



# PROPOSED RULE MAKING

**CR-102 (October 2017)**  
**(Implements RCW 34.05.320)**  
Do **NOT** use for expedited rule making

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STATE OF WASHINGTON  
FILED

DATE: September 03, 2019

TIME: 1:42 PM

WSR 19-18-070

**Agency:** Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW)

- Original Notice**
- Supplemental Notice to WSR** \_\_\_\_\_
- Continuance of WSR** \_\_\_\_\_

- Preproposal Statement of Inquiry was filed as WSR 19-13-051 June 13, 2019 ; or**
- Expedited Rule Making--Proposed notice was filed as WSR \_\_\_\_\_; or**
- Proposal is exempt under RCW 34.05.310(4) or 34.05.330(1); or**
- Proposal is exempt under RCW \_\_\_\_\_.**

**Title of rule and other identifying information:** (describe subject)

The department is considering amendments to shellfish, marine fish, and forage fish recreational fishing rules.

- 220-315-010 Forage Fish-Lawful gear
- 220-315-030 Smelt-Areas and seasons
- 220-310-160 Daily limits forage fish and other food fish not otherwise provided for
- 220-330-010 Shellfish—Daily limits.
- 220-330-020 Personal-use shellfish gear—Unlawful acts.
- 220-330-040 Crab—Areas and seasons—Personal use.
- 220-330-070 Shrimp—Areas and seasons.
- 220-330-090 Crawfish, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, goose barnacles—Areas and seasons, personal-use fishery.
- 220-330-110 Clams other than razor clams, and mussels—Areas and seasons.
- 220-330-120 Clams, oysters, mussels—Unlawful acts.
- 220-330-140 Oysters—Areas and seasons.
- 220-330-150 Oysters and clams on private tidelands—Personal use.
- 220-320-060 General provisions—Shellfish.
- 220-314-020 Possession limits-Bottomfish.
- 220-314-030 Halibut – Seasons-daily and possession limits.
- 220-314-040 Lingcod – Areas and seasons.

- Repeals
- 220-330-030 Personal-use crab pot gear requirements.
  - 220-330-050 Crab—Unlawful acts—Personal use.
  - 220-330-060 Personal-use shrimp pot gear requirements.
  - 220-330-080 Shrimp containers.
  - 220-330-100 Personal-use crab, shrimp, crawfish—Unlawful acts.
  - 220-330-130 Oysters and scallops—Gear.
  - 220-330-180 Squid, octopus.
  - 220-300-300 Geographical definitions—District 1.
  - 220-300-310 Geographical definitions—District 2.

**Hearing location(s):**

Date:	Time:	Location: (be specific)	Comment:
October 18-19, 2019	8:00 am	Natural Resource Building, 1111 Washington St. SE, Olympia, WA 98501	

**Date of intended adoption:** October 20, 2019 (Note: This is **NOT** the **effective** date)

**Submit written comments to:**

Name: WDFW Rules Coordinator

**WAC 220-310-160 Daily limits (~~(forage fish and)~~) other food fish not otherwise provided for.** It is unlawful for any person to retain more than the following quantities (~~(and sizes of food fish)~~) taken for personal use. Unless otherwise provided, other food fish fishing is open the entire year:

(1) (~~(Forage fish:~~

~~(a) Catch Record Card Areas 5 through 13: 10 pounds total. The possession limit is two daily limits in fresh form. Additional forage fish may be possessed in frozen or processed form;~~

~~(b) Catch Record Card Areas 1 through 4, 2.1 (Willapa Bay) and 2.2 (Grays Harbor), excluding sardines and anchovies: 10 pounds total;~~

~~(c) Catch Record Card Areas 1 through 4, 2.1 (Willapa Bay) and 2.2 (Grays Harbor), sardines and anchovies: 25 pounds total;~~

~~(d) The possession limit is two daily limits in fresh form. Additional forage fish may be possessed in frozen or processed form.~~

~~(2))~~ Shiner perch: Daily limit 15 fish.

~~((3))~~ (2) All other marine food fish not otherwise provided for in this chapter except albacore tuna and all mackerel: Daily limit two fish.

**WAC 220-315-010 Forage fish—Lawful gear.** (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess herring, candlefish (sand lance), sardines, anchovies or smelt for personal use unless an angler takes those species with the following gear:

(a) ~~((Hand))~~ Forage fish dip net gear not exceeding 36 inches across the bag frame with a maximum mesh size of 5/8 inch stretched mesh size;

(b) Forage fish jigger gear with not more than 3 treble or 9 single hooks; or

(c) In Marine Areas 1 through 4, 2.1 (Willapa Bay), and 2.2 (Grays Harbor) it is permissible to take anchovies or sardines using dip net, cast net, jigger gear, or by angling.

~~(2) ((It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess eulachon smelt.~~

~~(3))~~ It is unlawful to use a dip bag net to take forage fish unless the operator of the net holds the handle at all times the netting is in the water.

~~((4))~~ (3) It is unlawful to operate a dip bag net to harvest forage fish from a vessel under power, or to use more than one forage fish dip net at a time.

~~((5))~~ (4) Only persons with WDFW disability status and a designated harvest companion card may use a hand-operated gate on a dip net while fishing for forage fish.

~~((6))~~ (5) Forage fish jigger gear hooks may not have a gap between the shank and the point exceeding 3/8 inch.

~~((7))~~ (6) It is unlawful for a fisher to operate cast net gear unless the gear is in his or her immediate control. The fisher must have the retrieval cord in his or her hand at all times when the cast net is deployed. Mesh size for cast nets is limited to 1 inch maximum, and cast nets may be no larger than 10 feet in diameter.

~~((8))~~ (7) Use of gear in violation of this section is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

~~((9))~~ (8) It is unlawful to possess forage fish taken with gear in violation of the provisions of this section. Possession of forage fish while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the forage fish were taken with such gear. Violation of this subsection is punishable under RCW 77.15.380 Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree—Penalty, unless the forage fish are taken in the amounts or manner to constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.370 Unlawful recreational fishing in the first degree—Penalty.

(9) Forage fish limit.

(a) Catch Record Card Areas 5 through 13 and freshwater: 10 pounds total. The possession limit is two daily limits in fresh form. Additional forage fish may be possessed in frozen or processed form;

(b) Catch Record Card Areas 1 through 4, 2.1 (Willapa Bay) and 2.2 (Grays Harbor), excluding sardines and anchovies: 10 pounds total;

(c) Catch Record Card Areas 1 through 4, 2.1 (Willapa Bay) and 2.2 (Grays Harbor), sardines and anchovies: 25 pounds total;

(d) The possession limit is two daily limits in fresh form. Additional forage fish may be possessed in frozen or processed form.

**WAC 220-315-030 Smelt—Areas and seasons.** (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess Columbia River smelt or eulachon (*Thaleichthys pacificus*).

(2) Fishing for smelt other than Columbia River smelt or eulachon (*Thaleichthys pacificus*) is permissible year-round on Pacific Ocean beaches (~~(and in all rivers concurrent with a salmon or gamefish opening, except it is unlawful to fish for smelt in the Columbia River and its tributaries)~~).

(3) Fishing for smelt other than Columbia River smelt or eulachon (*Thaleichthys pacificus*) is open in Puget Sound (~~(and the)~~), Strait of Juan de Fuca, and all rivers, concurrent with a salmon or gamefish opening, year-round except:

(a) (~~Closed weekly from 10:00 p.m. Tuesday to 6:00 a.m. Friday for all gear types except forage fish jig gear; and~~) Forage fish dip net is closed from 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. daily, and closed Wednesdays and Thursdays.

(b) Closed year-round in Catch Record Card Area 12 for all gear types.

(c) Closed year-round in Columbia River and its tributaries for all gear types.

(d) Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(4) It is unlawful to possess smelt taken with gear in violation of the provisions of this section. Possession of smelt while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the smelt were taken with such gear. Possession of such smelt is punishable under RCW 77.15.380, Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree—Penalty, unless the smelt are taken in an amount or manner to constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.370, Unlawful recreational fishing in the first degree—Penalty.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-112, filed 2/15/17, effective 3/18/17)

**WAC 220-300-040 Definitions—Bottomfish.** The term "bottomfish," unless otherwise provided, is defined as including Pacific cod, Pacific tomcod, Pacific hake, walleye pollock (~~((all species of dabs, sole and flounders (except Pacific halibut)))~~), lingcod (~~((and all other species of greenling))~~), ratfish, sablefish, cabezon, buffalo sculpin, great sculpin, red Irish lord, brown Irish lord, Pacific staghorn sculpin, wolf-eel, giant wry mouth, plainfin midshipman, North Pacific spiny dogfish, (~~((six gill))~~) sixgill shark, (~~((soupfin shark and all other species of))~~) tope shark, and all species of skate, dab, sole, flounder (except Pacific halibut), greenling, shark, rockfish, rat-tail((s)), and (~~((surfperches))~~) surfperch (except shiner perch).

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-112, filed 2/15/17, effective 3/18/17)

**WAC 220-300-130 Definition—Forage fish.** "Forage fish" is defined as anchovy, herring, sand lance, sardine, and all species of smelt.

**WAC 220-300-370 Food fish—Classification.** The following species are classified as food fish under RCW 77.12.047 and are subject to the provisions of this title:

**Barracuda**

Pacific barracuda *Sphyraena argentea*

**Cyprinids**

Carp *Cyprinus carpio*

**~~((Cods and hake))~~ Codfishes**

Pacific hake or whiting *Merluccius productus*

Walleye pollock *Gadus chalcogrammus*

Pacific Tomcod *Microgadus proximus*

Pacific Cod or true cod *Gadus macrocephalus*

**~~((Flounder, sole and halibut))~~ Flatfishes**

Butter sole or *Isopsetta isolepis*  
Bellingham sole

C-O sole *((Pleuronichthys))*  
*Pleuronichthys coenosus*

Dover sole *Microstomus pacificus*

English sole *Parophrys vetulus*

Flathead sole *Hippoglossoides*  
*elassodon*

Pacific halibut *Hippoglossus stenolepis*

Petrale sole *Eopsetta jordani*

Rex sole *Glyptocephalus zachirus*

Northern rock sole *Lepidopsetta polyxystra*

Southern rock sole *Lepidopsetta bilineata*

Pacific sand dab *Citharichthys sordidus*

Sand sole *Psettichthys melanostictus*

Slender sole *Lyopsetta exilis*

Speckled sand dab *Citharichthys stigmaeus*

Starry flounder *Platichthys stellatus*

Turbot or Arrowtooth  
flounder *Atheresthes stomias*

All other species of sole  
and flounder (Pleuronectiformes)

~~((Giant wrymouth~~ *Delolepsis gigantea))*

**Greenling**

Lingcod *Ophiodon elongatus*

Rock greenling *Hexagrammos*  
*superciliosus*

Kelp greenling *Hexagrammos*  
*decagrammus*

All other species of  
greenling (Hexagrammidae)

**Herring and ~~((herring-like))~~ other forage fishes**

Northern anchovy *Engraulis mordax*

Pacific sand lance ~~((or~~  
eandlefish)) *Ammodytes personatus*

Pacific herring	<i>Clupea pallasii</i>
Pacific sardine or pilchard	<i>Sardinops sagax</i>
American shad	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>

**Mackerels, tunas, and jacks  
(((carangids)))**

Pacific bonito	<i>Sarda chiliensis</i>
Pacific mackerel	<i>Scomber japonicus</i>
Jack mackerel	<i>Trachurus symmetricus</i>
Monterey Spanish mackerel	<i>Scomberomorus concolor</i>
Spanish mackerel	<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>
Yellowtail	<i>Seriola dorsalis</i>
Albacore	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Bluefin tuna	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>
Skipjack tuna	<i>Euthynnus pelamis</i>
Yellowfin tuna	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
All other species of tunas and mackerels	(Scombridae)
((Pacific pomfret	<i>Brama japonica</i>
Pacific pompano	<i>Peprilus simillimus</i>
Plainfin midshipman	<i>Parichthys notatus</i>
Ratfish	<i>Hydrolagus colliei</i>
Rattails, all species	(Coryphaenoididae)

**Skates**

Longnose skate	<i>Raja rhina</i>
Big skate	<i>Raja binoculata</i>
All other species of skates	(Rajiformes))

**Rockfish**

Bocaccio	<i>Sebastes paucispinis</i>
Black rockfish	<i>Sebastes melanops</i>
Brown rockfish	<i>Sebastes auriculatus</i>
Copper rockfish	<i>Sebastes caurinus</i>
Greenstriped rockfish	<i>Sebastes elongatus</i>
Canary rockfish	<i>Sebastes pinniger</i>
Pacific Ocean perch	<i>Sebastes alutus</i>
Yelloweye ((or rasphead)) rockfish	<i>Sebastes ruberrimus</i>
((Rosefish or)) Splitnose rockfish	<i>Sebastes diploproa</i> (( <i>Sebastes brevispinis</i> ))
Silvergray rockfish	(( <i>Sebastes maliger</i> )) <i>Sebastes brevispinis</i>
Quillback rockfish	(( <i>Sebastes flavidus</i> )) <i>Sebastes maliger</i>
Yellowtail rockfish	((( <i>Scorpaenidae</i> ))) <i>Sebastes flavidus</i>
All other species of rockfish Sablefish	(( <i>Anoplopoma fimbria</i> )) ( <i>Scorpaenidae</i> )

**Salmon**



Chinook or King salmon (except in its landlocked form as defined in WAC 232-12-018)	<i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i>
Chum or dog salmon	<i>Oncorhynchus keta</i>
Pink or humpback	<i>Oncorhynchus gorbuscha</i>
Coho or silver (except in its landlocked form as defined in WAC 232-12-018)	<i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i>
Sockeye or blue back	<i>Oncorhynchus nerka</i>
Masu	<i>Oncorhynchus masu</i>
Atlantic salmon (except in its landlocked form)	<i>Salmo salar</i>

**Sculpins**

Brown Irish lord	<i>Hemilepidotus spinosus</i>
Buffalo sculpin	<i>Enophrys bison</i>
Cabezon	<i>Scorpaenichthys marmoratus</i>
Great sculpin	<i>Myoxocephalus polyacanthocephalus</i>
Pacific Staghorn sculpin	<i>Leptocottus armatus</i>
Red Irish lord	<i>Hemilepidotus hemilepidotus</i>

**Seabass and drums**

White seabass	<i>Cynoscion nobilis</i>
All other seabass and drums	(Sciaenidae and Serranidae)

**Sharks**

Sixgill shark	<i>Hexanchus griseus</i>
<del>((Southern or))</del> <u>Tope</u> shark	<i>Galeorhinus galeus</i>
<del>((Dogfish or))</del> <u>North</u> <u>Pacific spiny dogfish</u>	<i>Squalus suckleyi</i>
All other species of sharks	(Selachimorpha)

**Skates**

<u>Longnose skate</u>	<i>Raja rhina</i>
<u>Big skate</u>	<i>Beringraja Binoculata</i>
<u>All other species of skate</u>	(Rajiformes)

**Smelts**

Eulachon or Columbia River smelt	<i>Thaleichthys pacificus</i>
Longfin smelt	<i>Spirinchus thaleichthys</i>
Surf smelt	<i>Hypomesus pretiosus</i>
All other species of smelt	(Osmeridae)

**Sturgeons**

Green sturgeon	<i>Acipenser medirostris</i>
White sturgeon	<i>Acipenser transmontanus</i>

**Surfperches**

Blue perch or striped seaperch	<i>Embiotoca lateralis</i>
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Kelp perch	<i>Brachyistius frenatus</i>
Redtail surfperch	<i>Amphistichus rhodoterus</i>
Shiner perch	<i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i>
Pile perch	<i>Rhacochilus vacca</i>
Walleye surfperch	<i>Hyperprosopon argenteum</i>
White seaperch	<i>Phanerodon furcatus</i>
All other species of perch	(Embiotocidae)
( <del>Wolf-eel</del>	<del><i>Anarrhichthys ocellatus</i></del> )
<b>Hagfishes</b>	
Pacific hagfish	<i>Eptatretus stouti</i>
Black hagfish	<i>Eptatretus deani</i>
<b>Other</b>	
Opah	<i>Lampris guttatus</i>
Swordfish	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>
Striped marlin	<i>Kajikia audax</i>
Dolphinfish	<i>Coryphaena hippurus</i>
<u>Giant wrymouth</u>	<u><i>Delolepsis gigantea</i></u>
<u>Pacific pomfret</u>	<u><i>Brama japonica</i></u>
<u>Pacific pompano</u>	<u><i>Peprilus simillimus</i></u>
<u>Plainfin midshipman</u>	<u><i>Parichthys notatus</i></u>
<u>Ratfish</u>	<u><i>Hydrolagus colliei</i></u>
<u>Rattails, all species</u>	(Coryphaenoididae)
<u>Sablefish</u>	<u><i>Anoplopoma fimbria</i></u>
<u>Wolf-eel</u>	<u><i>Anarrhichthys ocellatus</i></u>

**WAC 220-330-010 Shellfish—Daily limits, size restrictions, and unlawful acts.** It is unlawful for any one person to possess at any time more than one daily limit of fresh shellfish. Additional shellfish may be possessed in a frozen or processed form. It is unlawful for any one person to take more than the following quantities ~~((and sizes of shellfish for personal use in any one day:~~

~~(1) Cockles, borers and clams in the shell, other than)) of shellfish in any one day for personal use, or take or possess shellfish that measure less than the caliper measurement described in this section. Caliper measurement is defined as a linear measurement when both points of a movable caliper are touching the shell of the shellfish. A fixed caliper gauge is the linear distance between points of the caliper gauge or the diameter of a circular gauge.~~

~~(1) Clams:~~

~~(a) Clams (not including razor clams, geoduck clams and horse clams((~~7~~))):~~

~~(i) Daily limit is 40 clams total, or 10 pounds, whichever is achieved first.~~

~~((2) Razor clams: 15 clams.~~

~~(3) Geoduck clams: 3 clams.~~

~~(4) Horse clams: 7 clams.~~

~~(5) Oysters: 18 oysters. Minimum size before shucking two and one-half inches along the longest dimension of the shell.~~

~~(6) Rock scallops: 6 scallops.~~

~~(7) Weathervane scallops: 12 scallops (over 4 inches).~~

~~(8) Spiny and pink scallops: 10 pounds or 5 quarts in the shell, in the aggregate.~~

~~(9)) (ii) Minimum size for Manila, native littleneck, butter clams, and cockles is 1 1/2 inches across the widest dimension of the shell.~~

~~(b) Geoduck clams:~~

~~(i) Daily limit is first 3 clams dug, regardless of size or condition. Broken clams count towards daily limit. No minimum size limit.~~

~~(ii) It is unlawful to maim, injure or attempt to capture a geoduck by thrusting any instrument through its siphon or to possess only the siphon or neck portion of a geoduck.~~

~~(c) (i) Horse clams:~~

~~(ii) Daily limit is first 7 clams dug, regardless of size or condition. Broken clams count towards daily limit. No minimum size limit.~~

~~(d) (i) Razor clams:~~

~~(ii) Daily limit is 15 clams. No minimum size limit.~~

~~(e) It is unlawful for any person digging clams (other than razor clam) for personal use to fail to refill holes created during the digging operation. Beach terrain must be returned to its original condition by the clam diggers before leaving immediate site of harvest. Violation of provisions of this subsection is an infraction punishable under RCW 77.15.160.~~

~~(f) Relic shells: No license or permit is required to take or possess up to 5 pounds of relic shells per day. It is unlawful to take or possess more than 5 pounds of relic shells from public tidelands without first obtaining a scientific collection permit. Notwithstand-~~

ing the provisions of this section, it is unlawful to remove relic oyster shells from public tidelands.

(2) **Crab:**

(a) **General provisions:**

(i) All crab measurements must be made at the widest part of the shell (carapace) immediately in front of the points (tips) on the carapace.

(ii) It is unlawful to possess in the field any crab or crab parts without also retaining the back shell of each crab.

(iii) It is unlawful for any person to take or possess any female Dungeness crab.

(iv) It is unlawful to possess soft-shelled crab for any purpose. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(b) **Dungeness crab:**

(i) (A) In Area 1 (except when fishing from the north jetty of the Columbia River), Areas 2, 3, and 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (Coastal waters): Daily limit is 6 male crab.

(B) Minimum size limit is 6 inches.

(ii) (A) In the Columbia River upstream of a line from the outermost end of the north jetty to the exposed end of the south jetty, and when fishing from the north jetty of the Columbia River: Daily limit is 12 male crab.

(B) Minimum size limit is 5 3/4 inches.

(iii) (A) In Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line, and Areas 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 (Puget Sound): Daily limit is 5 male crab.

(B) Minimum size limit is 6 1/4 inches.

(c) **Red rock crab:**

(i) Daily limit is 6 crab. Either sex may be retained.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 5 inches.

(d) **King and box crab:** Closed in all waters.

(e) **Tanner crab:**

(i) Daily limit is 6 crab.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 4 1/2 inches. Either sex may be retained.

(3) **Crawfish:**

(a) Daily limit is 10 pounds, whole crawfish in the shell.

(b) Minimum size limit 3 1/4 inches from tip of rostrum to tip of tail.

(c) Female crawfish with eggs or young attached to the abdomen must be released immediately.

(d) Take or possession of crawfish must also comply with provisions of chapter 220-640 WAC.

(4) **Goose barnacles:** Daily limit is 10 pounds of whole barnacles in the shell or 5 pounds of barnacle stalks. No minimum size limit.

(5) **Mussels:** Daily limit is 10 pounds in the shell, all species in the aggregate. No minimum size limit.

(6) **Octopus:** Daily limit is one octopus. No minimum size limit.

(7) **Oysters:**

(a) Daily limit is 18 oysters.

(b) Minimum size limit before shucking is 2 1/2 inches along the widest dimension of the shell. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(c) Oysters taken for personal use must be shucked before removing oysters from the intertidal zone and the shells replaced on the tidelands at the approximate tide level from which original was taken.

Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(8) **Scallops:**

(a) **Rock scallops:**

(i) Daily limit is 6 scallops.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 4 inches. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(b) **Pink and spiny scallops:**

(i) Combined daily limit is 40 scallops in the shell.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 2 inches. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(c) **Weathervane scallops:**

(i) Daily limits is 12 scallops.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 4 inches.

(9) **California sea cucumbers:** Daily limit is 18 sea cucumbers. No minimum size limit.

(10) **Sea urchins:**

(a) **Red sea urchins:**

(i) Daily limit is 18 red sea urchins.

(ii) Minimum size limit 3 1/4 inch shell diameter exclusive of the spines. Maximum size limit is 5 inch shell diameter exclusive of the spines. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(b) **Purple sea urchins:**

(i) Daily limit is 18 purple sea urchins.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 2 1/4 inch shell diameter exclusive of the spines.

(c) **Green sea urchins:**

(i) Daily limit is 18 green sea urchins.

(ii) Minimum size limit is 2 1/4 inch shell diameter exclusive of the spines.

(11) **Shrimp:**

(a) In Areas 1 ((through)), 2, and 3 and Area 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line: Daily total weight limit is 25 pounds, maximum of 200 spot shrimp as part of the 25-pound limit.

(b) (i) In Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line and Areas 5 ((through)), 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13: First Saturday in May through May 31, daily limit is 80 shrimp; during all other open periods daily total weight limit is 10 pounds (whole shrimp) all species combined, maximum of 80 spot shrimp as part of the 10-pound limit((-

(10) Pinto abalone: Closed statewide.

(11) Crawfish: 10 pounds in the shell. Minimum size 3 1/4 inches from tip of rostrum to tip of tail. Female crawfish with eggs or young attached to the abdomen must be released immediately.

(12) Sea cucumbers: 25 sea cucumbers.

(13) Red sea urchins: 18 sea urchins.

(14) Purple sea urchins: 18 sea urchins.

(15) Green sea urchins: 36 sea urchins.

(16) Dungeness crab:

(a) In Area 1 except when fishing from the north jetty of the Columbia River and Areas 2, 3, and 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line - 6 male crab.

(b) In Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line, and Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 - 5 male crabs.

~~(c) In the Columbia River upstream of a line from the outermost end of the north jetty to the exposed end of the south jetty, or when fishing from the north jetty of the Columbia River — 12 male crab.~~

~~(17) Red rock crab: 6 crab.~~

~~(18) Mussels: 10 pounds in the shell, in the aggregate.~~

~~(19) Goose barnacles: 10 pounds of whole barnacles or 5 pounds of barnacle stalks.~~

~~(20) Ghost and mud shrimp: 10 dozen.~~

~~(21) King and box crab: Closed statewide.~~

~~(22) Tanner crab: 6 crab).~~

(ii) Shrimp heads may be removed, but after May 31 must be retained in the field until ashore and finished fishing for the day.

(c) Ghost and mud shrimp: Daily limit is 120 shrimp.

(12) Squid:

(a) Humboldt squid: 1 squid. No minimum size limit.

(b) All other species of squid: Daily limit is 10 pounds or 5 quarts of squid. No minimum size limit.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-112, filed 2/15/17, effective 3/18/17)

**WAC 220-330-020 ((Personal-use shellfish gear Unlawful acts.))**

**Crab, shrimp, crawfish—Gear and gear-related unlawful acts.** ~~((1) It is unlawful to violate the following provisions regarding unattended shellfish gear:~~

~~(a) Unattended shellfish gear must be marked with a buoy that lists the first and last name and permanent mailing address of the owner.~~

~~(i) The information on the buoy must be permanent, visible, and legible.~~

~~(ii) Only one person's name and address may appear on a marker buoy.~~

~~(b) All buoys must consist of durable material. It is unlawful to use bleach, antifreeze or detergent bottles, paint cans, or any other container as a buoy.~~

~~(c) Buoys must remain visible on the surface at all times, except during extreme tidal conditions.~~

~~(d) The line attaching a buoy to shellfish gear must be weighted sufficiently to prevent the line from floating on the water's surface.~~

~~(2) It is unlawful to fish for or possess shellfish taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear unless the gear allows for escapement using at least one of the following methods:~~

~~(a) Attachment of pot lid hooks or tiedown straps with a single strand or loop of untreated, 100 percent cotton twine no larger than thread size 120 so that the pot lid will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.~~

~~(b) An opening in the pot mesh no less than three inches by five inches which is laced or sewn closed with untreated, 100 percent cotton twine no larger than thread size 120. The opening must be located within the top half of the pot and be unimpeded by the entry tunnels, bait boxes, or any other structures or materials.~~

~~(c) Attachment of pot lid or one pot side serving as a pot lid with no more than 3 single loops of untreated 100 percent cotton or~~

~~other natural fiber twine no larger than thread size 120 so that the pot lid or side will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.~~

~~(3) It is unlawful to set shellfish pots in a manner that they are not covered by water at all times.~~

~~(4) Use of gear in violation of this section is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160, except failure to use untreated cotton twine as provided for in subsection (2) of this section is a misdemeanor punishable under RCW 77.15.380 Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree Penalty.~~

~~(5) It is unlawful to possess shellfish taken with gear in violation of the provisions of this section. Possession of shellfish while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the shellfish were taken with that gear. Violation of this subsection is punishable under RCW 77.15.380 Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree Penalty, unless the shellfish are taken in the amounts or manner to constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.370 Unlawful recreational fishing in the first degree Penalty.)~~

**General gear requirements**

(1) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess crab, shrimp, and crawfish except by hand or with hand dip nets, ring nets, shellfish pots, or any hand-operated, nonmechanized instrument. It is unlawful to harvest shellfish in any manner that penetrates the shell.

(2) It is unlawful to set, fish, or pull more than 2 units of gear per person per day, unless otherwise provided in this subsection. A unit of gear is defined as a hand dip net, shellfish pot, ring net or any other instrument used to capture crab, shrimp, or crawfish. A violation of this subsection is punishable under RCW 77.15.160, 77.15.380, or 77.15.370, depending on the circumstances of the violation.

(a) In Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line and Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 (Puget Sound), it is unlawful to set, fish, or pull more than 2 units of crab gear and 2 additional units of shrimp gear per person per day.

(b) In Areas 4, 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13, it is unlawful for the operator of any boat from which shrimp pots are set, fished, or pulled to have on board or to fish more than 4 shrimp pots.

(c) In the Columbia River, it is unlawful to set, fish, or pull more than 3 units of crab gear per person.

(d) In fresh water, it is permissible to use up to 5 units of gear per person to fish for crawfish.

(3) It is unlawful to violate the following provisions regarding unattended shellfish gear:

(a)(i) Unattended shellfish gear must be marked with a buoy that permanently, visibly, and legibly lists the first and last name and permanent mailing address of the owner.

(ii) Only one person's name and address may appear on a marker buoy.

(b) All buoys must consist of durable material. It is unlawful to use bleach, antifreeze or detergent bottles, paint cans, or any other container as a buoy.

(c) Buoys must remain visible on the surface at all times, except during extreme tidal conditions.

(d) The line attaching a buoy to shellfish gear must be weighted sufficiently to prevent the line from floating on the water's surface.

(e) Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(4) It is unlawful to have more than one unit of unattended gear attached to a buoy line and buoy, or to fail to have a separate buoy for each unit of gear. A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor, punishable under RCW 77.15.382 Unlawful use of shellfish gear for personal-use purposes—Penalty.

(5) It is unlawful for any person to operate a shellfish pot not attached to a buoy bearing that person's name, except that a second person may assist the pot owner in operation of the gear. A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor, punishable under RCW 77.15.180 Unlawful interference with fishing or hunting gear—Penalty.

(6) It is unlawful to fish for or possess shellfish taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear unless the gear allows for escapement using at least one of the following methods:

(a) Attachment of pot lid hooks or tiedown straps with a single strand or loop of untreated, 100 percent cotton twine, hemp, jute, or sisal no larger than thread size 120 so that the pot lid will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.

(b) An opening in the pot mesh no less than 3 inches by 5 inches which is laced or sewn closed with untreated, 100 percent cotton twine, hemp, jute, or sisal no larger than thread size 120. The opening must be located within the top half of the pot and be unimpeded by the entry tunnels, bait boxes, or any other structures or materials.

(c) Attachment of pot lid or one pot side serving as a pot lid with no more than 3 single loops of untreated 100 percent cotton, hemp, jute, or sisal no larger than thread size 120 so that the pot lid or side will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.

(d) Use of gear in violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(7) It is unlawful to set shellfish pots in a manner that they are not covered by water at all times. Use of gear in violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

**(8) Gear setting and retrieval:**

(a) It is unlawful to fish, or place or retrieve gear outside of open days and hours.

(b) It is unlawful to fail to remove gear prior to the closure of a fishery.

(c) It is unlawful to fail to remove gear from the water within one hour after sunset if fishing is not allowed on the next calendar day.

(d) In waters that are open continuously, shellfish gear may be left in the water overnight, but may not be set or pulled from a vessel from one hour after official sunset to one hour before official sunrise in Catch Record Card Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line and Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13.

**(9) Crab pot gear requirements:**

(a) All buoys attached to crab gear must be half red or half fluorescent red in color and half white in color. Flags and staff, if attached, may be any color. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(b) It is unlawful to fish for crab using shellfish pot gear greater than 13 cubic feet in volume.

(c) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken with shellfish pot gear that are equipped with tunnel triggers or other devices which prevent free exit of crabs under the legal limit unless the gear



is equipped with 2 or more escape rings located in the upper half of the pot and escape rings are 4 1/4 inches inside diameter or larger, except in the Columbia River where escape ring minimum size is 4 inches inside diameter.

(d) It is unlawful to use mesh size smaller than 1 1/2 inches for crab pots.

(e) Unless otherwise designated, a violation of this subsection is a violation of RCW 77.15.382. Possession of crab while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the crab were taken with such gear.

(10) **Shrimp pot gear requirements:**

(a) All buoys attached to shrimp gear must be yellow or fluorescent yellow in color. Flags and staff, if attached, may be any color. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(b) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess shrimp taken with shellfish pot gear unless the gear meets the following requirements:

(i) A shrimp pot may not exceed 10 feet in perimeter and 1 1/2 feet in height.

(ii) The entire top, bottom, and sides of the shrimp pot must be constructed of mesh material. Use of liners is prohibited.

(iii) Shrimp pot minimum mesh size:

(A) Year-round, Marine Areas 1, 2, 3, and 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line and shoreward of 20 fathoms, the minimum mesh size for shrimp pots is 1/2 inch. Seaward of 20 fathoms, the minimum mesh size for shrimp pots is 1 inch.

(B) May 1 through October 15, Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line, and Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13, the minimum mesh size for shrimp pots is 1 inch, with the following exception: June 1 through October 15, in any Marine Area or portion thereof that is closed for spot shrimp but open for coonstripe and pink shrimp, the minimum mesh size for shrimp pots is 1/2 inch.

(C) Half-inch mesh is defined as mesh that a 3/8 inch square peg will pass through each mesh opening; flexible (web) mesh pots must have mesh size openings that are a minimum of 1 1/8 inch stretch measure.

(D) One inch mesh is defined as a mesh that a 7/8 inch square peg will pass through each mesh opening; flexible (web) mesh pots must have mesh size openings that are a minimum of 1 3/4 inch stretch measure.

(iv) Entrance tunnels to shrimp pots may be constructed of any size mesh material. All entrance tunnels must open into the pot from the side. The sum of the maximum widths of all entrance tunnel openings must not exceed half of the perimeter of the bottom of the pot.

(v) Unless otherwise designated, a violation of this subsection is a violation of RCW 77.15.382. Possession of shrimp while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the shrimp were taken with such gear.

(c) In the field, it is unlawful for each person harvesting shrimp to fail to use a separate container to hold their catch and the container must be in the harvester's presence or identified with the harvester's name. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(d) It is unlawful to dig for or possess ghost or mud shrimp taken by any method except hand operated, nonmechanized suction devices or dug by hand.

**WAC 220-330-040 Crab—Areas and seasons (~~(—Personal use)~~)**. (1)

It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use from Puget Sound except during the following seasons:

(a) Marine Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line, and Areas 5, 6, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13: Open 7:00 a.m., July 1 through Labor Day, Thursday through Monday of each week.

(b) Those waters of Marine Area 7 south and west of a line projected from Village Point, Lummi Island (48° 43.038'N, 122° 43.127'W), through the navigation buoy just east of Matia Island (48° 44.610'N, 122° 48.961'W), thence to the buoy at Clements Reef (48° 46.659'N, 122° 53.481'W), thence to the easternmost point of Patos Island (48° 47.123'N, 122° 56.441'W), thence running along the northern shore of Patos Island to the westernmost point of Patos Island (48° 47.355'N, 122° 58.308'W), thence true west to the international boundary and south of a line that extends south-southwest from Point Francis on Portage Island (48° 41.627'N, 122° 37.013'W), through the marker just north of Inati Bay on Lummi Island (48° 40.467'N, 122° 37.234'W) to Lummi Island (48° 40.331'N, 122° 37.262'W): Open 7:00 a.m., July 15 through September 30, Thursday through Monday of each week.

(c) Those waters of Marine Area 7 north and east of a line projected from Village Point, Lummi Island (~~((through the navigation buoy just east of Matia Island thence to the buoy at Clements Reef thence to the easternmost point of Patos Island, running along the northern shoreline of Patos Island and from the westernmost point of Patos Island true west to the international boundary and north of a line that extends from Point Francis on Portage Island, through the marker just north of Inati Bay on Lummi Island to Lummi Island))~~) (48° 43.038'N, 122° 43.127'W), through the navigation buoy just east of Matia Island (48° 44.610'N, 122° 48.961'W), thence to the buoy at Clements Reef (48° 46.659'N, 122° 53.481'W), thence to the easternmost point of Patos Island (48° 47.123'N, 122° 56.441'W), thence running along the northern shore of Patos Island to the westernmost point of Patos Island (48° 47.355'N, 122° 58.308'W), thence true west to the international boundary and south of a line that extends south-southwest from Point Francis on Portage Island (48° 41.627'N, 122° 37.013'W), through the marker just north of Inati Bay on Lummi Island (48° 40.467'N, 122° 37.234'W) to Lummi Island (48° 40.331'N, 122° 37.262'W): Open 7:00 a.m. August 15 through September 30, Thursday through Monday of each week.

(2) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear from Marine Areas 1, 2, 3, and Area 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line except during the period from December 1 through September 15, except that it is lawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear from Marine Area 2-1 (Willapa Bay) from November 15 through September 15. Open to gear other than shellfish pot gear year-round.

(3) The Columbia River upstream from a line projected from the outermost end of the north jetty to the exposed end of the south jetty is open year-round to crab fishing for personal use (~~((year-round))~~).

(4) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use with shellfish pot or ring net gear from the waters of Padilla Bay or Swinomish Slough within 25 yards of the (~~((Burlington Northern))~~)

railroad crossing the northern end of Swinomish Slough except from one hour before official sunrise to one hour after official sunset.

~~((5) Violation of this section is a misdemeanor, punishable under RCW 77.15.380, Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree —Penalty.))~~

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-112, filed 2/15/17, effective 3/18/17)

**WAC 220-330-070 Shrimp—Areas and seasons.** It is unlawful to fish for or possess shrimp taken for personal use from the following areas, except as otherwise provided in this section:

(1) It is unlawful to fish for or possess shrimp taken for personal use in Marine Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line and Marine Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 ~~((except as provided by emergency rule)).~~

(2) Marine Areas 1 through 3 and Marine Area 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line - Open year-round.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-13-013, filed 6/7/19, effective 7/8/19)

**WAC 220-330-090 Crawfish, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, goose barnacles, scallops, squid, octopus—Areas and seasons** ~~((, personal-use fishery)).~~ (1) It is unlawful to fish for personal use for crawfish, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, goose barnacles, and scallops except in the following areas and seasons:

(a) Crawfish: ~~((The open season for crawfish is))~~ Open in all waters from the first Monday in May through October 31.

~~((2) Sea urchins: It is lawful to fish for sea urchins for personal use the entire year. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess sea urchins for personal use with any hand-operated instrument which does not penetrate the shell.~~

~~(3) Sea cucumbers: It is lawful to fish for sea cucumbers for personal use the entire year except closed year-round in Marine Area 12. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess sea cucumbers for personal use with any hand-operated instrument which does not penetrate the animal.~~

~~(4) Goose barnacles: It is lawful to take goose barnacles for personal use the entire year.)~~

(b) Sea cucumbers and sea urchins: Open year-round in all waters, except that it is unlawful to take sea cucumbers and sea urchins in Area 12 and in the following closed areas:

(i) Those waters of San Juan Channel and Upright Channel within the following lines: North and west of a line from the northernmost point of Turn Island on San Juan Island (48° 32.146'N, 122° 58.279'W) to Flat Point on Lopez Island (48° 33.060'N, 122° 55.181'W) and thence projected from Flat Point true west to Shaw Island (48° 33.062'N, 122° 56.509'W) north of a line projected from the northernmost point of Turn Island (48° 32.146'N, 122° 58.279'W) true west to San Juan Island

(48° 32.146'N, 122° 59.033'W) west of a line from Neck Point on Shaw Island (48° 35.233'N, 123° 0.744'W) to Steep Point on Orcas Island (48° 36.559'N, 123° 1.387'W) and south of a line from Steep Point on Orcas Island to Limestone Point on San Juan Island (48° 37.348'N, 123° 6.450'W).

(ii) Those waters of Haro Strait north of a line projected true west from the southernmost point of Cattle Point on San Juan Island (48° 27.006'N, 122° 57.818'W) to the international border and south of a line projected true west from a point one-quarter mile north of Lime Kiln Light on San Juan Island (48° 31.202'N, 123° 9.162'W) to the international border.

(iii) Argyle Lagoon: Those University of Washington-owned tidelands and all bedlands enclosed by the inner spit of Argyle Lagoon on San Juan Island.

(iv) Those waters within one-quarter mile of Tatoosh Island.

(v) Those waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca in the vicinity of Low Point west of a line projected true north from the shoreline at 123° 48.3'W longitude to the international border, and east of a line projected true north from the shoreline at 123° 52.7'W longitude to the international border at 123° 52.7'W longitude.

(vi) Those waters of Eagle Harbor west of a line projected from Wing Point (47° 37.241'N, 122° 29.535'W) to Eagle Harbor Creosote Light Number 1 (47° 36.975'N, 122° 29.792'W), then projected true west to the shore on Bainbridge Island (47° 36.975'N, 122° 29.977'W).

(vii) The waters of Sinclair Inlet west of a line projected southerly from the easternmost point of Point Turner (47° 33.886'N, 122° 37.397'W) to landfall directly below the Veteran's Home in Annapolis (47° 32.868'N, 122° 36.973'W).

(viii) All waters of Hale Passage and Wollochet Bay within the following lines: West of a line projected true south from the shoreline near Point Fosdick (47° 14'N, 122° 35'W), and thence projected true west to the shoreline of Fox Island (47° 14'N, 122° 35.368'W) and east of a line projected true south from the shoreline near Green Point (47° 16.5'N, 122° 41'W), and thence projected true east to the shoreline of Fox Island (47° 16.5'N, 122° 40.145'W).

(c) **Goose barnacles:**

(i) In Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line, and Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 (Puget Sound), open year-round.

(ii) In Areas 1, 2, and 3 and Area 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (outside of Olympic National Park), open November 1 through March 31 only.

(d) **Scallops:** Open in all waters year-round.

(e) **Squid:** Open in all waters year-round.

(f) **Octopus:** Open year-round in all waters, except that is unlawful to take octopus in Area 12 and from the following closed areas:

(i) **Redondo Beach.** Redondo Beach is defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands within the area described by a line starting from shore at 47° 20.927'N, 122° 19.462'W; then northwesterly to 47° 20.947'N, 122° 19.513'W; then to 47° 20.955'N, 122° 19.564'W; then northeasterly to 47° 21.039'N, 122° 19.496'W; then returning to shore at 47° 21.011'N, 122° 19.42'W.

(ii) **Three Tree Point.** Three Tree Point is defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands within the area described by a line starting from shore at 47° 27.108'N, 122° 22.811'W; then northwesterly to 47° 27.255'N, 122° 22.948'W; then northeasterly to 47° 27.425'N, 122° 22.617'W; then returning to shore at 47° 27.278'N, 122° 22.461'W.

(iii) Alki Beach Seacrest Coves 1, 2, and 3. Alki Beach Seacrest Coves 1, 2, and 3 are defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands within the area described by a line starting from shore at 47° 35.216'N, 122° 22.622'W; then northeasterly and offshore to 47° 35.268'N, 122° 22.560'W; then northwesterly to 47° 35.492'N, 122° 23.87'W; then returning to shore at 47° 35.480'N, 122° 23.905'W. This area does not include waters within 150 feet of the Seacrest Public Fishing Pier, as demarcated at the surface with buoys and on the sea floor by a perimeter line.

(iv) Les Davis. Les Davis is defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands within the area described by a line starting from shore at 47° 17.086'N, 122° 29.120'W; the northeasterly to 47° 17.176'N, 122° 29.016'W; then southeasterly to 47° 17.115'N, 122° 28.902'W; then returning to shore at 47° 17.025'N, 122° 29.003'W.

(v) Alki Beach Junk Yard. Alki Beach Junk Yard is defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands within the area described by a line starting from shore at 47° 34.677'N, 122° 24.953'W; then northwesterly to 47° 34.834'N, 122° 25.054'W; then northeasterly to 47° 34.946'N, 122° 24.678'W; then returning to shore at 47° 34.789'N, 122° 24.575'W.

(vi) Days Island. Days Island is defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands within the area described by a line starting from shore at 47° 14.125'N, 122° 33.819'W; then west to 47° 14.126'N, 122° 34.024'W; then north to 47° 14.696'N, 122° 34.013'W; then returning to shore at 47° 14.696'N, 122° 34.679'W.

(vii) Deception Pass. Deception Pass is defined as the waters, bedlands, and tidelands east of a line starting at 48° 24.134'N, 122° 39.801'W; and north to 48° 25.169'N, 122° 40.343'W; then east to 48° 25.269'N, 122° 40.161'W; proceeding to 48° 24.925'N, 122° 39.845'W; and west of a line starting at 48° 24.492'N, 122° 36.904'W; and north to 48° 24.815'N, 122° 36.912'W.

(2) It is unlawful to possess squid or octopus taken with gear that violates the provisions of this section. Possession of squid or octopus while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the squid or octopus were taken with such gear.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-08-044, filed 3/29/19, effective 4/29/19)

**WAC 220-330-110 Clams other than razor clams, and mussels—Areas and seasons.** It is ((permissible)) lawful to take, dig for, and possess clams and mussels for personal use from public tidelands year-round, except the following ((restrictions)) seasons apply to the public tidelands at the beaches listed below:

(1) Ala Spit: All public tidelands of Ala Spit are open May 1 through May 31 only.

(2) Alki Park: Closed year-round.

(3) Alki Point: Closed year-round.

(4) Bay Center Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Palix River channel, extending from the Palix River bridge to beyond Bay Center to the north of Goose Point, is closed year-round.

(5) Bay View State Park: Closed year-round.

(6) Belfair State Park: Open year-round.

- (7) Blaine Marine Park: Closed year-round.
- (8) Blake Island State Park Marina: Closed year-round.
- (9) Blowers Bluff North: Closed year-round.
- (10) Brown's Point Lighthouse: Closed year-round.
- (11) Budd Inlet: All state-owned tidelands of Budd Inlet south of a line drawn (~~due~~) true west from the southern boundary of Burfoot Park to the opposite shore near 68th Avenue N.W. are closed year-round.
- (12) Cama Beach State Park: Closed year-round.
- (13) Camano Island State Park: Closed year-round.
- (14) Chuckanut Bay: All tidelands of Chuckanut Bay north of the ((BNSF)) railroad trestle are closed year-round.
- (15) Coupeville: Closed year-round.
- (16) Cultus Bay: Closed year-round.
- (17) Dave Mackie County Park: Closed year-round.
- (18) Des Moines City Park: Closed year-round.
- (19) Discovery Park: Closed year-round.
- (20) DNR-142: Closed year-round.
- (21) DNR-144 (Sleeper): Closed year-round.
- (22) Dockton County Park: Closed year-round.
- (23) Dosewallips State Park: The area defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach is open August 15 through September 7 only.
- (24) Dosewallips State Park South: Closed year-round south of the line defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach.
- (25) Drayton West: All public tidelands of Drayton Harbor are closed year-round, except tidelands identified as approved by the department of health and defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach are open year-round.
- (26) Duckabush: Open November 1 through April 30 only.
- (27) Dungeness Spit and Dungeness National Wildlife Refuge Tidelands: Open May 15 through September 30 only.
- (28) Eagle Creek: Open June 1 through August 31 only.
- (29) East San de Fuca: Tidelands east of the Rolling Hills Glencairn Community dock are closed year-round.
- (30) Eld Inlet Oyster Reserves (Mud Bay reserves): Closed year-round.
- (31) English Camp: Tidelands between the National Park Service dinghy dock to the southern park boundary are closed year-round.
- (32) Evergreen Rotary Park (Port Washington Narrows): Closed year-round.
- (33) Fay Bainbridge Park: Closed year-round.
- (34) Fort Flagler State Park: Open January 1 through April 15 and July 1 through December 31 only, except that portion of Rat Island and the spit west and south of the park boundary is closed year-round from two white posts on the north end of the island at the vegetation line south to the end of the island.
- (35) Freeland County Park: Open October 1 through May 31 only.
- (36) Frye Cove County Park: Open May 1 through May 31 only.
- (37) Fudge Point State Park: Closed year-round.
- (38) Gertrude Island: All tidelands of Gertrude Island are closed year-round.
- (39) Golden Gardens: Closed year-round.
- (40) Graveyard Spit: Closed year-round.
- (41) Guss Island: All tidelands of Guss Island are closed year-round.

- (42) Hoodspport: Tidelands at Hoodspport Salmon Hatchery are closed year-round.
- (43) Hope Island State Park (South Puget Sound): Open May 1 through May 31 only.
- (44) Howarth Park/Darlington Beach: Closed year-round.
- (45) Illahee State Park: Open April 1 through July 31 only.
- (46) Indian Island County Park/Lagoon Beach: From the jetty boundary with Port Townsend Ship Canal east to the beach access stairs on Flagler Road near milepost 4 open August 15 through September 7 only.
- (47) Joemma Beach State Park: Closed year-round.
- (48) Kayak Point County Park: Closed year-round.
- (49) Kitsap Memorial State Park: Closed year-round.
- (50) Kopachuck State Park: Open April 1 through May 31 only.
- (51) Lent Landing (Port Washington Narrows): Closed year-round.
- (52) Liberty Bay: All state-owned tidelands in Liberty Bay north and west of the Keyport Naval Supply Center are closed year-round, except the western shoreline of Liberty Bay from the unincorporated Kitsap County line south to Virginia Point is open October 1 through April 30 only.
- (53) Lincoln Park: Closed year-round.
- (54) Lions Park (Bremerton): Closed year-round.
- (55) Lofall: Closed year-round.
- (56) Long Island Oyster Reserve, Diamond Point and Pinnacle Rock (Willapa Harbor reserves): Diamond Point on the northwest side of Long Island between reserve monuments 39 and 41 and Pinnacle Rock on the southwest side of Long Island between reserve monuments 58 and 59 is open year-round.
- (57) Long Island Slough Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Closed year-round.
- (58) Long Point West: Closed year-round.
- (59) Lower Roto Vista Park: Closed year-round.
- (60) March Point Recreation Area: Closed year-round.
- (61) McNeil Island: All tidelands of McNeil Island are closed year-round.
- (62) Meadowdale County Park: Closed year-round.
- (63) Mee-Kwa-Mooks Park: Closed year-round.
- (64) Monroe Landing: Closed year-round.
- (65) Mukilteo: Closed year-round.
- (66) Mystery Bay State Park: Open October 1 through April 30 only.
- (67) Nahcotta Tidelands: State-owned tidelands east of the Willapa Bay Field Station and Nahcotta Tidelands interpretive site are closed year-round.
- (68) Nemah Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Oyster reserves between reserve monuments 10 and 11 are closed year-round.
- (69) Nisqually National Wildlife Refuge: All state-owned tidelands of the Nisqually River delta south of a line drawn from Luhr Beach boat ramp to Sequelitchew Creek are closed year-round.
- (70) North Bay (Case Inlet): All state-owned tidelands north of the power transmission lines and those extending 1,900 feet south of the power transmission lines along the eastern shore are open March 1 through April 30 and September 1 through September 30, from one hour before official sunrise until one hour after official sunset only.
- (71) North Beach County Park: Closed year-round.
- (72) Oak Bay County Park: Open April 1 through April 30 only.
- (73) Oak Harbor: Closed year-round.
- (74) Oak Harbor Beach Park: Closed year-round.

- (75) Oak Harbor City Park: Closed year-round.
- (76) Oakland Bay: State-owned oyster reserves are open year-round except in areas defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach.
- (77) Old Mill County Park (Silverdale): Closed year-round.
- (78) Olympia Shoal: Closed year-round.
- (79) Pat Carey Vista Park: Closed year-round.
- (80) Penrose Point State Park: Open March 1 through April 30 only, except that portion of Mayo Cove within the commercially prohibited growing area is closed year-round.
- (81) Picnic Point County Park: Closed year-round.
- (82) Pitship Point: Closed year-round.
- (83) Pitt Island: All tidelands on Pitt Island are closed year-round.
- (84) Pleasant Harbor State Park: Closed year-round.
- (85) Pleasant Harbor WDFW Boat Launch: Closed year-round.
- (86) Point Defiance: Closed year-round.
- (87) Point No Point South: Closed year-round.
- (88) Point Whitney Lagoon: Open January 1 through April 15 only.
- (89) Point Whitney Tidelands (excluding Point Whitney Lagoon): Open January 1 through April 15 only.
- (90) Port Angeles Harbor: All public tidelands of Port Angeles Harbor and interior tidelands of Ediz Hook are closed year-round.
- (91) Port Gamble Heritage Park Tidelands: Open year-round.
- (92) Port Gardner: Closed year-round.
- (93) Port Townsend Ship Canal/Portage Beach: Open January 1 through May 31 only.
- (94) Post Point: Closed year-round.
- (95) Potlatch DNR tidelands: Open April 1 through July 7 only.
- (96) Potlatch State Park: Open April 1 through July 7 only.
- (97) Priest Point County Park: Closed year-round.
- (98) Purdy Spit County Park: The southern shore of the spit from the boat ramp east to the southern utility tower near Purdy Bridge is open April 1 through April 30 only.
- (99) Quilcene Bay Tidelands: All state-owned tidelands in Quilcene Bay north of a line drawn from the Quilcene Boat Haven to Fisherman's Point are closed to the harvest of clams year-round, except those state-owned tidelands on the west side of the bay north of the Quilcene Boat Haven are open year-round.
- (100) Retsil: Closed year-round.
- (101) Richmond Beach Saltwater Park: Closed year-round.
- (102) Salt Creek Recreation Area (DNR-419): Closed year-round.
- (103) Saltair Beach (Kingston Ferry Terminal): Closed year-round.
- (104) Saltwater State Park: Closed year-round.
- (105) Samish Bay: Public tidelands of Samish Bay between Scotts Point and ((an unnamed)) a point on the shore ((~~latitude N48.5745°; longitude W122.4440°~~)) at 48° 34.47'N, 122° 26.64'W) are closed year-round.
- (106) Scenic Beach State Park: Closed year-round.
- (107) Seahurst County Park: Closed year-round.
- (108) Semiahmoo County Park: Closed year-round.
- (109) Semiahmoo Marina: Closed year-round.
- (110) Sequim Bay State Park: Open January 1 through June 30 only.
- (111) Shine Tidelands State Park: Open January 1 through May 15 only.
- (112) Silverdale Waterfront Park: Closed year-round.



(113) Sinclair Inlet: All public tidelands of Sinclair Inlet west of a line drawn from the intersection of Bancroft Road and Beach Drive East northerly to Point Herron are closed year-round.

(114) Skagit Bay Estuary Wildlife Areas: All public tidelands of Skagit Bay Estuary Wildlife Area, Fir Island Farms Reserve Wildlife Area, Island Wildlife Area, Camano Island Wildlife Area and Leque Island Wildlife Area are closed year-round.

(115) South Carkeek Park: Closed year-round.

(116) Southworth: Closed year-round.

(117) Spencer Spit State Park: Open March 1 through July 31 only.

(118) Stuart Island State Park - Reid Harbor (South Beach): Closed year-round.

(119) Taylor Bay: Closed year-round.

(120) Totten Inlet Oyster Reserve (Oyster Bay reserves): Closed year-round.

(121) Triton Cove Tidelands: Open June 1 through August 31 only.

(122) Twanoh State Park: Open August 1 through September 30 only.

(123) Walker County Park: Closed year-round.

(124) West Dewatto: DNR Beach 44A open July 1 through September 30 only.

(125) West Pass Access: Closed year-round.

(126) West Penn Cove: From the property boundary at the Grasser's Lagoon access on Highway 20 to the dock extending across the tidelands from Captain Whidbey Inn on Madrona Road is open July 15 through September 15 only.

(127) Willapa River Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Reserves located in the Willapa River channel extending west and upriver from a point approximately one-quarter mile from the blinker light marking the division of Willapa River channel and the North River channel are closed year-round.

(128) Wolfe Property State Park: Open January 1 through May 15 only.

(129) Woodard Bay Natural Resource Conservation Area: Closed year-round.

(130) It is permissible to take, dig for, and possess mussels and clams (~~(, cockles, borers, and mussels)~~), not including razor clams, for personal use from the Pacific Ocean beaches from November 1 through March 31 only.

~~((Violation of the provisions of this section shall be an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.))~~

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-18-004, filed 8/24/17, effective 9/24/17)

**WAC 220-330-120 Clams, oysters, mussels, scallops, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, squid, octopus—Gear and gear-related unlawful acts.**  
~~((1))~~ It is unlawful to take, dig for ~~((and))~~, fish for, or possess clams ~~((excluding razor clams), cockles, and mussels taken for personal use except)~~, oysters, mussels, scallops, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, squid, or octopus for personal use, except using gear outlined in the following subsections:

(1) Clams (excluding razor clams and geoducks): By hand or with hand-operated forks, picks, mattocks, rakes and shovels. ((Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

~~(2) It is unlawful to take, dig for and possess razor clams taken for personal use except))~~

(2) Razor clams: By hand, shovels or with cylindrical cans, tubes or hinged digging devices. The opening of tubes or cans must be either circular or elliptical with the circular can/tube having a minimum outside diameter of 4 inches and the elliptical can/tube having a minimum dimension of 4 inches long and 3 inches wide outside diameter. The hinged digging device when opened in a cylindrical position, must have a minimum outside diameter of 4 inches at the bottom. ((Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

~~(3) Any newly designed or modified digging device intended for the recreational use of razor clams must receive the specific approval of the director of fish and wildlife.~~

~~(4) In the field each digger, including holders of razor clam disability permits, must have his or her daily limit in a separate container. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.~~

~~(5) It is unlawful to possess shellfish taken with gear that violates the provisions of this section. Possession of shellfish while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the shellfish were taken with such gear. Possession of such shellfish is punishable under RCW 77.15.380 Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree Penalty, unless the shellfish are taken in the amounts or manner to constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.370 Unlawful recreational fishing in the first degree Penalty.~~

~~(6) It shall be unlawful for any person digging clams other than razor clams for personal use to fail to fill in holes created during the digging operation. Beach terrain must be returned to approximately its original condition by clam diggers before leaving the scene.~~

~~(7) It shall be unlawful to maim, injure or attempt to capture a geoduck by thrusting any instrument through its siphon or to possess only the siphon or neck portion of a geoduck.~~

~~(8) Oysters taken for personal use must be shucked before removing oysters from the intertidal zone and the shells replaced on the tidelands at the approximate tide level from which originally taken and it shall be unlawful for any person to fail to do so.~~

~~(9) It is unlawful to possess Manila, native littleneck, cockle, or butter clams taken for personal use which measure less than 1-1/2 inches across the longest dimension of the shell.~~

~~(10) It is unlawful to return any eastern softshells, horse clams, or geoducks to the beach or water regardless of size or condition. All such clams taken for personal use must be retained by the digger as part of the daily limit.~~

~~(11) Violation of the provisions of this section shall be an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.)~~

(3) Geoducks:

(a) By hand or with nonmechanized hand-operated forks, picks, mattocks, rakes, and shovels and a cylindrical can or tube not exceeding 24 inches in diameter may be used to dig geoduck.

(b) It is unlawful for any person digging clams, other than razor clams, for personal use to fail to fill in holes created during the

digging operation. Beach terrain must be returned to its original condition by the clam diggers immediately after harvest.

(4) It is unlawful to return any horse clams or geoducks to the beach or water regardless of size or condition. All such clams taken for personal use must be retained by the digger as part of their daily limit.

(5) **Oysters and scallops:** By hand or with the aid of a hand-held manually operated prying tool. It is unlawful to use a hammer, mallet or other object to strike oysters and rock scallops during the removal process.

(6) **Sea cucumbers:** By hand or hand-operated, nonmechanized instrument which does not penetrate the animal.

(7) **Sea urchins:** By hand or hand-operated, nonmechanized instrument which does not penetrate the shell.

(8) In the field each harvester, including holders of razor clam disability permits, must have their daily limit in a separate container. Violation of this subsection is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.

(9) **Squid:** It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess squid taken for personal use with more than one line. A maximum of four squid lures may be used. If gear utilizes conventional hooks, it shall not exceed a total of nine points. Herring rakes and hand dip net gear may be used to take squid. In the field each person taking squid must use a separate container to hold their catch.

(10) **Octopus:** Octopus may be taken by hand, only except that one octopus per person per day may be retained when caught incidentally using shellfish pot gear during a lawful shellfish pot fishery. Shellfish pots may not be used to capture octopus outside of a lawful shellfish pot fishery. It is unlawful to take octopus using chemical irritants or by any instrument which will penetrate or mutilate the body, except that it is permissible to retain octopus taken while angling with hook and line gear during a lawful hook and line fishery.

(11) A violation of this subsection is punishable under RCW 77.15.160, 77.15.380, or 77.15.370, depending on the circumstances of the violation. Possession of shellfish while using gear in violation of the provisions of this section is a rebuttable presumption that the shellfish were taken with such gear.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-08-044, filed 3/29/19, effective 4/29/19)

**WAC 220-330-140 Oysters—Areas and seasons.** It is permissible to take and possess oysters for personal use from public tidelands year-round except the following (~~restrictions~~) seasons apply to the public tidelands at the beaches listed below:

(1) Ala Spit: All public tidelands of Ala Spit open May 1 through May 31 only.

(2) Alki Park: Closed year-round.

(3) Alki Point: Closed year-round.

(4) Bay Center Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Palix River channel, extending from the Palix River bridge to beyond Bay Center to the north of Goose Point, is closed year-round.

(5) Bay View State Park: Closed year-round.

- (6) Blaine Marine Park: Closed year-round.
- (7) Blake Island State Park Marina: Closed year-round.
- (8) Blowers Bluff North: Closed year-round.
- (9) Brown's Point Lighthouse: Closed year-round.
- (10) Budd Inlet: All state-owned tidelands of Budd Inlet south of a line drawn from the southern boundary of Burfoot Park to the opposite shore near 68th Avenue N.W. are closed year-round.
- (11) Cama Beach State Park: Closed year-round.
- (12) Camano Island State Park: Closed year-round.
- (13) Chuckanut Bay: All tidelands of Chuckanut Bay north of the ((BNSF)) railroad trestle are closed year-round.
- (14) Coupeville: Closed year-round.
- (15) Cultus Bay: Closed year-round.
- (16) Dave Mackie County Park: Closed year-round.
- (17) Des Moines City Park: Closed year-round.
- (18) Discovery Park: Closed year-round.
- (19) DNR-142: Closed year-round.
- (20) DNR-144 (Sleeper): Closed year-round.
- (21) Dockton County Park: Closed year-round.
- (22) Dosewallips State Park: Open year-round only in the area defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach.
- (23) Dosewallips State Park South: Closed year-round south of the line defined by boundary markers on the beach.
- (24) Drayton West: All public tidelands of Drayton Harbor are closed year-round, except tidelands identified as approved by the department of health and defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach are open year-round.
- (25) Duckabush: Open November 1 through April 30 only.
- (26) Dungeness Spit/National Wildlife Refuge: Open May 15 through September 30 only.
- (27) East San de Fuca: Tidelands east of the Rolling Hills Glencairn Community dock are closed year-round.
- (28) Eld Inlet Oyster Reserves (Mud Bay reserves): Closed year-round.
- (29) English Camp: Tidelands between the National Park Service dinghy dock to the southern park boundary are closed year-round.
- (30) Evergreen Rotary Park (Port Washington Narrows): Closed year-round.
- (31) Fay Bainbridge Park: Closed year-round.
- (32) Fort Flagler State Park: Open January 1 through April 15 and July 1 through December 31 only, except that portion of Rat Island and the spit west and south of the park boundary is closed year-round from two white posts on the north end of the island at the vegetation line south to the end of the island.
- (33) Freeland County Park: Open October 1 through May 31 only.
- (34) Frye Cove County Park: Open May 1 through May 31 only.
- (35) Fudge Point State Park: Closed year-round.
- (36) Gertrude Island: All tidelands of Gertrude Island are closed year-round.
- (37) Golden Gardens: Closed year-round.
- (38) Graveyard Spit: Closed year-round.
- (39) Guss Island: All tidelands of Guss Island are closed year-round.
- (40) Hoodsport: Tidelands at the Hoodsport Salmon Hatchery are closed year-round.
- (41) Hope Island State Park (South Puget Sound): Open May 1 through May 31 only.

- (42) Howarth Park/Darlington Beach: Closed year-round.
- (43) Illahee State Park: Open April 1 through July 31 only.
- (44) Indian Island County Park/Lagoon Beach: From the jetty boundary with Port Townsend Ship Canal east to the beach access stairs on Flagler Road near milepost 4 open August 15 through September 7 only.
- (45) Joemma Beach State Park: Closed year-round.
- (46) Kayak Point County Park: Closed year-round.
- (47) Kitsap Memorial State Park: Closed year-round.
- (48) Kopachuck State Park: Open April 1 through May 31 only.
- (49) Lent Landing (Port Washington Narrows): Closed year-round.
- (50) Liberty Bay: All state-owned tidelands in Liberty Bay north and west of the Keyport Naval Supply Center are closed year-round, except the western shoreline of Liberty Bay from the unincorporated Kitsap County line south to Virginia Point is open October 1 through April 30 only.
- (51) Lincoln Park: Closed year-round.
- (52) Lions Park (Bremerton): Closed year-round.
- (53) Lofall: Closed year-round.
- (54) Long Island Oyster Reserve, Diamond Point and Pinnacle Rock (Willapa Harbor reserves): Diamond Point on the northwest side of Long Island between reserve monuments 39 and 41 and Pinnacle Rock on the southwest side of Long Island between reserve monuments 58 and 59 is open year-round.
- (55) Long Island Slough Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Closed year-round.
- (56) Long Point West: Closed year-round.
- (57) Lower Roto Vista Park: Closed year-round.
- (58) March Point Recreation Area: Closed year-round.
- (59) McNeil Island: All tidelands of McNeil Island are closed year-round.
- (60) Meadowdale County Park: Closed year-round.
- (61) Mee-Kwa-Mooks Park: Closed year-round.
- (62) Monroe Landing: Closed year-round.
- (63) Mukilteo: Closed year-round.
- (64) Mystery Bay State Park: Open October 1 through April 30 only.
- (65) Nahcotta Tidelands: State-owned tidelands east of the Willapa Bay Field Station and Nahcotta Tidelands interpretive site are open year-round.
- (66) Nemah Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Oyster reserves between reserve monuments 10 and 11 are closed year-round.
- (67) Nisqually National Wildlife Refuge: All state-owned tidelands of the Nisqually River delta south of a line drawn from Luhr Beach boat ramp to Sequelitchew Creek are closed year-round.
- (68) North Bay (Case Inlet): All state-owned tidelands north of the power transmission lines and those extending 1,900 feet south of the power transmission lines along the eastern shore are open March 1 through April 30 and September 1 through September 30, from one hour before official sunrise until one hour after official sunset only.
- (69) North Beach County Park: Closed year-round.
- (70) Oak Bay County Park: Open April 1 through April 30 only.
- (71) Oak Harbor: Closed year-round.
- (72) Oak Harbor Beach Park: Closed year-round.
- (73) Oak Harbor City Park: Closed year-round.
- (74) Oakland Bay: State-owned oyster reserves are open year-round except in areas defined by boundary markers and signs posted on the beach.

- (75) Old Mill County Park (Silverdale): Closed year-round.
- (76) Olympia Shoal: Closed year-round.
- (77) Pat Carey Vista Park: Closed year-round.
- (78) Penrose Point State Park: Open March 1 through April 30 only, except that part of Mayo Cove within the commercially prohibited growing area is closed year-round.
- (79) Pitship Point: Closed year-round.
- (80) Picnic Point County Park: Closed year-round.
- (81) Pitt Island: Closed year-round.
- (82) Pleasant Harbor State Park: Closed year-round.
- (83) Pleasant Harbor WDFW Boat Launch: Closed year-round.
- (84) Point Defiance: Closed year-round.
- (85) Point No Point South: Closed year-round.
- (86) Point Whitney Lagoon: Open January 1 through July 31 only.
- (87) Point Whitney Tidelands (excluding Point Whitney Lagoon): Open January 1 through July 31 only.
- (88) Port Angeles Harbor: All public tidelands of Port Angeles Harbor and interior tidelands of Ediz Hook are closed year-round.
- (89) Port Gamble Heritage Park Tidelands: Open year-round.
- (90) Port Gardner: Closed year-round.
- (91) Port Townsend Ship Canal/Portage Beach: Open January 1 through May 31 only.
- (92) Post Point: Closed year-round.
- (93) Potlatch DNR Tidelands: Open April 1 through July 7 only.
- (94) Potlatch State Park: Open April 1 through July 7 only.
- (95) Priest Point County Park: Closed year-round.
- (96) Purdy Spit County Park: The southern shore of the spit from the boat ramp east to the southern utility tower near Purdy Bridge is open April 1 through April 30 only.
- (97) Quilcene Bay Tidelands: All state-owned tidelands in Quilcene Bay north of a line drawn from the Quilcene Boat Haven to Fisherman's Point are closed year-round except those state-owned tidelands on the west side of the bay north of the Quilcene Boat Haven are open year-round.
- (98) Retsil: Closed year-round.
- (99) Richmond Beach Saltwater Park: Closed year-round.
- (100) Salt Creek Recreation Area (DNR-419): Closed year-round.
- (101) Saltair Beach (Kingston Ferry Terminal): Closed year-round.
- (102) Saltwater State Park: Closed year-round.
- (103) Samish Bay: Public tidelands of Samish Bay between Scotts Point and ((an unnamed)) a point on the shore (~~((latitude N48.5745°; longitude W122.4440°))~~) at 48° 34.47'N, 122° 26.64'W are closed year-round.
- (104) Scenic Beach State Park: Closed year-round.
- (105) Seahurst County Park: Closed year-round.
- (106) Semiahmoo County Park: Closed year-round.
- (107) Semiahmoo Marina: Closed year-round.
- (108) Sequim Bay State Park: Open January 1 through June 30 only.
- (109) Shine Tidelands State Park: Open January 1 through May 15 only.
- (110) Silverdale Waterfront Park: Closed year-round.
- (111) Sinclair Inlet: All public tidelands of Sinclair Inlet west of a line drawn from the intersection of Bancroft Road and Beach Drive East northerly to Point Herron are closed year-round.
- (112) Skagit Bay Estuary Wildlife Areas: All public tidelands of the Skagit Bay Estuary Wildlife Area, Fir Island Farms Reserve Wild-

life Area, Island Wildlife Area, Camano Island Wildlife Area and Leque Island Wildlife Area are closed year-round.

(113) South Carkeek Park: Closed year-round.

(114) Southworth: Closed year-round.

(115) Spencer Spit State Park: Open March 1 through July 31 only.

(116) Stuart Island State Park - Reid Harbor (South Beach): Closed year-round.

(117) Taylor Bay: Closed year-round.

(118) Totten Inlet Oyster Reserve (Oyster Bay reserves): Closed year-round.

(119) Walker County Park: Closed year-round.

(120) West Pass Access: Closed year-round.

(121) West Penn Cove: From the property boundary at the Grasser's Lagoon access on Highway 20 to the dock extending across the tidelands from Captain Whidbey Inn on Madrona Road is open July 15 through September 15 only.

(122) Willapa River Oyster Reserve (Willapa Harbor reserves): Reserves located in the Willapa River channel extending west and upriver from a point approximately one-quarter mile from the blinker light marking the division of Willapa River channel and the North River channel are closed year-round.

(123) Wolfe Property State Park: Open January 1 through May 15 only.

(124) Woodard Bay Natural Resource Conservation Area: Closed year-round.

(125) It is permissible to take and possess oysters for personal use from the Pacific Ocean beaches from November 1 through March 31 only.

~~((Violation of the provisions of this section shall be an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160.))~~

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-112, filed 2/15/17, effective 3/18/17)

**WAC 220-330-150 Oysters and clams on private tidelands—Personal use.** (1) ~~((WAC 220-330-120 through 220-330-140 shall))~~ Clam (other than razor clam) and oyster provisions of this chapter do not apply to private tideland owners or lessees of state tidelands or immediate family members taking or possessing oysters, clams, ~~((cockles, borers))~~ and mussels for personal use from their own tidelands or leased state tidelands.

(2) This section ~~((shall))~~ does not apply to razor clams.

#### REPEALER

The following sections of the Washington Administrative Code are repealed:

WAC 220-330-030 Personal-use crab pot gear requirements.

WAC 220-330-050 Crab—Unlawful acts—Personal use.

WAC 220-330-060 Personal-use shrimp pot gear requirements.

WAC 220-330-080 Shrimp containers.

WAC 220-330-100 Personal-use crab, shrimp, crawfish—Unlawful acts.

WAC 220-330-130 Oysters and scallops—Gear.

WAC 220-330-180 Squid, octopus.



**WAC 220-320-060 General provisions—Shellfish.** (1) It is unlawful to drive or operate any motor-propelled vehicle, land any airplane or ride or lead any horse on the razor clam beds of the state of Washington, as defined in WAC 220-320-030. A violation of this subsection shall be punished as an infraction.

(2) It is unlawful to possess soft-shelled crab for any commercial purpose.

(3) It is unlawful to possess in the field any crab (~~from which the back shell has been removed~~) or crab parts without also retaining the back shell (carapace) of each crab.

(4) It is unlawful to willfully damage crab or other shellfish. Any crab taken incidentally to a net fishery must be immediately returned to the water with the least possible damage to the crab.

(5) "Shellfish" includes all bodily parts but does not include five pounds or less of relic shells of classified shellfish or relic shells of unclassified freshwater and marine invertebrates. A relic (dead) shell is defined as one which (~~apparently~~) died of natural causes and contains no meat or soft parts; it readily exhibits noticeable sediment, vegetation, algal or mineral stains, discolorations, soiling, weathering or other visual evidence on its interior surface which clearly and unambiguously shows the shell has not been cooked-out or freshly cleaned. (~~No license or permit is required to take or possess up to five pounds of relic shells per day. It is unlawful to take or possess more than five pounds of relic shells without first obtaining a scientific collection permit. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, it is unlawful to remove relic oyster shells from tidelands.~~)

**WAC 220-314-020 Possession limits—Bottomfish.** It is unlawful for any person to fish for or take bottomfish for personal use except within the seasons, daily quantities and possession limits prescribed as follows:

(1) Coastal areas (~~((Catch Record Card))~~) Marine Areas 1 through 3 and 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line):

(a) Bottomfish fishing is open the second Saturday in March through the third Saturday in October, except fishing for surfperch from the shore is allowed year-round.

(b) Limit of surfperch is 12 per person per day. For all other bottomfish, limit is 9 fish total per person per day, which may include no more than:

(i) Lingcod: 2 fish, no minimum length.

(ii) Rockfish: 7 fish in aggregate. The possession limit for yelloweye rockfish is 0.

(iii) Wolf-eel: 0 fish from Catch Record Card Area 4.

(iv) Cabezon: Marine Areas 1 through 4: 1 fish, no minimum size.

(c) Additional flatfish: In addition to the bottomfish limit in (b) of this subsection, anglers may take 3 flatfish per person, per day, not to be counted towards the bottomfish limit but in addition to it.

(2) Inner Puget Sound (~~((Catch Record Card))~~) Marine Areas 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line, and 5 through 13):

(a) (~~((Catch Record Card))~~) Marine Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line: Limit ((10)) of surfperch is 12 per person per day. For all other bottomfish, 9 fish total, which may include no more than:

(i) Lingcod: 2 fish, no minimum length (~~((of 22 inches))~~).

(ii) Rockfish: (~~((6))~~) 7 fish. Only black (~~((or))~~), blue/deacon, yellowtail, and widow rockfish may be retained.

(iii) Wolf-eel: 0 fish.

(iv) Cabezon: 1 fish(~~((the))~~), no minimum size (~~((limit is 18 inches))~~).

(b) (~~((Catch Record Card))~~) Marine Areas 5 and 6: 15 fish total for all species and species groups of bottomfish, which may include no more than:

Rockfish in Marine Area 5 except	1 fish May 1 through September 30. Only black or blue/deacon rockfish may be retained.
in Marine Area 5 west of Slip Point	3 fish. Only black or blue/deacon rockfish may be retained.
in Marine Area 6.	0 fish
Surfperch	10 fish
Pacific cod	2 fish
Pollock	2 fish
Flatfish (except halibut)	15 fish
Lingcod	1 fish
Wolf-eel	0 fish
Cabezon	1 fish

Pacific hake 2 fish

(c) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 7: 15 fish total for all species of bottomfish, which may include no more than:

Rockfish	0 fish
Surfperch	10 fish
Pacific cod	2 fish
Flatfish (except halibut)	15 fish
Lingcod	1 fish
Wolf-eel	0 fish
Cabezon	1 fish
Pollock	2 fish
Pacific hake	2 fish

(d) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Areas 8-1 through 11, and 13: 15 fish total for all species and species groups of bottomfish, which may include no more than:

Rockfish	0 fish
Surfperch	10 fish
Pacific cod	0 fish
Pollock	0 fish
Flatfish (except halibut)	15 fish
Lingcod	1 fish
Wolf-eel	0 fish
Cabezon	1 fish
Pacific hake	0 fish

(e) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 12: 15 fish total for all species and species groups of bottomfish, which may include no more than:

Rockfish	0 fish
Surfperch	0 fish
Pacific cod	0 fish
Pollock	0 fish
Flatfish (except halibut) <u>only in Dabob Bay north of Turner Creek</u>	15 fish
Lingcod	0 fish
Wolf-eel	0 fish
Cabezon	0 fish
Pacific hake	0 fish

(f) The possession limit for lingcod taken by angling gear is 26 to 36 inches in length. For spear fishing, lingcod may not be possessed that exceed 36 inches in length but there is no minimum size limit.

(g) In Marine Areas 5 through 11, and 13, the minimum size limit for cabezon is 18 inches. All cabezon must be released in (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Areas 5 through 11 and 13 from December 1 through April 30.

(h) In ((~~Catch Record Card~~)) Marine Area 5, the daily limit for rockfish is the first legal rockfish caught, except that west of Slip Point, the daily limit for rockfish is the first three legal rockfish caught. Only black or blue/deacon rockfish may be retained. After the daily limit of rockfish is caught, all subsequent rockfish must be released.

(i) In ((~~Catch Record Card~~)) Marine Area 5, it is unlawful to take rockfish by spear fishing except when this area is open to spear fishing for lingcod.

(3) The possession limit at any time may not exceed the equivalent of two daily limits in fresh, frozen or processed form.

(4) Unless otherwise provided, bottomfish fishing is open the entire year.

(5) Daily limits include bottomfish caught in adjacent areas bordering other states, such as Oregon.

(6) It is unlawful to fish for, retain, or possess sixgill, seven-gill, or thresher sharks.

**WAC 220-314-030 Halibut—Seasons—Daily and possession limits.**

(1) It is unlawful to fish for or possess halibut taken for personal use except from the areas or in excess of the amounts provided for in this section:

(a) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 1: Closed except as provided by emergency rule. By-catch restriction: It is unlawful during any vessel trip to bring into port or land bottomfish, except flatfish, sablefish, Pacific cod, and lingcod north of the Washington-Oregon border if the vessel has brought halibut into port or landed halibut.

(b) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 2:

(i) The northern near shore fishery takes place in those waters from 47°31.70'N. lat. south to 46°58.00'N. lat. and east of a boundary line approximating the 30 fathom depth contour as defined by the following coordinates:

47°31.70'N. lat., 124°37.03'W. long.  
47°25.67'N. lat., 124°34.79'W. long.  
47°12.82'N. lat., 124°29.12'W. long.  
46°58.00'N. lat., 124°24.24'W. long.

Closed except as provided by emergency rule.

(ii) All other waters in Area 2 - Closed except as provided by emergency rule.

(iii) From the second Saturday in March through May 31, it is unlawful to fish for or possess lingcod, seaward of line approximating the 30-fathom depth contour as defined by the coordinates below. However, a person may fish for and retain lingcod on days open during the primary halibut season as described in (b)(ii) of this subsection, seaward of a line approximating the 30-fathom depth contour as defined by the coordinates below:

47°31.70'N. lat., 124°37.03'W. long.  
47°25.67'N. lat., 124°34.79'W. long.  
47°12.82'N. lat., 124°29.12'W. long.  
46°52.94'N. lat., 124°22.58'W. long.  
46°44.18'N. lat., 124°18.00'W. long.  
46°38.17'N. lat., 124°15.88'W. long.

(c) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Areas 3 and 4 west of Bonilla-Tatoosh line - Closed except as provided by emergency rule. The following area southwest of Cape Flattery is closed to halibut fishing at all times:

Those waters within an eastward-facing C-shaped closed area defined as: Beginning at 48°18'N. lat., 125°18'W. long.; thence to 48°18'N. lat., 124°59'W. long.; thence to 48°11'N. lat., 124°59'W. long.; thence to 48°11'N. lat., 125°11'W. long.; thence to 48°04'N. lat., 125°11'W. long.; thence to 48°04'N. lat., 124°59'W. long.; thence to 48°00'N. lat., 124°59'W. long.; thence to 48°00'N. lat., 125°18'W. long.; thence to the point of origin.

It is unlawful to fish for or possess bottomfish seaward of a line approximating the 20-fathom depth contour as defined by the following coordinates, from June 1 through Labor Day except, on days and times open to halibut fishing, it is permissible to retain lingcod, sablefish, and Pacific cod. The retention of yellowtail rockfish and

widow rockfish is permitted seaward of the line approximating 20 fathoms on days open to the recreational salmon fishery during the months of July and August:

- 48°23.9'N. lat., 124°44.2'W. long.
- 48°23.6'N. lat., 124°44.9'W. long.
- 48°18.6'N. lat., 124°43.6'W. long.
- 48°18.6'N. lat., 124°48.2'W. long.
- 48°10.0'N. lat., 124°48.8'W. long.
- 48°02.4'N. lat., 124°49.3'W. long.
- 47°37.6'N. lat., 124°34.3'W. long.
- 47°31.7'N. lat., 124°32.4'W. long.

(d) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Ta-toosh line, closed except as provided by emergency rule. It is unlawful to fish for or possess bottomfish seaward of a line approximating 120 feet except, on days open to the Pacific halibut fishery in this area, it is permissible to retain lingcod, and Pacific cod seaward of 120 feet as defined by WAC 220-314-010. The retention of yellowtail rockfish and widow rockfish is permitted seaward of the line approximating 120 feet on days open to the recreational salmon fishery during the months of July and August.

(e) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Areas 5 through 11, and 13 - On days that the halibut fishery is open, it is lawful to fish for, retain, and possess lingcod and Pacific cod seaward of 120 feet in (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 5. Closed except as provided by emergency rule.

(2) Daily limit is one halibut taken from state or offshore waters. This does not include Canadian waters; see WAC 220-310-210 for limits on Canadian-origin halibut.

(3) The possession limit is two daily limits of halibut in any form, except the possession limit aboard the fishing vessel is one daily limit. See WAC 220-310-210 for rules on Canadian-origin halibut possession.

(4) The annual limit is four halibut taken from state or offshore waters. This does not include Canadian waters; see WAC 220-310-210 for limits on Canadian-origin halibut.

(5) It is unlawful to fish for, retain, possess, or land halibut into a port located within an area that is closed to halibut fishing. This does not include halibut caught in Canadian waters. See WAC 220-310-210 for rules on Canadian-origin halibut possession.

(6) A violation of this section is punishable under RCW 77.15.370 or 77.15.380, depending on the violation.

**WAC 220-314-040 Lingcod—Areas and seasons.** It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess lingcod for personal use except during the following seasons and areas:

(1) Coastal area:

(a) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Areas 1 through (~~3 and 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line~~) 4: From the second Saturday in March, through the third Saturday in October (~~7 and~~).

(b) (~~Catch Record Card Area 4 east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line: April 16 through October 15.~~

~~(c)~~) It is unlawful to fish for, retain, or possess lingcod in (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 1 seaward of a line extending from 46°38.17'N. lat., 124°21.00'W. long. to 46°33.00'N. lat., 124°21.00'W. long. when lingcod is open.

(~~(d)~~) (c) It is unlawful to fish for, retain, or possess lingcod in (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Area 2 seaward of a line extending from 47°31.70'N. lat., 124°45.00'W. long. south to 46°38.17'N. lat., 124°30.00'W. long. when lingcod is open, except that lingcod may be taken, retained and possessed seaward of the line on days open during the primary halibut season and from June 1 through June 15 and September 1 through September 15.

(2) (~~Catch Record Card~~) Marine Areas 5 through 11, and 13: May 1 through June 15 by angling, and May 21 through June 15 by spear fishing.

(3) Marine Area 12: Closed year-round.

REPEALER

The following sections of the Washington Administrative Code are repealed:

WAC 220-300-300      Geographical definitions—District 1.

WAC 220-300-310      Geographical definitions—District 2.



Address: PO Box 43152 Olympia, WA 98501

Email: Rules.Coordinator@dfw.wa.gov

Fax: 360-902-2155

Other:

By (date) October 17, 2019

**Assistance for persons with disabilities:**

Contact WDFW ADA Manager

Phone: 360-902-2349

Fax:

TTY: 360-902-2207

Email: adaprogram@dfw.wa.gov

Other:

By (date) October 17, 2019

**Purpose of the proposal and its anticipated effects, including any changes in existing rules:** The department makes adjustments to recreational fishing rules to maximize conservation and recreational-fishing opportunity. This proposal includes changes to shellfish, marine fish and forage fish recreational fishing regulations, focusing on clarification and simplification.

**Reasons supporting proposal:** The changes in this proposal are needed to make necessary adjustments to recreational fishing/shellfishing rules based on department data, public feedback, and the desire of the department to reduce complexity of the sport rules as reflected in the annual pamphlet. The department also proposes amendments for conservation purposes and to provide greater fishing opportunity. Technical changes are needed to ensure accuracy, clarity, and uniformity in the code

**Statutory authority for adoption:** RCWs 77.04.012, 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.04.055, 77.12.045, and 77.12.047.

**Statute being implemented:** RCWs 77.04.012, 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.04.055, 77.12.045, and 77.12.047.

**Is rule necessary because of a:**

Federal Law?

Yes  No

Federal Court Decision?

Yes  No

State Court Decision?

Yes  No

If yes, CITATION:

**Agency comments or recommendations, if any, as to statutory language, implementation, enforcement, and fiscal matters:**

**Name of proponent:** (person or organization)

Private

Public

Governmental

**Name of agency personnel responsible for:**

	Name	Office Location	Phone
Drafting:	Kelly Henderson	1111 Washington Street, Olympia, WA 98501	360-902-2684
Implementation:	Dayv Lowry	1111 Washington Street, Olympia, WA 98501	360-902-2558
	Bob Sizemore	1111 Washington Street, Olympia, WA 98501	360-902-2200
	Phil Dionne	1111 Washington Street, Olympia, WA 98501	360-902-2641
Enforcement:	Chief Steve Bear	1111 Washington Street, Olympia, WA 98501	360-902-2373

**Is a school district fiscal impact statement required under RCW 28A.305.135?**

Yes  No

If yes, insert statement here:

The public may obtain a copy of the school district fiscal impact statement by contacting:

Name:

Address:

Phone:

Fax:

TTY:

Email:

Other:

**Is a cost-benefit analysis required under RCW 34.05.328?**

Yes: A preliminary cost-benefit analysis may be obtained by contacting:

Name:

Address:

Phone:

Fax:

TTY:

Email:

Other:

No: Please explain: The proposed rule does not affect hydraulics

**Regulatory Fairness Act Cost Considerations for a Small Business Economic Impact Statement:**

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, **may be exempt** from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act (see chapter 19.85 RCW). Please check the box for any applicable exemption(s):

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt under RCW 19.85.061 because this rule making is being adopted solely to conform and/or comply with federal statute or regulations. Please cite the specific federal statute or regulation this rule is being adopted to conform or comply with, and describe the consequences to the state if the rule is not adopted.

Citation and description:

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt because the agency has completed the pilot rule process defined by RCW 34.05.313 before filing the notice of this proposed rule.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt under the provisions of RCW 15.65.570(2) because it was adopted by a referendum.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(3). Check all that apply:

- RCW 34.05.310 (4)(b) (Internal government operations)
- RCW 34.05.310 (4)(c) (Incorporation by reference)
- RCW 34.05.310 (4)(d) (Correct or clarify language)
- RCW 34.05.310 (4)(e) (Dictated by statute)
- RCW 34.05.310 (4)(f) (Set or adjust fees)
- RCW 34.05.310 (4)(g) ((i) Relating to agency hearings; or (ii) process requirements for applying to an agency for a license or permit)

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(4).

Explanation of exemptions, if necessary: The department is exempt from the requirements of RCW chapter 19.85 because the proposed recreational fishing rules do not regulate small businesses; rather, the department's proposed fishing rules regulate individuals who undertake recreational fishing activities. The statewide recreational rules that are the subject of this rule making simply govern the time, place and manner for individuals who want to enjoy the recreational fishing opportunities provided.

**COMPLETE THIS SECTION ONLY IF NO EXEMPTION APPLIES**

If the proposed rule is **not exempt**, does it impose more-than-minor costs (as defined by RCW 19.85.020(2)) on businesses?

- No Briefly summarize the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. \_\_\_\_\_
- Yes Calculations show the rule proposal likely imposes more-than-minor cost to businesses, and a small business economic impact statement is required. Insert statement here:

The public may obtain a copy of the small business economic impact statement or the detailed cost calculations by contacting:

Name:  
 Address:  
 Phone:  
 Fax:  
 TTY:  
 Email:  
 Other:

**Date:** September 3, 2019

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**Name:** Jacalyn M Hursey

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**Title:** Rules Coordinator

**Signature:**

