Forest Management Project Approval Requests for 2022



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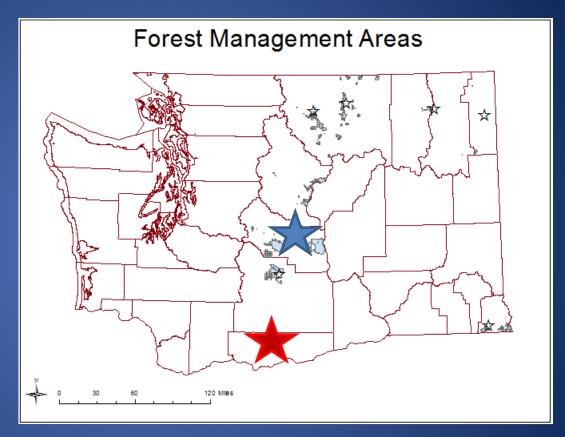
Context for 2022 projects

- Forest Management Strategy for WDFW forests adopted in 2014
- Since then, WDFW has treated 20,468 acres
 - 9.5% of WDFW forested acres
 - Area of a football field stretching from Seattle to Bakersfield, CA
- Major activities
 - Non-commercial thinning 8,254 acres
 - Commercial thinning 6,376 acres
 - Prescribed burning 5,375

More details available at: healthy-washington-f3b7789b17eb

2022 Thinning Projects >1,000,000 board feet

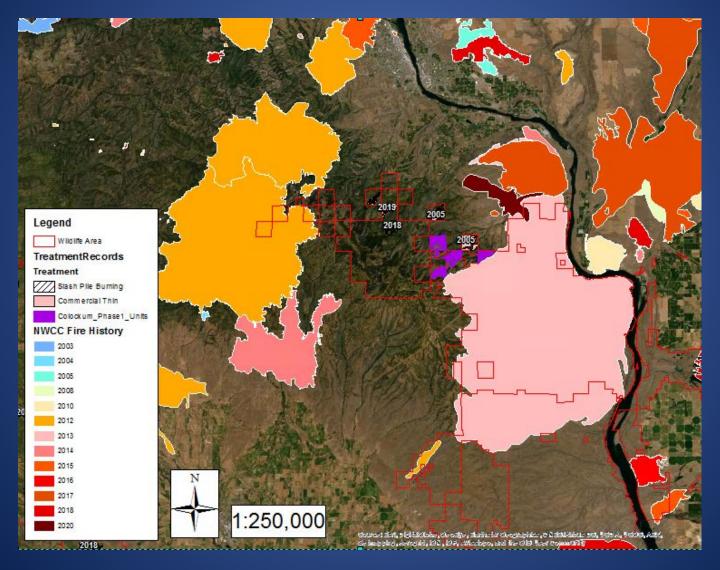




Colockum Wildlife Area – Phase 1

- Up to 1,452 acres
- Up to 5 million board feet
- About one truck load per acre
- Leave about 30-40 of the best trees per acre
- Units scattered
- Spread across 1-2 years
- Slash piles will be burned
- Hope to follow up with prescribed fire

Colockum Phase 1 (Chelan County)



Desired Changes (Photos from the 2019 Stemilt project – 3 miles away)

Pre-treatment

Post-treatment

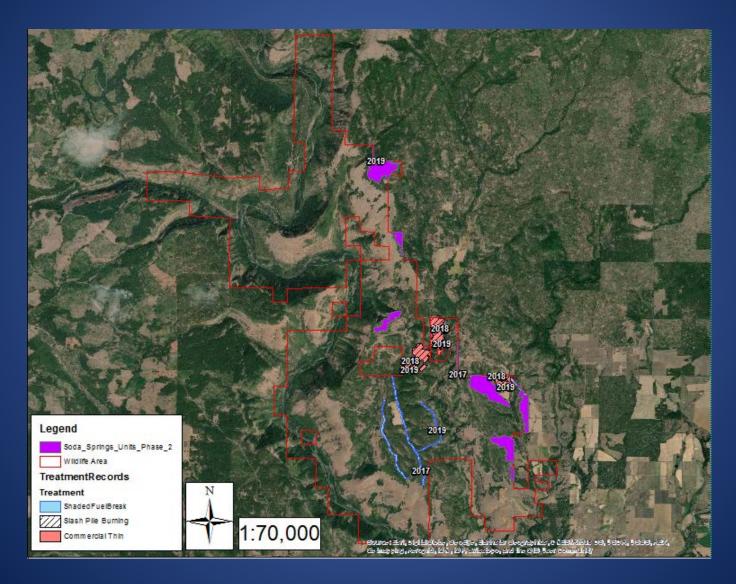
Desired future condition



Klickitat Wildlife Area – Soda Springs Phase 2

- 387 acres
- Up to 1.2 million board feet harvested
- Little over 1/2 truck load per acre
- Leave 25-35 of the best trees per acre
- Buffers around >700 western gray squirrel nest trees
- Likely spread across 2 years
- Slash piles will be burned
- Hope to follow up with prescribed fire.

Soda Springs Phase 2 (Klickitat County)



Information is subject to changes and amendments over time.

Desired Changes (Photos from the nearby 2018, Phase 1 project)

Before

After



Fewer trees = more acorns for western gray squirrels and other wildlife

Trees crowded

Trees widely spread





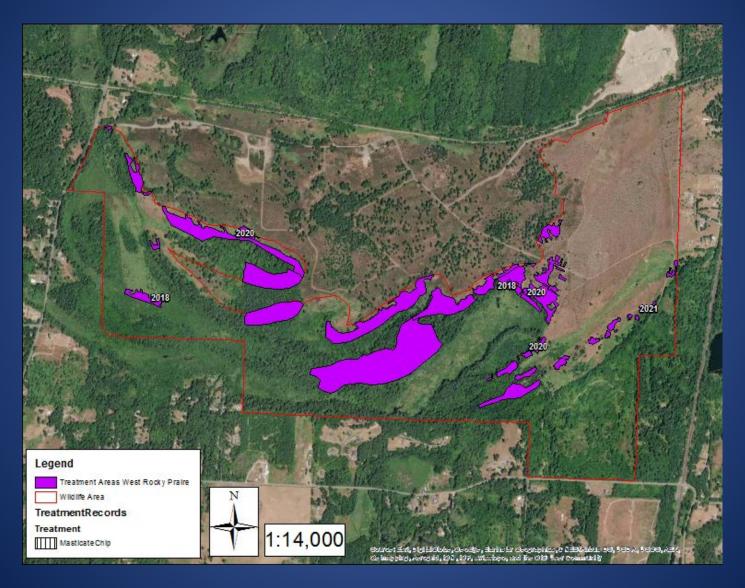
West Rocky Prairie - FYI

- 99 acres
- About 0.82 million board feet
- Oak woodland and prairie restoration
- Average 1-3 truck loads per acre
 - Remove Douglas fir from prairie
 - Thin fir among oaks



- Late summer harvest to minimize impacts to listed species
- Extreme slash cleanup to enable future prairie maintenance
- Pile burning and hope to follow up with prescribed fire
- Want to provide large wood for Chehalis River Basin restoration
- Revenue can only be spent on site listed species

West Rocky Prairie (Thurston County)



Information is subject to changes and amendments over time.

Oak Woodland Changes (Photos from the nearby 2018, Scatter Creek project)

Before

18 months after



Intermediate Conditions May Generate Concern

Immediately after harvest



6 months later



Desired Priority Species Responses (Photos from the nearby 2018, Scatter Creek project)

Mazama pocket gopher colonization in 5 months



Great spangled fritillary use in 8 months



Questions?

