Provided, that a craft under power may be used to retrieve dead or crippled birds; however, crippled birds may not be shot from such craft under power.
- f) By the use or aid of live birds as decoys; although not limited to, it shall be a violation of this paragraph for any person to take migratory waterfowl on an area where tame or captive live ducks or geese are present unless such birds are and have been for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to such taking, confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such birds from the sight of wild migratory waterfowl.
- g) By the use or aid of recorded or electrically amplified bird calls or sounds, or recorded or electrically amplified imitations of bird calls or sounds.
- h) By means or aid of any motor driven land, water, or air conveyance, or any sailboat used for the purpose of or resulting in the concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up of any migratory bird.
- By the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited.

However, nothing in this paragraph prohibits:

- The taking of any migratory game bird, including waterfowl, coots, and cranes, on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas:
  - Standing crops or flooded standing crops (including aquatics); standing, flooded, or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting,

post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice.

- From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation.
- From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of grain or other feed.
- Standing or flooded standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely as a result of a hunter entering or exiting a hunting area, placing decoys, or retrieving downed birds.
- 2) The taking of any migratory game bird, except waterfowl, coots and cranes, on or over lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas, and where grain or other feed has been distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, or solely as the result of a normal agricultural operation.

#### Wanton waste of migratory game birds:

No person shall kill or cripple any migratory game bird without making a reasonable effort to retrieve the bird, and retain it in his actual custody, at the place where taken or between that place and either:

- a) His automobile or principal means of land transportation; or
- b) His personal abode or temporary or transient place of lodging; or
- c) A migratory bird preservation facility; or
- d) A post office; or
- e) A common carrier facility.

#### Field possession limit:

No person shall possess, have in custody, or transport more than the daily bag limit or aggregate daily bag limit, whichever applies, of migratory game birds, tagged or not tagged, at or between the place where taken and either:

a) His automobile or principal means of land transportation; or

- b) His personal abode or temporary or transient place of lodging; or
- c) A migratory bird preservation facility; or
- d) A post office; or
- e) A common carrier facility.

#### **Tagging requirement:**

No person shall put or leave any migratory game birds at any place (other than at his personal abode), or in the custody of another person for picking, cleaning, processing, shipping, transportation, or storage (including temporary storage), or for the purpose of having taxidermy services performed, unless such birds have a tag attached, signed by the hunter, stating his address, the total number and species of birds, and the date such birds were killed.

Migratory game birds being transported in any vehicle as the personal baggage of the possessor shall not be considered as being in storage or temporary storage.

#### Custody of birds of another:

No person shall receive or have in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are tagged as required above.

#### Transportation of birds for another:

No person shall transport migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are tagged as required above.

#### Species identification requirement:

No person shall transport within the United States any migratory game birds, except doves and band-tailed pigeons (Columba fasciata), unless the head or one fully feathered wing remains attached to each such bird at all times while being transported from the place where taken until they have arrived at the personal abode of the possessor or a migratory bird preservation facility.

#### Marking package or container:

No person shall transport by the Postal Service or a common carrier migratory game birds unless the package or container in which such birds are transported has the name and address of the shipper and the consignee and an accurate statement of the numbers of each species of birds therein contained clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof.

## Hunting Area Information

Information on lands open to public hunting, including WDFW Wildlife Areas, is available from WDFW offices for the geographical areas shown (see page 13 for WDFW offices). Several National Wildlife Refuges operate regulated hunting programs (page 32), and thousands of acres of other federal and state lands are open to public hunting. WDFW Wildlife Areas are shown online at: wdfw.wa.gov/lands/wildlife\_areas.

### Vehicle Access Pass

WDFW manages nearly one million acres of prime wildlife habitat and nearly 700 lake, river and salt water access sites across the state for your use and enjoyment. A Vehicle Access Pass from WDFW or a Discover Pass (see page 13) is required to park vehicles at all posted WDFW wildlife areas and water access sites. Find more information online at <u>wdfw.wa.gov/lands/</u> <u>wildlife areas</u> or call a Fish and Wildlife office.

### **Hunters with Disabilities**

The Department has been associated with many volunteer groups and organizations over the years to promote and expand the opportunity for hunters with disabilities to hunt waterfowl and upland birds. Since 1990, there have been accessible waterfowl blinds installed in various locations around the state for hunting or wildlife viewing.

The Fish and Wildlife Commission appointed seven persons with disabilities representing the Department's six regions and one at large to an Advisory Committee that keeps the Commission up-to-date on disability related issues. The Department also has an internal ADA Committee, Chaired by the ADA Program Manager. This committee consists of staff from each WDFW Region and Program along with representation from the Recreation & Conservation Office and the Department of Natural Resources. The two committees work together on accessibility related issues. They handle accessibility complaints and accept suggestions regarding Department lands, facilities, and programs. These two groups represent different perspectives with a common goal of making the department services, activities, and programs accessible and usable for all constituents.

Hunters with a disability should consult WAC 232-12-828 to see if they qualify for a Disabled Hunter Permit. Not every type of disability or limitation qualifies; however qualifying



persons may receive certain types of assistance and access to certain programs and hunting opportunities.

If you have an old blue or green map brochure about accessible blinds, they are outdated. To obtain the most current information, check out: wdfw.wa.gov/accessibility/blinds.htm.

New blinds and their locations change each year depending on success and other factors so check the web site for changes. Remember, conditions in the outdoors rapidly change, so these sites may not be as accessible and usable as when they were installed. To volunteer to help maintain one of these blinds or for more details contact the ADA Program Manager at (360) 902-2349.

### **Regulated Access Programs for Waterfowl Hunting**

Several opportunities exist to experience waterfowl hunting through WDFW's Regulated Access Programs that focus on improving hunting conditions and minimizing disturbance to waterfowl. These areas are designed to provide low density hunter access and are closed to commercial guiding uses.

**Bailie Memorial Youth Ranch** is located in Franklin County north of Basin City. Hunting is allowed Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday, and state holidays during the youth hunt and regular hunting seasons. Hunters must park and register in designated parking lots located at either Bailie Lake or Hendricks Road. Parking is limited to 5 vehicles per lot. Additional restrictions are posted at the parking lots. Contact WDFW's Region 3 Office for more information.

Frenchman Ponds is located on the Desert Wildlife Area southwest of Moses Lake at T17, R27E, sections 8 and 9. Access is allowed on Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday, and Management Area 4 goose hunting days during the youth hunt and regular waterfowl season. All visitors using the area must register and park in the designated parking lot. Parking is limited to 7 vehicles. Vehicles are not allowed into the parking lot before 4:00 a.m. Additional restrictions are posted at the parking lot. Contact WDFW's Region 2 Office for more information.

**Mesa Lake** is located in Franklin County west of Mesa, WA. Access is allowed year-round, seven days per week. All visitors using the area must park in designated lots off of either Langford or Sheffield Roads. All hunters must register to hunt. Additional restrictions are posted at the parking lots. Contact WDFW's Region 3 office for more information.

**North Puget Sound** has a new program to provide waterfowl hunting access (including over 40 blinds) on private lands. For more information see <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/wqhp</u> or contact WDFW's Region 4 office.

Winchester Ponds is located on the Desert Wildlife Area west of Moses Lake at T18N, R25E section 13 and T18N, R26E, section 18. Access is allowed on Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday, and Management Area 4 goose hunting days during the youth hunt and regular waterfowl season. All visitors using the area must register and park in the designated parking lot located on the northwestern boundary of the property. Parking is limited to 5 vehicles. Vehicles are not allowed in the parking lot before 4:00 a.m. Additional restrictions are posted at the parking lot. Contact WDFW's Region 2 Office for more information.

Windmill Ranch is located in Franklin County northeast of Basin City. Access is allowed yearround seven days a week. All visitors using the area must park in designated parking lots on either Marion or Colonial Roads. Parking is limited to five vehicles per lot during October 1 to January 30. All hunters must register to hunt. Additional restrictions are posted at the parking lots. Contact WDFW's Region 3 Office for more information.

## Hunting Area Information

### **Youth-Mentor Hunts**

The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife is joining forces with Pheasants Forever, Washington Waterfowl Association, and other hunting organizations to offer Youth - Mentor Hunts. Often times it is difficult for kids to get into hunting because their parents or relatives don't hunt. This is an opportunity for any kids that are interested to have an adult take them out and teach them how it's done. The hunt takes place during the special youth season on September 24 and 25.

To participate, hunters must be under 16 years old. Interested young hunters or their parents should contact WDFW's Wildlife Program in Olympia at (360) 902-2515. Young hunters will be matched with available mentors depending on which area of the state they would like to hunt. WDFW would like to thank the following organizations for helping with this event and providing mentors:

#### **Pheasants Forever**

Skagit Valley Chapter South Puget Sound Chapter Southwest Chapter Yakima Valley Chapter

#### Washington Waterfowl Association

Grays Harbor Chapter Lower Columbia Chapter Moses Lake Chapter Northwest Chapter Peninsula Chapter Seattle Chapter Southwest Chapter Spokane Chapter Whatcom Chapter Yakima Valley Chapter

#### Vancouver Wildlife League

**U.S. Army (**Fort Lewis) Adventure Center 253-967-6263

Whidbey Island Naval Air Station 360-257-1009

Inland Northwest Wildlife Council (509) 487-8552



Other organizations interested in providing mentors would be appreciated. Contact the Wildlife Program at (360) 902-2515 or via email: <u>wildthing@dfw.wa.gov</u>

### WDFW Private Lands Program - New Access Initiatives

The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's Private Lands Program was developed to restore important habitats, and the wildlife that utilize those habitats, as well as increase public hunting access to private property. To meet these goals, WDFW:

- Provides incentives for habitat enhancement and public access on private lands.
- Works cooperatively with federal and state agencies with compatible goals.
- 3) Provides information and technical assistance to landowners.
- Provides educational information to the public about habitat and private lands access.

Private lands are extremely important to Washington's wildlife, as well as to public access. Improving hunting access on those lands is a major goal for the Department of Fish and Wildlife. In 2009, the state Legislature gave the Department authority to spend revenue generated through the sale of special hunting permit applications to improve our private lands access program.

Currently, there are approximately 600 private landowners and 1 million acres enrolled in public access and habitat development agreements, and our goal is to increase that total by 300,000 acres over the next 5 years. We will be focusing on wetland areas, agricultural fields, and timberlands to improve access for waterfowl, turkey, deer, and pheasant hunting in several areas of the state.

For additional information, please contact your local WDFW office or check out the Department's hunting access website: <u>wdfw.</u> <u>wa.gov/hunting/hunting\_access</u>. You can also make your own hunting maps with topo maps, aerial photos, and GMU boundaries at our GoHunt website: wdfuut gou(mapping (gabunt

wdfw.wa.gov/mapping/gohunt.

## **Tribal Lands**

There are both state and tribal rules and license requirements pertaining to non-Indian hunting within Indian reservations. You can find more information about tribal hunting on our website at: wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/tribal.

State hunting requirements and rules are in this pamphlet. Please call the appropriate WDFW Regional office if you have any questions about complying with state rules and licensing requirements when hunting on Indian reservations.

For tribal rules and license requirements, check with appropriate tribal authorities.

Upland bird seasons established by the state within the Colville and Yakama Reservations are the same as the seasons that the tribes established for these reservations.

For information regarding hunting or fishing within the boundaries of the Colville Indian Reservation, hunters should contact the office of the Colville Confederated Tribes Fish and Wildlife Department, (509) 634-2110, to determine the tribal permits and regulations applicable to such activities.

For information regarding hunting migratory and upland birds on tribal-owned lands

within the external boundaries of the Yakama Reservation, hunters should contact the Yakama Nation, (509) 865-5121, ext. 6309, to determine the applicable tribal permits and regulations.

For questions regarding differences in licensing, regulations, use of electronic decoys, or other information, please contact the WDFW Region 3 Yakima office at (509) 575-2740.

## Hunting Area Information

## Hunting is allowed on many National Wildlife Refuges. Please contact the refuge for specific information or visit <u>www.fws.gov/refuges</u>.

#### COLUMBIA

735 E. Main St. P.O. Drawer "F" Othello, WA 99344 (509) 488-2668 <u>fws.gov/columbia</u>

#### J.B. HANSEN

46 Steamboat Slough Rd. Cathlamet, WA 98612 (360) 795-3915 <u>fws.gov/jbh</u>

#### NISQUALLY

100 Brown Farm Rd. NE Olympia, WA 98516 (360) 753-9467 <u>fws.gov/nisqually</u>

#### RIDGEFIELD

28908 NW Main Ave. PO Box 457 Ridgefield, WA 98642 Hunter Hotline: (360) 571-2015 <u>fws.gov/ridgefieldrefuges</u>

#### UMATILLA, TOPPENISH, & MCNARY

Mid-Columbia NWR 64 Maple Street Burbank, WA 99323-8521 (509) 371-1801 <u>fws.gov/mcriver</u>

#### WILLAPA

3888 SR 101 Ilwaco, WA 98624 (360) 484-3482 <u>fws.gov/willapa</u>

## **Public Conduct on WDFW Lands**

The Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission adopted new rules (Washington Administrative Code 232-13) in December 2007 after years of discussion and extensive public review. As the number of users and types of use continue to increase on WDFW lands, the new rules provide a fair and sensible approach to protecting both fish and wildlife habitats and recreational values consistent with healthy wildlife populations.

These rules, which only apply on WDFW lands, are now in effect. The complete public conduct rule package is available on the web at: apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=232-13. Although some conduct rules remain in place and have not changed, the new WAC chapter compiles them in one location for easy reference.

The rules address behavior and conduct, parking, camping, campfires, dumping and littering, target shooting, fireworks, pets, building blinds and tree stands, access, commercial and noncommercial use, and enforcement.

Fire rules allow campfires up to a maximum of three feet in diameter and three feet high unless posted otherwise. The new rules also include a 21-day camping limit within a 30-day period unless posted otherwise. Vehicles should not be left unattended for more than 21 days. Unattended blinds are available to the public on a "first-comefirst-serve" basis. These rules were designed to provide an equal opportunity for all users.

The firearms and target practicing rule prohibits the use of glass, signs, appliances, mattresses, televisions, furniture, and exploding

items as targets. With the exception of clay pigeons, debris from target practice should be removed. These rules, along with nolittering laws, address a growing concern for the amount of garbage left on public lands. The rules also prohibit the discharge of firearms within 500 feet of one of the 21 department-designated campgrounds. These very limited shooting restrictions were included to protect the recreating public.

Rules governing pets allow hunters to use hunting dogs under their control, but not to let them or other pets roam unattended. From April through July, all dogs and other pets must be leashed on WDFW lands to protect nesting wildlife.

To manage multiple user groups, a permit from the department is now required for any private or public event involving more than thirty people.

A commercial use permit from the department is required for any activity on department lands where a fee is charged or where the purpose is the sale or barter of a good or service regardless of whether the activity is intended to produce a profit. Hunting guides using WDFW lands are required to obtain a permit through one of WDFW's six regional offices. Permits will be issued on a limited basis to manage the number of hunters. Permit distribution may be used to address equity of hunter access and concerns for local wildlife populations.

All those who use WDFW lands are encouraged to take a look at the new rules. With the new public conduct rules in place and followed; WDFW public lands will continue to provide safe, beautiful wildlands for all users to enjoy now and in the future.



# Check out GoHunt, the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's (WDFW) most comprehensive mapping information site.

### wdfw.wa.gov/mapping/gohunt

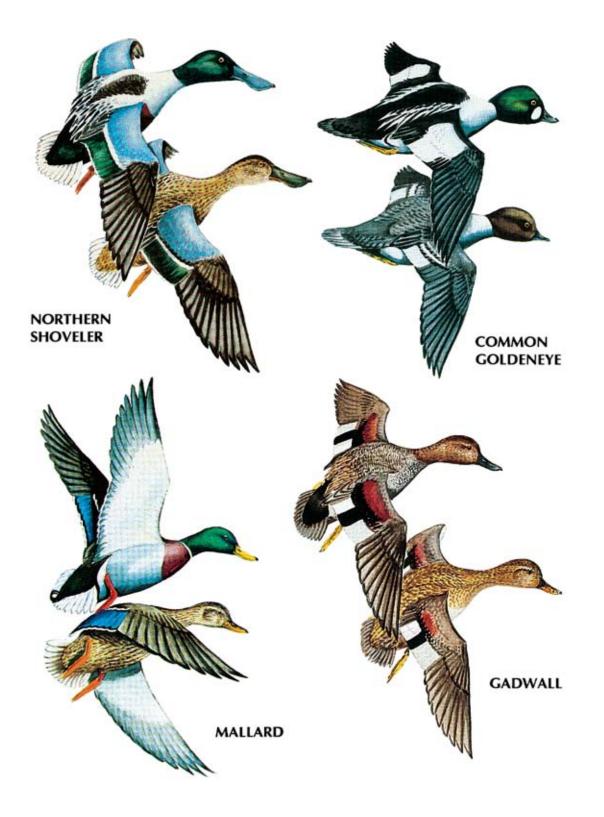
Here, hunters will find multi-layered maps displaying game management unit (GMU) boundaries, deer and elk management areas, pheasantrelease sites, and private land hunting opportunities, as well as roads, topographical features and county lines. In addition, harvest statistics and hunting regulations are available by specific locale and species.

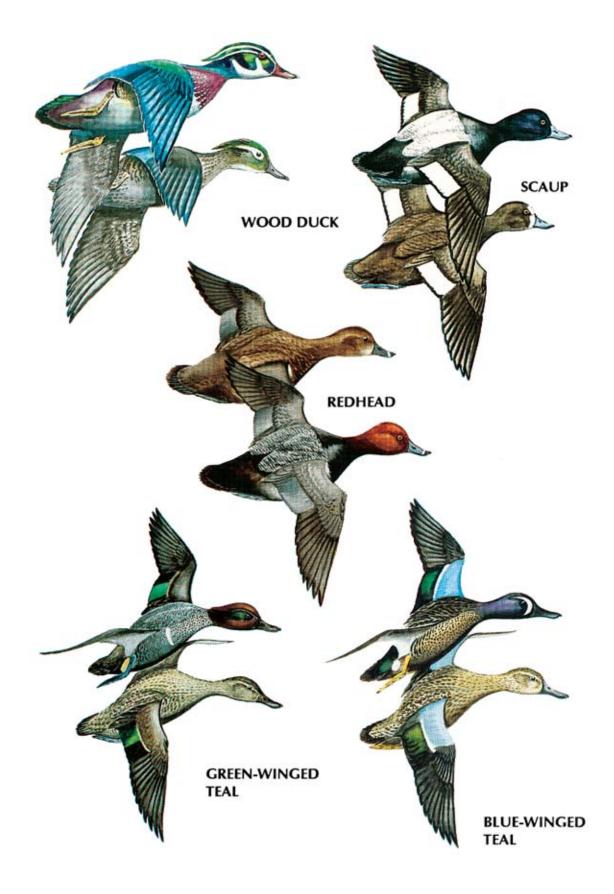
GoHunt offers a wealth of information for other outdoor recreation enthusiasts, as well. This site includes maps of major public lands, including WDFW wildlife areas and water-access sites, topographic maps and aerial photos. The site's interactive query feature allows users to retrieve stream names and information on wildlife area amenities.

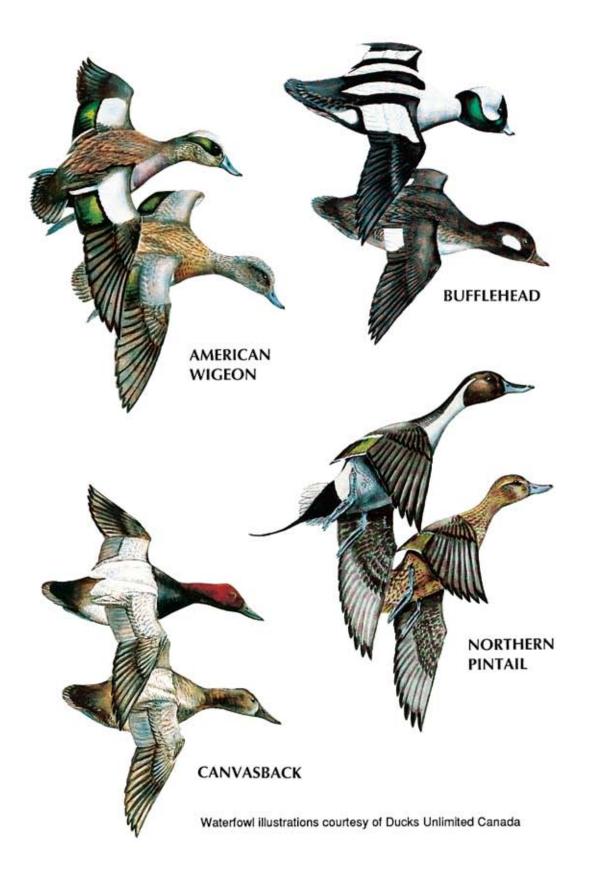
## Harvest Information

### WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE AVERAGE GAME BIRD HARVEST (2006-2010 SEASONS)

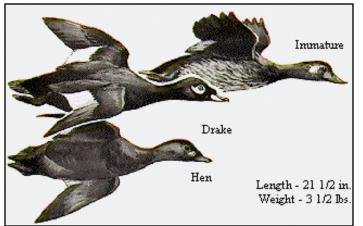
REGION	COUNTY	CHUKAR	DOVE	DUCK	GOOSE	GROUSE	HUN	PHEASANT	QUAIL	SNIPE
Region 1	ASOTIN	1,453	133	1,431	395	1,025	612	871	858	3
		207	282	1,501	228	1,612	386	3,309	2,872	5
	FERRY	201	57	727	313	9,771	000	411	402	
	GARFIELD	219	339	2,188	466	248	211	3,411	2,058	2
	LINCOLN	58	1,222	3,189	2,059	1,049	306	1,760	2,000	2
	PEND OREILLE	50	48	3,956	888	7,119	500	86	2,711	9
	SPOKANE	14	1,239	4,771	3,037	3,068	164	2,807	3,776	15
	STEVENS	14	81	1,968	691	16,745	104	618	506	4
	WALLA WALLA	39	1,630	18,897	3,212	1,185	88	8,039	3,196	8
	WHITMAN	662	1,030	3,236	877	323	717	10,786	4,641	15
<b>REGION 1</b>		2,653	6,126	41,864	12,166	42,144	2,484	32,099	21,021	58
Region 2	ADAMS	2,033	1,867	8,468	2,196	42,144	115	2,841	2,793	5
	CHELAN	2,209	2,178	7,220	598	5,685	110	1,141	9,915	34
	DOUGLAS	2,203	3,823	7,192	1,072	282	370	924	8,965	21
	GRANT	1,152	18,056	68,763	17,658	202	656	13,245	13,126	270
	OKANOGAN	1,132	2,796	6,749	1,292	15,982	573	1,310	10,460	10
<b>REGION 2</b>		6,879	28,721	98,392	22,815	21,948	1,825	19,462	45,259	339
Region 3	BENTON	345	3,671	25,424	5,695	21,340	94	2,712	4,864	30
itegion 5	FRANKLIN	58	5,413	23,013	7,305		22	5,190	6,000	17
	KITTITAS	1,813	642	5,052	597	4,428	218	1,308	3,777	17
	YAKIMA	1,405	13,147	30,273	3,473	4,420	210	7,490	27,217	215
<b>REGION 3</b>		3,621	22,873	83,762	17,070	8,938	537	16,701	41,859	273
Region 4	ISLAND	3,021	8	5,062	260	131	557	10,701	41,039	19
itegion 4	KING		29	7,313	333	1,714				98
	SAN JUAN		25	2,051	182	1,714			19	18
	SKAGIT		67	49,459	5,380	3,120			67	57
	SNOHOMISH		143	24,539	2,406	2,479			39	110
	WHATCOM		143	24,333	1,106	1,328			19	83
<b>REGION 4</b>		0	266	114,308	9,667	8,772	0	0	193	386
Region 5	CLARK	0	200	12,723	1,929	866	0	0	21	61
itegion 5	COWLITZ		119	5,436	551	2,825			36	7
	KLICKITAT	282	273	2,813	582	1,252	185	475	1,189	13
	LEWIS	202	37	9,744	1,410	4,887	100	475	1,105	13
	SKAMANIA			2,080	403	2,052			27	10
	WAHKIAKUM			3,122	193	675			14	2
<b>REGION 5</b>		282	670	35,918	5,069	12,557	185	475	1,302	97
Region 6		202	17	8,113	593	5,149	100	475	181	51
Region o	GRAYS HARBOR		147	14,979	1,703	5,876			94	85
	JEFFERSON		147	2,836	149	2,691			5 <sup>54</sup>	24
	KITSAP		2	1,093	69	171			4	10
	MASON		118	3,207	120	3,051			152	10
	PACIFIC		7	8,404	780	2,230			152	21
	PIERCE		16	9,404	564	2,230			100	37
	THURSTON		66	9,435 7,567	702	1,373			65	15
		0	372	55,635	4,681	22,826	0	0	602	203
REGION 6		-					-			
STATEWID		13,436	59,029	429,879	71,467	117,184	5,032	68,736	110,235	1,360

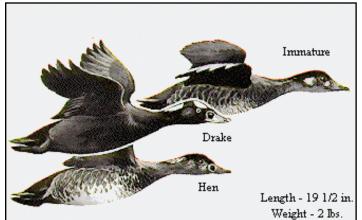






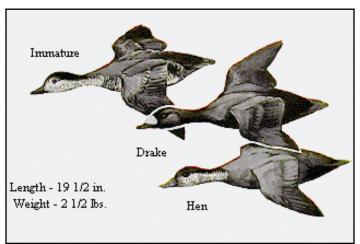
**Know Your Sea Ducks** 



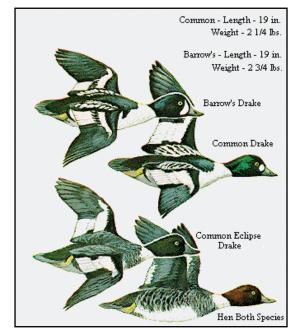


White-winged scoter

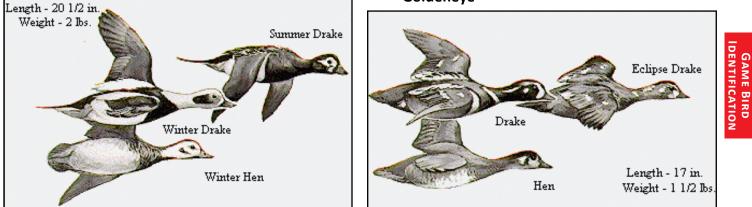




**Black scoter** 



Goldeneye

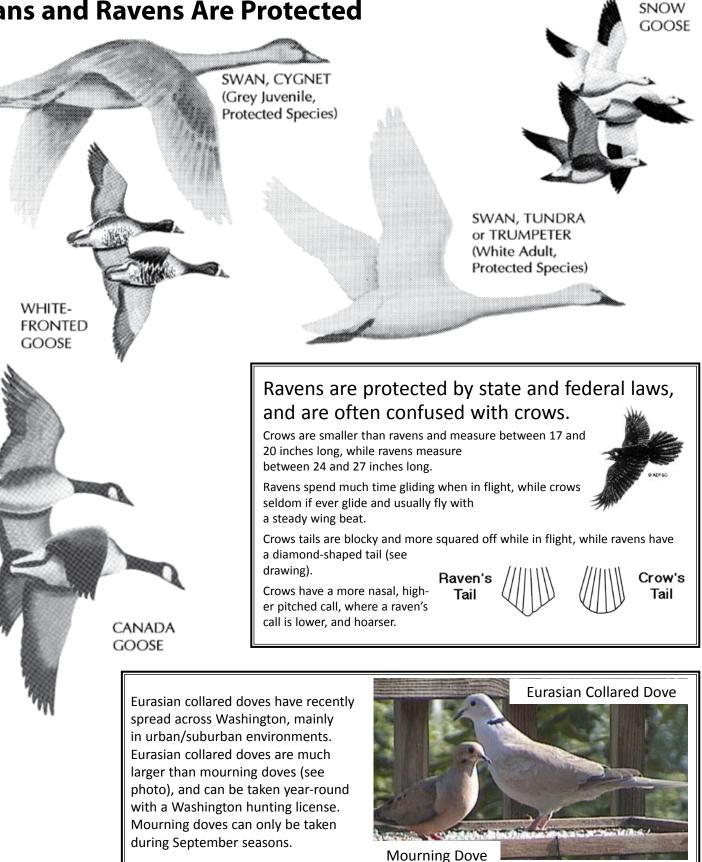


Long-tailed duck

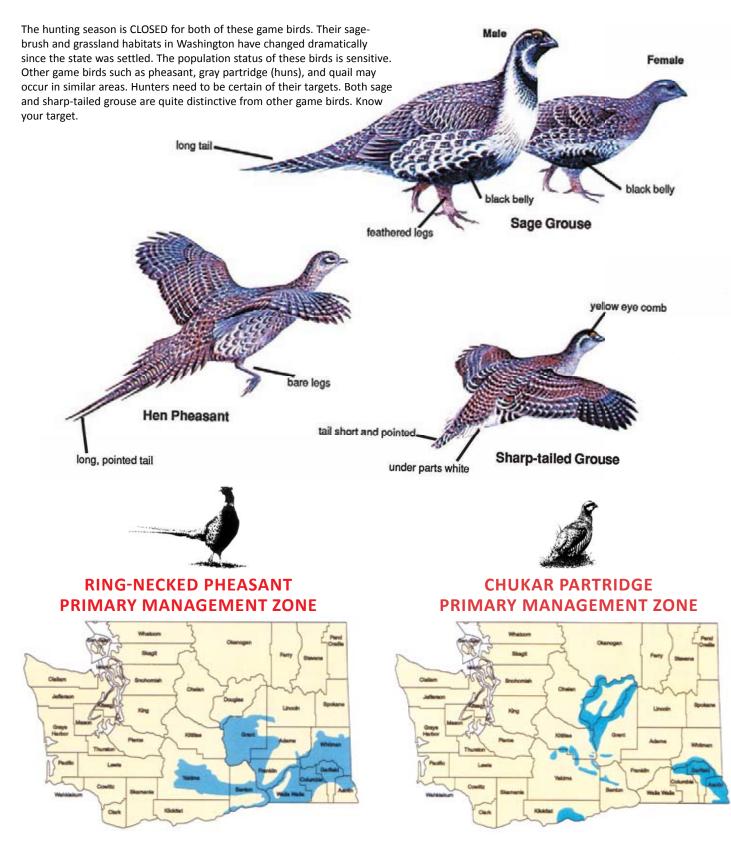
**Harlequin Duck** 

Drawings courtesy of Robert Hines, Northern Prairie Wildlife Research Center Online: www.npwrc.usgs.gov/resource/tools/duckdist/index.htm

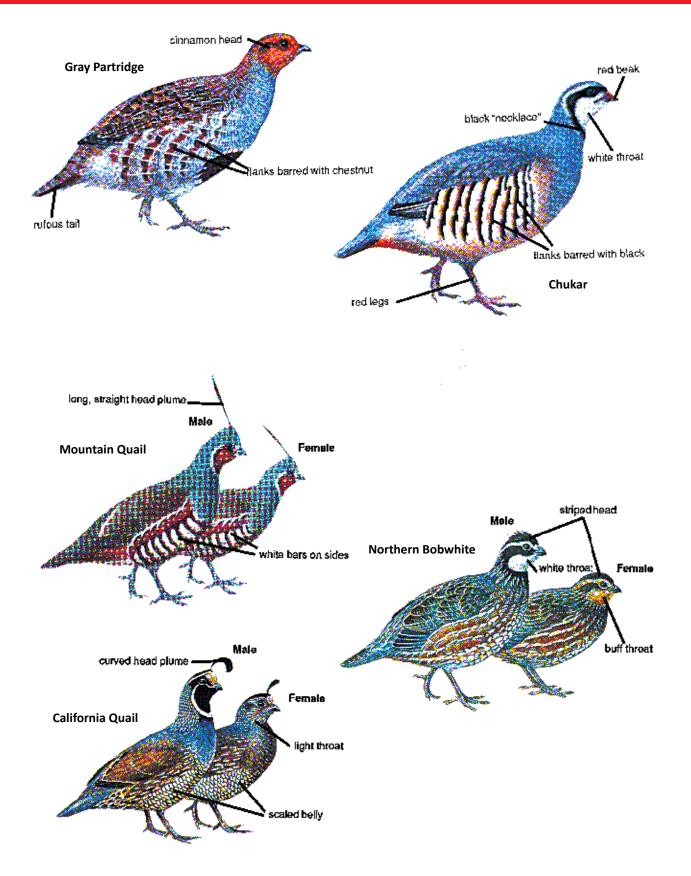
## **Swans and Ravens Are Protected**

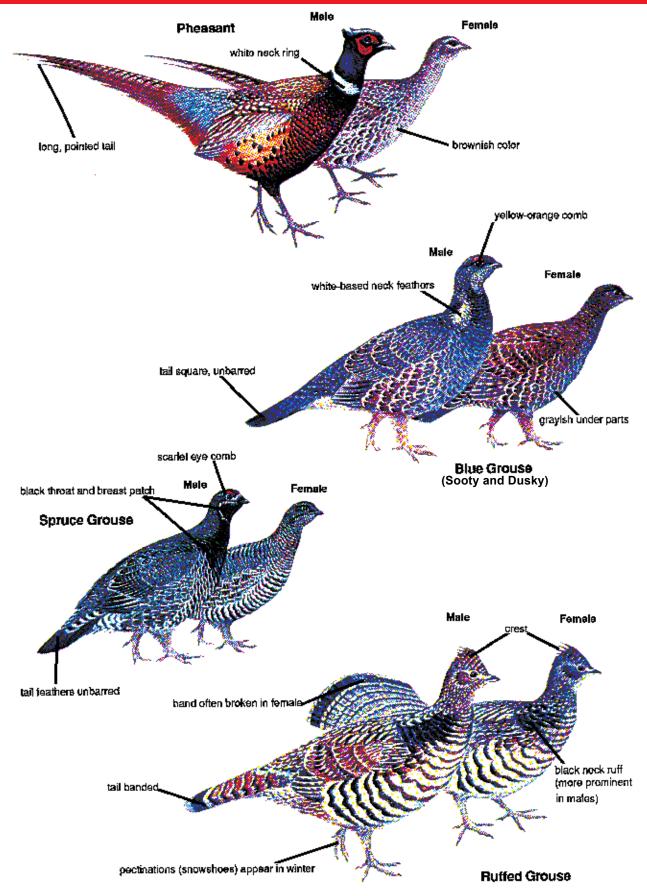


### Sharp-tailed and Sage Grouse Are Protected



GAME BIRD





WASHINGTON WATERFOWL ASSOC.

#### HUNTERS FOR CONSERVATION

9792 Edmonds Way, Suite 161 Edmonds, WA 98020 www.waduck.org

- WHO WE ARE? Founded in 1945, Washington Waterfowl Assoc. is a 501(c)(3) non profit organization dedicated to the enhancement of waterfowl and habitat supporting other wildfowl while providing a unified voice for all other devoted wildlife enthusiasts. Tax-exempt donations are accepted. WHAT DO WE DO? Raise funds to build wetland areas with the Dept. of Fish & Wildlife, provide hands on labor to construct ponds, nesting platforms and nesting tunnels, install and maintain Wood Duck nesting boxes to assure the perpetuation of wildfowl populations and wildfowl habitat. All money, time and donations go to work in Washington State. We hold monthly meetings with speakers on resource management topics and subjects of interest to waterfowl enhancement and WE NEED YOU! hunting opportunities. ACTIVE CHAPTERS: For membership information contact Howard Hicks at hkhicks1302@gmail.com, (253) 847-6274, or apply on our website with a secure PayPal connection. • Grays Harbor/Chehalis Valley Chapter - Meets 2nd Thursday of the month (Jan - Oct) at Evergreen Sportsmen's Club, 12736 Marksman Road, SW, Olympia. • Lower Columbia Chapter - Meets the last Thursday of the month (Jan - Oct) at the Vancouver Trap Club, 11100 NE 76th Street, Vancouver, WA · Moses Lake Chapter - Dates and places to be determined. • Northwest Chapter - Meets the 2nd Thursday of the month (Jan - Nov) at the Conway Fire Hall. · Peninsula Chapter - Meets the 1st Saturday of the month (Jan - Nov) at Bear Arms in Port Hadlock. • Seattle Chapter - Meets the 4th Wednesday of the month (Jan - Oct) at Kenmore Shotgun Range, 1031 - 228th Street SW, Bothell. • Southwest Chapter - Meets on the last Tuesday of the month (Jan - Oct) at the Tacoma Sportsman's Club. · Spokane Chapter - Dates and places to be determined. • Whatcom County Chapter - Meets the 1st Tuesday of the of the month (Jan - Nov.) at the Lynden Gun Club.
  - Yakima Valley Chapter Meets the 1st Thursday of the month (Jan Nov) at the VFW Hall in Prosser.

### THINK AHEAD

- · Firearm safety is first and foremost...always.
- Know what to expect, (location, tides, weather, & conditions) have a plan and maintain an awareness of your surroundings to avoid hazardous or changing conditions.
- · Scout the area ahead of time. Have a Plan "B" (and "C") should your "spot" already be occupied or conditions require it.
- Know your own ability and your firearms range. Use your knowledge to be safe and effective. You should, reasonably, expect to hit what you shoot at and be confident that you can recover what you hit. If either is in question, you should pass on the shot and wait for a better opportunity.

### **BE CONSIDERATE**

Treat others with respect and civility. "Public use area" implies interaction with others - we ask that you remember this and keep your expectations in
perspective. Cooperation produces better results and quality experiences for everyone.

### WASHINGTON WATERFOWL ASSOCIATION'S TOP TEN PUBLIC AREA: "DO'S" AND "DON'TS"

### Do

- Treat others as you would wish to be treated.
- · Arrive well before the opening time.
- Know and follow ALL game laws.
- Make every effort NOT to diminish or impact anyone else's efforts or use of the area.
- Be a steward. Act responsibly. Try to leave the area better than you found it. Pick up when you pack out.
- Don't
  - Set up within 200 yards (think in terms of two football fields) of another group. Relocate if they "got the spot" first.
  - Shoot at birds actively working another set. (i.e. "on the swing" of a landing)
  - · Call birds actively working another set.
  - Call excessively -or- if it isn't working.
  - · Lose perspective or awareness of your surroundings.

The sport of Waterfowling demands as wide a variety of skills and knowledge (concealment, set-up, shooting, decoying, calling, dog handling...) as the terrain and conditions in which it is pursued. We encourage you to strive to continuously practice, improve, and promote these skills, as they will surely improve the quality of your experience and the experience of those around you.

## Migratory Bird Stamp & Artwork

### Washington State Migratory Bird Stamp and Artwork Program

You can invest in the future of Washington's diverse migratory bird and wetland habitat resources. Your purchase of one or more Washington State Migratory Bird Stamps or Migratory Bird Stamp artwork products represents not only a sound personal financial investment for you, but also an investment in Washington's wetlands, waterfowl, and other migratory bird resources.

Wetlands throughout Washington sustain not only our breeding population, but birds that breed in Alaska, western Canada, and even Russia. Over 35 species and subspecies of ducks, geese, and swans depend on Washington wetlands, which include coastal estuaries, beaver ponds, desert potholes, sloughs and lakes. Other migratory game birds benefitting from the program include mourning doves, band-tailed pigeons, and snipe.

Revenue from the sale of migratory bird permits and stamps to hunters and collectors is used to buy and develop migratory bird habitat in the state and to enhance, protect, and produce migratory birds in the state. Second, revenue from the sale of artwork (limited edition prints, posters, pins, etc...) is used to contract with individuals or nonprofit organizations to develop waterfowl production projects in Washington.

The stamp and artwork program has been responsible for several significant improvements in the quality and quantity of habitat in Washington by:

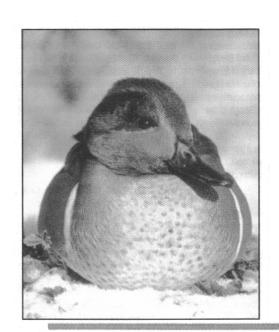
- Acquiring migratory bird habitat jeopardized by loss or degradation.
- Enhancing WDFW Wildlife Area migratory bird habitat.
- Enhancement of migratory bird habitat on private lands.

Examples of many projects completed over the past 20 years include:

- Acquiring and enhancing 500 acres on the Samish Flats near Edison.
- Excavating hundreds of acres on the Columbia Basin Wildlife Area for breeding waterfowl.
- Creating wetlands and enhancing goose forage on the Vancouver and Shillapoo Lake Wildlife Areas.

WDFW has also used revenues from stamps and artwork to fund cooperative habitat projects with Ducks Unlimited, Washington Waterfowl Association, Inc., Audubon Society, and many local sports groups. Funding is available for projects to benefit waterfowl production (contact 360-902-2522). Development of projects to benefit other migratory birds is underway (e.g. dove projects).

Stamps are a double investment – investing in waterfowl habitat and also in collectible stamps which appreciate significantly in value over the years. Past duck stamps have appreciated from 65 to 175 percent. Even if you purchase a stamp for collecting or your limited-edition print, buying additional stamps is a good investment–both for you and for Washington waterfowl and wetlands. Stamps are available in 30-stamp plate blocks, "mini-sheets", or in a variety of block configurations. See <u>wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/</u> <u>waterfowl/stamp</u> for information on ordering stamps. Prints can be ordered through Steiner Prints at (800) 225-3971.



Pacific Northwest Initiative Office 1101 SE Tech Center Drive, Suite 115 Vancouver, WA 98663 360-885-2011

Many Happy Returns

Ducks Unlimited's Pacific Northwest Initiative is doing its part in Washington to ensure the millions of ducks, geese and other migratory birds find plenty of habitat. Throughout North America, Ducks Unlimited, since 1937, has restored or enhanced more than 10 million wetland and upland acres, aiding about 900 species.



DU Western Regional Office 3074 Gold Canal Drive Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 916-852-2000 Ducks Unlimited, Inc. One Waterfowl Way Memphis, Tennessee 38120 Visit DU at www.ducks.org

## Turn in a Poacher (TIP) Program



Every year, poachers steal hunting and fishing opportunities and hundreds of animals and fish from the citizens of Washington. Poaching is a serious crime conducted by thieves. You can help protect our fish and wildlife resources and critical fish and wildlife habitats by reporting violations.

The Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) Enforcement Program encourages any citizen who witnesses a fish and wildlife offense to report the violation. There currently is about one Fish and Wildlife Police Officer for every 45,000 citizens. The state encompasses 66,582 square miles and 28,000 combined miles of shoreline. That means information from concerned citizens is critically important in controlling fish and wildlife crime.

The Turn In a Poacher (TIP) program provides the public with the opportunity to anonymously report fish and wildlife violations.

#### What To Look For:

If you believe you have just witnessed a fish/wildlife violation, gather all the necessary information to report (immediate reporting will significantly increase the ability of an Officer to contact the violator while still in the field):

- 1. Automobile license plate number, make, model, year, general condition (4X4, camper/canopy, etc.)
- 2. Description of person(s) that committed the violation (sex, general age, race, hair color, general build, name/address if known).
- 3. Type of violation, where and when it occurred (time, Game Management Unit, Marine Area, GPS coordinates, road junction), and species involved.

Never confront a poacher. Avoid getting too close to or examining a dead animal because such actions may contaminate the site and make an investigation difficult. So don't disturb the crime scene.

#### Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact

The Interstate Wildlife Compact is an agreement that recognizes suspension of fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses in member states. There are currently 34 member states including Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Montana, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, New Mexico, and Arizona. This means that illegal activities in one state can affect a person's fishing or hunting privileges in all participating states.

### **Reward Program**

Information that contributes substantially to an arrest of another person for violation of Title 77.15 RCW, WAC 220, or WAC 232, including the loss of fish, wildlife, or damage to WDFW property, could be eligible for a cash reward. Annually, about \$8,000 is paid in rewards.

Hunting bonus points (up to 10) may be awarded for violation information about illegal hunting or killing of big game or an endangered species. Bonus points provide a greatly improved chance of drawing special permits for hunting.

### **Become A Good Witness**

Visit the Eyes In The Woods Association website and enroll in a Crime Observation and Reporting Training (C.O.R.T.) session. www.eyesinthewoods.org/CORT/CORT.htm

### **DIAL 911 TO REPORT POACHING IN PROGRESS**

#### OPTIONS FOR REPORTING NON-EMERGENCY VIOLATIONS/ POACHING:

- Call WDFW toll-free 1-877-933-9847 (1-877-WDFW-TIP)
- Use the dedicated email address (reportpoaching@dfw.wa.gov)
- TEXT YOUR POACHING/VIOLATION TIP anonymously to the WDFW poaching hotline
  - 1. Start a text message on your phone. On the first line of the message type the key word WDFWTIP. Then add a space and type in the violation information.
  - 2. Then, from the phone's menu, select SEND TO: and type in 847411 (TIP411), and press send (Note: The text message is sent to a special computer server that will mask your identity and assign an alias)
- Report the crime online: wdfw.wa.gov/poaching
- Report the crime to the nearest WDFW Regional Office if during normal work hours, 8:00 am-5:00 pm Monday-Friday. Phone numbers are on page 13
- Call the nearest Washington State Patrol Communications Center
- For further information see wdfw.wa.gov/poaching

### FOR OTHER FISH AND WILDLIFE ENFORCEMENT QUESTIONS:

Call Enforcement WILDCOMM at (360) 902-2936

#### TO REPORT HUNTING ACCIDENTS:

First call Enforcement WILDCOMM at (360) 902-2936. If WILDCOMM staff are not available, call the nearest WDFW Regional Office, or the Washington State Patrol (phone numbers below).

### TO REPORT NON-EMERGENCY DANGEROUS WILDLIFE OBSERVATIONS:

Call toll-free 1-877-933-9847 (1-877-WDFW-TIP)

#### TO REPORT AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES:

Call toll-free 1-888-933-9247 (1-888-WDFW-AIS)

#### TO REPORT ILLEGAL MARIJUANA GROWS:

Call toll-free 1-800-388-GROW (4769)

	on State Pat	rol Phone	Numbers:
Aberdeen/Hoquiam	Centralia/Chehalis	Marysville	Tacoma
(360) 533-5707	(360) 748-6633	(360) 658-1345	(253) 536-6210
Bellevue	Ephrata	Olympia	Vancouver
(425) 649-4370	(509) 754-3571	(360) 596-1999	(360) 260-6333
Bellingham	Gig Harbor	Port Angeles	Wenatchee
(360) 676-2076	(253) 858-8800	(360) 452-3394	(509) 663-9721
Bremerton	Long Beach Peninsula	Shelton	Yakima
(360) 478-4646	(360) 533-5707	(360) 426-6674	(509) 575-2320
Burlington	Longview/Kelso	Spokane	
(360)757-1175	(360) 577-2050	(509) 456-4101	

## Summary of 2011 Big Game Seasons

	Su	mmary of 20	11 Big Game C	General Seasons	6		
General Seasons		August	September	October	November	December	
Black Bear							
Westside	1				15		
Eastside (Except Blue I	Mtns. & Northeast) 1				15		
Blue Mountains & North	neast		1		15		
Cougar			1 various start dates		variou	s end dates 3/31/2012	
Deer							
Westside Archery			1 18 or 23		23	8 or 15 or 3 <sup>r</sup>	
Eastside Archery	White-tailed		1 18 or 23		10 or 23/24	8/9 or 15	
Edotoldo / Hollory	Mule Deer		1 15 or 18 or 23		23	8	
Muzzleloader Deer			24	2	20/23	varies	
Modern Firearm	Black-tailed			15 31	1 <u>7 20</u>		
	Mule Deer			15 23 or 2	3		
	White-tailed			15 23 or 2	3 <u>5 19</u>		
Elk							
Archery	Eastside		6 18		23	8	
, a onory	Westside		6 18		23	7 or 15	
Muzzleloader	Eastside			1 7 29	15 23	8	
	Westside			1 7	23	8 or 15 or 30	
Modern	Eastside			29	6 or 15		
	Westside				5 15		

# Pheasants Forever

Pheasants Forever is a non-profit conservation organization founded in 1982 in response to the decline of the ringneck pheasant population. Pheasants Forever is dedicated to the protection and enhancement of pheasant and other wildlife populations in North America through habitat improvement, land management, public awareness, and education. Such efforts benefit landowners and wildlife alike.

Pheasants Forever's unique system of county chapters allows 93% of net funds raised by chapters to remain at the chapter level for local habitat projects. Our goal is to protect, restore, and enhance wildlife habitat by establishing and maintaining local and regional project open to the general public. Chapters also support the local youth and senior hunting activities sponsored through the Adventure Center at Ft Lewis.

**Future Food Plot** 

Plastic for Weed Control, and / the Growing of Shrubs We have 10 chapters in Washington:

- Pierce/King County #257
- Skagit County # 402
- Yakima County # 311
- Adams County #634
- Blue Mountain Walla Walla #258
- Olympic Peninsula #605
- Ringold Franklin Co.# 658
- SW Washington, Vancouver #716
- Three Rivers Tri Cities #646
- Whatcom County #267

### **Future Nesting Cover**

Youth Hunts, Habitat Enhancement Projects, Fund Raising Events, Member Events GET INVOLVED TODAY WITH YOUR LOCAL CHAPTER

## Hunter's Code of Conduct

### Respect the Environment & Wildlife

- Show respect for the wildlife you hunt by taking only clean, killing shots, then retrieving and properly handling your game. Take only what you will use, even if it is under the legal limit.
- Learn to tread lightly while afield. Use vehicles only on established roads and trails, practice low-impact camping and travel, and pack out your trash, including cigarette butts and spent shell casings.
- Report illegal activities immediately.

### **Respect Property & Landowners**

- Always get permission to hunt on private land.
- Close any gates you open, and never damage crops or property, including fences, outbuildings or livestock.
- Alert landowners or land managers about any problems you find on their property.
- Share your game with the landowner, or say thank you in some other way.

### Show Consideration of Non-Hunters

- Remember that the future of hunting depends on hunters and non-hunters alike. Be considerate of non-hunters' sensibilities, and strive to leave them with positive images of hunting and hunters.
- Don't flaunt your kill. Treat game carcasses in an inoffensive manner particularly during transport.
- Be considerate of all outdoor users, including other hunters.

### **Hunt Safely**

- Exercise caution at all times.
- Fire your gun or bow only when you are absolutely sure of your target and its background. Use binoculars, not your rifle scope, to identify your target.
- Wear hunter orange whenever appropriate or required while afield.

## *Remember that hunting and alcohol don't mix.*

### Know and Obey the Law

- Obtain proper tags and licenses.
- Hunt only in allowed areas and during designated times and seasons.
- Obey bag and possession limits.
- Use only legal hunting methods and equipment.

### Support Wildlife & Habitat Conservation

- Provide hands-on and financial support for conservation of game and non-game species and their habitats.
- Learn more about wildlife and habitat issues, and urge policy makers to support strong conservation initiatives.
- Become involved in wildlife conservation organizations and their programs.
- Purchase state and federal wildlife conservation stamps, even if such stamps are not required for hunting.

### Pass on an Ethical Hunting Tradition

- Invite a young person or a non-hunter next time you go afield to scout or hunt.
- Attend a hunter education course, and urge others to do the same.
- Set high ethical standards for future generations of hunters to help ensure hunting will continue.

## *Strive to Improve Outdoor Skills & Understanding of Wildlife*

- Know the limitations of your skills and equipment, and hunt within those limits.
- Improve your outdoor skills to become more observant, a better hunter, and a better teacher. Sight-in your firearm and bow, and practice shooting to ensure a clean kill in the field.
- Learn more about the habits and habitats of game and non-game wildlife and their management needs.

### Hunt Only with Ethical Hunters

- Take pride in being an ethical hunter.
- Insist that your hunting partners behave in a responsible, ethical manner. Compete only with yourself.

## Status of Geese in Washington - Looking Up!







Washington State provides diverse habitat for many types of geese using the Pacific Flyway portions of North America and Russia. Although our state is home to only one native breeding goose (the western Canada goose), over 15 types of geese use Washington habitats during fall and winter. Similar to North American duck populations, several populations of geese had good breeding conditions in 2011.

Wrangel Island snow goose numbers have increased dramatically over the past 20 years, contributing to higher numbers recently in their primary wintering area, the Skagit-Fraser areas of Washington and British Columbia. The population on Wrangel Island is currently over its management objective, and this year is poised to increase again due to exceptionally high productivity. In contrast to last year's bust in production, a record 71,000 nests were counted on Wrangel Island this year. Liberalized seasons in Goose Management Area 1 have been maintained over the past 4 years to address past increases and assist in maintaining the population within management objective of 50,000-70,000 for the Skagit-Fraser wintering area. The Snow Goose Quality Hunting Program in the Skagit Delta area continues to provide access to important snow goose wintering areas on private lands in the Fir Island and Stanwood areas of northwest Washington (see wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/snow\_goose).

The dusky Canada goose population that winters in southwest Washington and northwest Oregon breeds on the Copper River Delta of Alaska, and has declined significantly since the 1970s. The main cause for this trend can be traced to the 1964 Alaska earthquake, which triggered significant, long-term changes to habitat that has favored avian and mammalian predators. Over the past 30 years, high predation rates on eggs, goslings, and adult geese have caused the declining trend. Through the cooperation of hunters and restricted seasons, our program on the wintering areas has been successful in shifting harvest pressure away from duskys. Dusky goose surveys recorded 11,800 birds in 2011, which was up from 9,500 birds in 2010. The current 3 year running average is 9,346 birds, slightly below the level established for liberalizing the season. Management agencies from Alaska to Oregon have cooperated to expand a successful nest island program on the Copper River Delta again this year, which promises to help the long-term status of this population.

The Canada goose breeding index in eastern Washington has declined over the past 10 years, which led to cancellation of the two-day eastside September seasons in 2009, 2010, and again this year. Closure criteria levels were established when the season was initiated in 1997, and these were included in Pacific Flyway and WDFW Game Management Plans since 2001. During the past 3 years when the September season was closed, two days were added to the eastern Washington regular goose season, which provided additional opportunity when other geese were present to buffer the harvest of local breeding western Canada geese. WDFW has increased efforts to monitor this population through an extensive marking program over the past 4 years. The population has seen a slow increase in numbers since 2009, and WDFW will be considering reestablishment of the September goose season in eastern Washington next year.

Washington goose populations offer a diverse array of hunting opportunities, and the status of most geese using Washington habitats has improved in 2011. Management of geese in Washington is guided by cooperative management plans. For additional information on management activities for geese in the Pacific Flyway, see <u>pacificflyway.gov</u>.

## 2011-2012 Official Hunting Hours\*

## FOR MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS, UPLAND BIRDS, AND WILD TURKEYS

					Western Washington			Eastern Washington			
Dates (Incl	usive)				A.M.	to	P.M.		A.M.	to	P.M.
Daylight Sa	avings Time										
Thursday	September 1	-	Sunday	September 4	6:00	-	7:45		5:45	-	7:35
Monday	September 5	-	Sunday	September 11	6:05	-	7:35		5:55	-	7:25
Monday	September 12	-	Sunday	September 18	6:15	-	7:20		6:05	-	7:10
Monday	September 19	-	Sunday	September 25	6:25	-	7:10		6:10	-	6:55
Monday	September 26	-	Sunday	October 2	6:35	-	6:55		6:25	-	6:40
Monday	October 3	-	Sunday	October 9	6:45	-	6:40		6:35	-	6:25
Monday	October 10	-	Sunday	October 16	6:55	-	6:25		6:45	-	6:15
Monday	October 17	-	Sunday	October 23	7:05	-	6:10		6:55	-	6:00
Monday	October 24	-	Sunday	October 30	7:15	-	6:00		7:05	-	5:50
Monday	October 31	-	Saturday	November 5	7:25	-	5:50		7:15	-	5:35
Pacific Sta	ndard Time										
Sunday	November 6				6:25	-	4:50		6:15	-	4:35
Monday	November 7	-	Sunday	November 13	6:35	-	4:40		6:25	-	4:25
Monday	November 14	-	Sunday	November 20	6:45	-	4:30		6:35	-	4:20
Monday	November 21	-	Sunday	November 27	6:55	-	4:25		6:45	-	4:10
Monday	November 28	-	Sunday	December 4	7:05	-	4:20		6:55	-	4:10
Monday	December 5	-	Sunday	December 11	7:15	-	4:20		7:00	-	4:05
Monday	December 12	-	Sunday	December 18	7:20	-	4:20		7:10	-	4:05
Monday	December 19	-	Sunday	December 25	7:25	-	4:20		7:10	-	4:10
Monday	December 26	-	Sunday	January 1	7:25	-	4:25		7:15	-	4:15
Monday	January 2	-	Sunday	January 8	7:25	-	4:30		7:15	-	4:20
Monday	January 9	-	Sunday	January 15	7:25	-	4:40		7:10	-	4:30
Monday	January 16	-	Sunday	January 22	7:20	-	4:50		7:10	-	4:40
Monday	January 23	-	Sunday	January 29	7:15	-	5:00		7:00	-	4:50
Monday	January 30	-	Tuesday	January 31	7:10		5:05		6:55		4:55

\*These are lawful hunting hours (one-half hour before sunrise to sunset) for migratory game birds (duck, goose, coot, snipe, mourning dove, & band-tailed pigeon); upland birds (pheasant, quail, partridge); & turkey during established seasons.

### **Exceptions:**

(a) Western Washington - Pheasant and quail hunting hours are 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. in all areas.

(b) Clark (except areas south of the Washougal River), Cowlitz, Pacific, and Wahkiakum counties - Goose hunting hours are 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., except one-half hour before sunrise to sunset during the September goose season and 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. during the late goose season.

(c) Hunting hours for falconry seasons (except migratory game bird seasons) are exempt from these hunting hours, except on designated pheasant release sites.