

Fish Committee Meeting

Willapa Bay Policy C-3622

May 13, 2022

Marlene Wagner
Kenneth Warheit
Fish Program



Meeting Outline

- Brief review of spawner-recruit based fall Chinook spawning escapement goals currently in use
- Initial staff efforts on the comparative analysis assignment of the 3 existing alternatives
- Development of Alternative 2 policy language



Review of spawner-recruit based fall Chinook spawning escapement goals currently in use

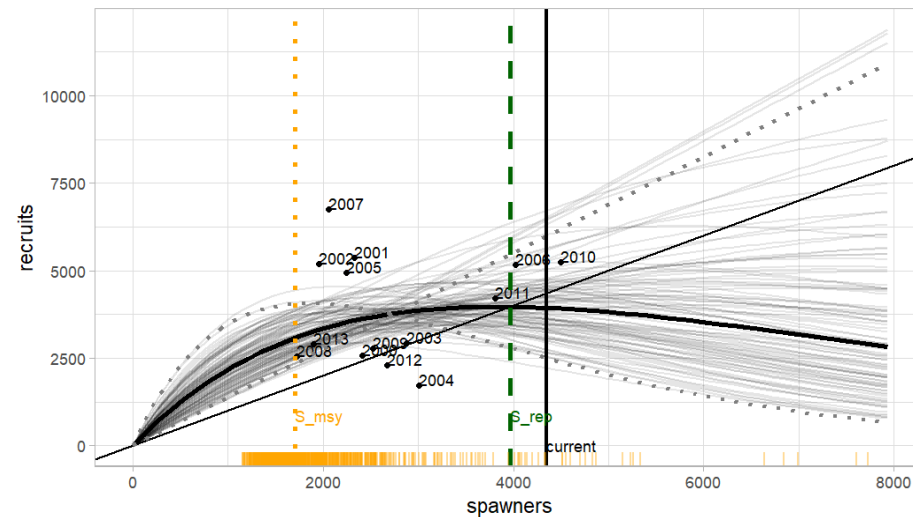
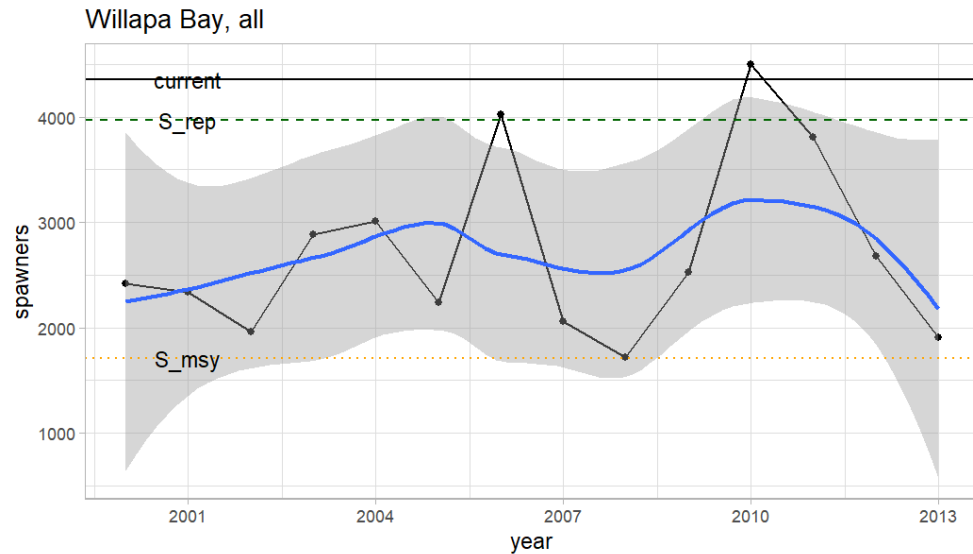
For most Washington State Chinook stocks, there are currently tiered management objectives that vary harvest over different levels of expected returns.

- Everywhere there are ESA listings, that overrides Magnuson-Stevens MSY management and fisheries must be permitted by NOAA.
 - In most cases, NOAA has adopted state or co-manager submitted fishery plans that utilize exploitation rates rather than escapement goals
- The Fish Program has begun to conduct management strategy evaluations for several stocks to evaluate alternative harvest control rules including, but not limited to, Smsy escapement goals.
 - That approach is being applied to Willapa Steelhead and Lower Columbia Steelhead and can be extended to Willapa Chinook



Willapa Bay Fall Chinook

An initial exploration of the Fall Chinook escapement goal was completed in 2020 with available data at that time



Stock	Natural spawner estimated capacity	Spawners at replacement
Willapa Bay aggregate	4,353	3,967
Willapa/North/Smith	2,172	2,126
Nemah/Palix	328	263
Naselle/Bear	1,853	1,551

Willapa Bay

Willapa Bay is currently under a rebuilding program to conserve and restore wild Chinook salmon

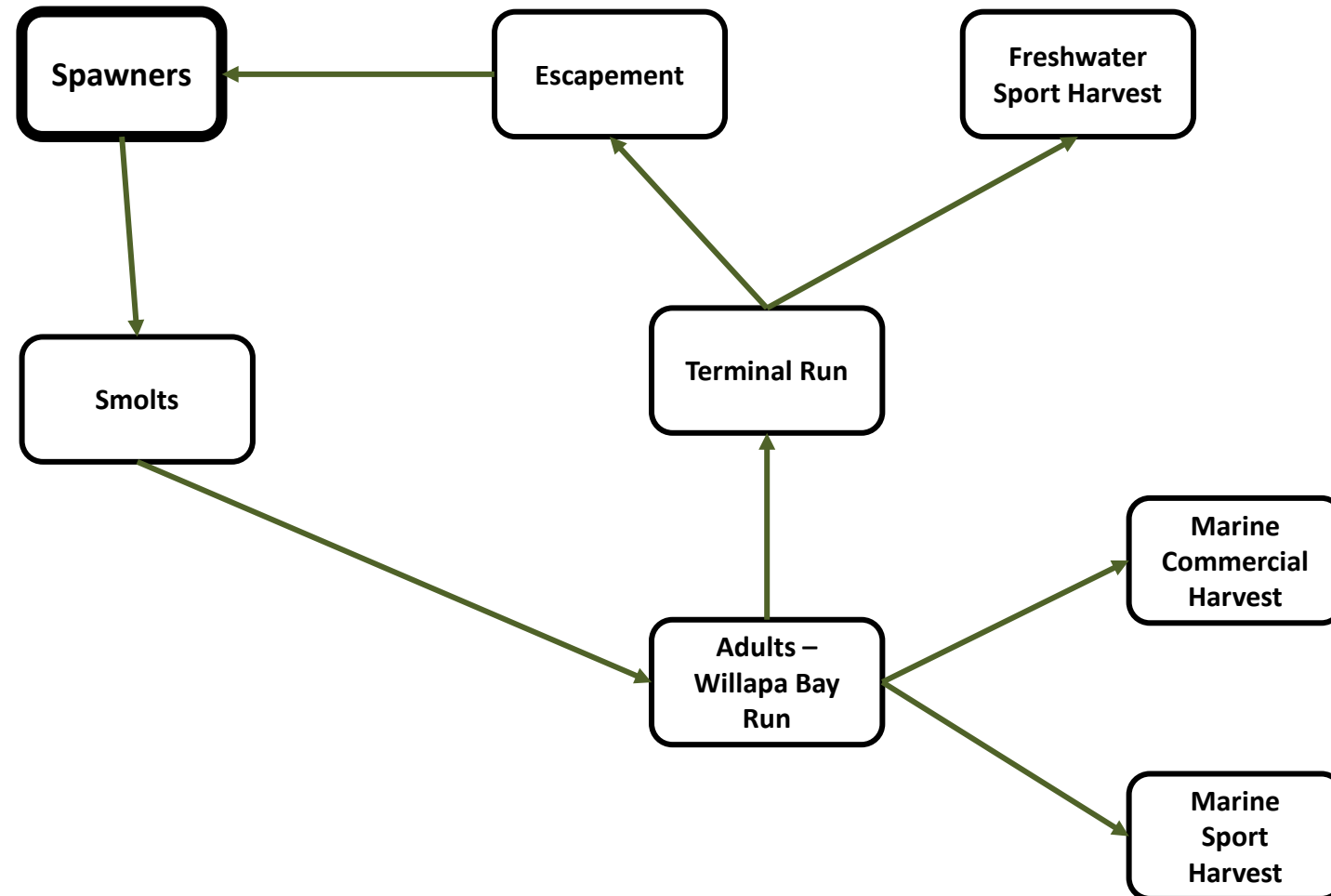
- Projected to achieve spawner goals by 2031-2036
- MSY not informative where habitat substantially degraded or where populations are depressed
 - MSY is appropriate where harvest is the primary objective
- Method should reflect the goals of WB populations



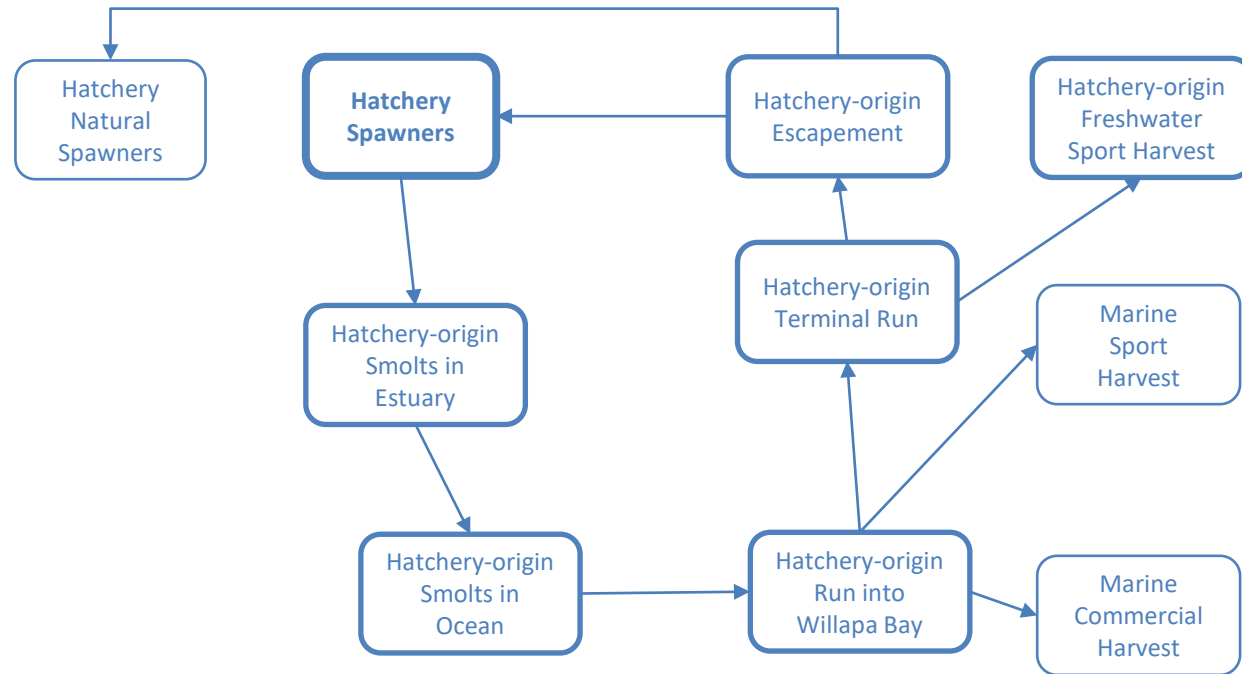
Preliminary look at the methods to compare the three alternatives

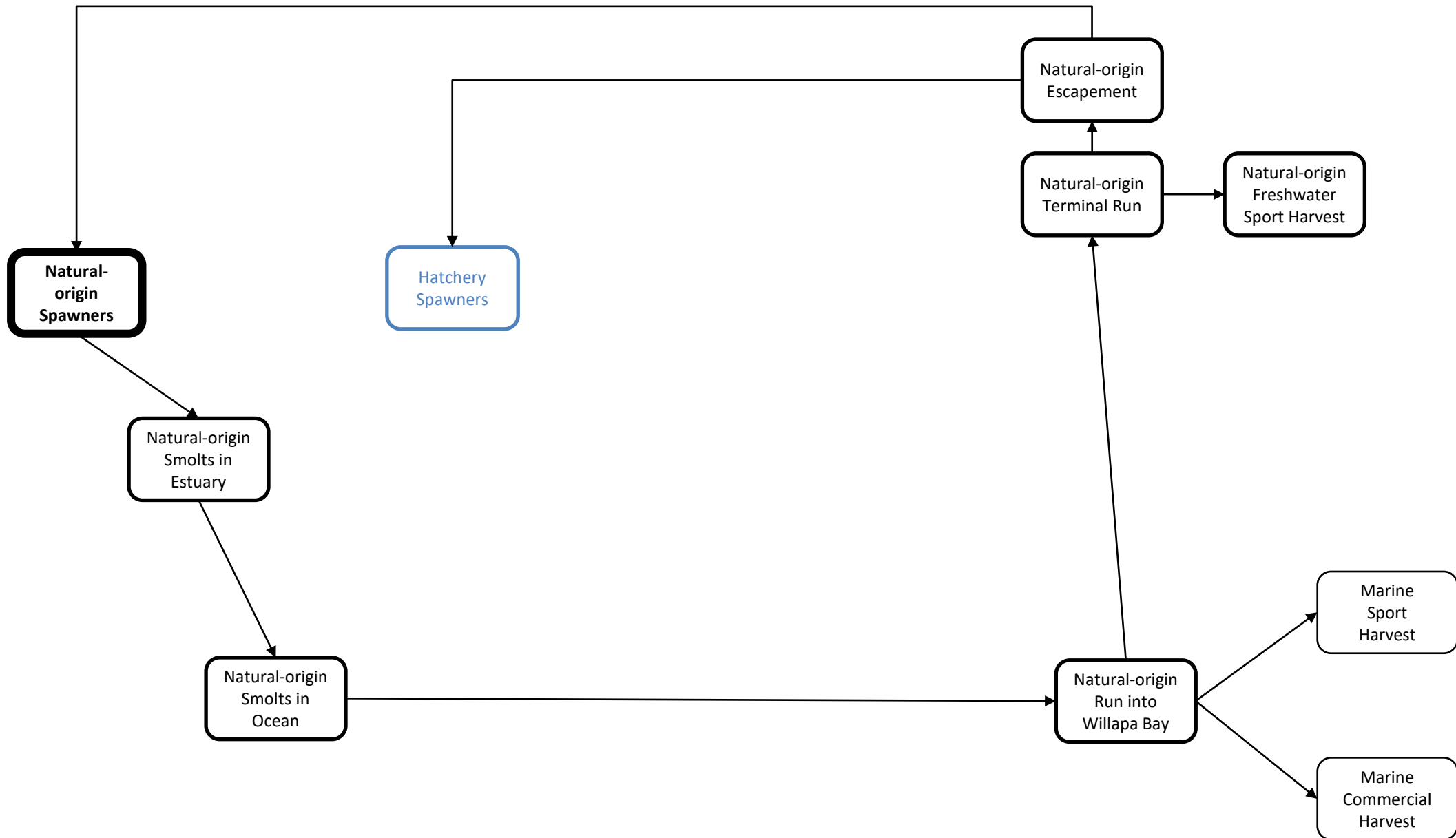


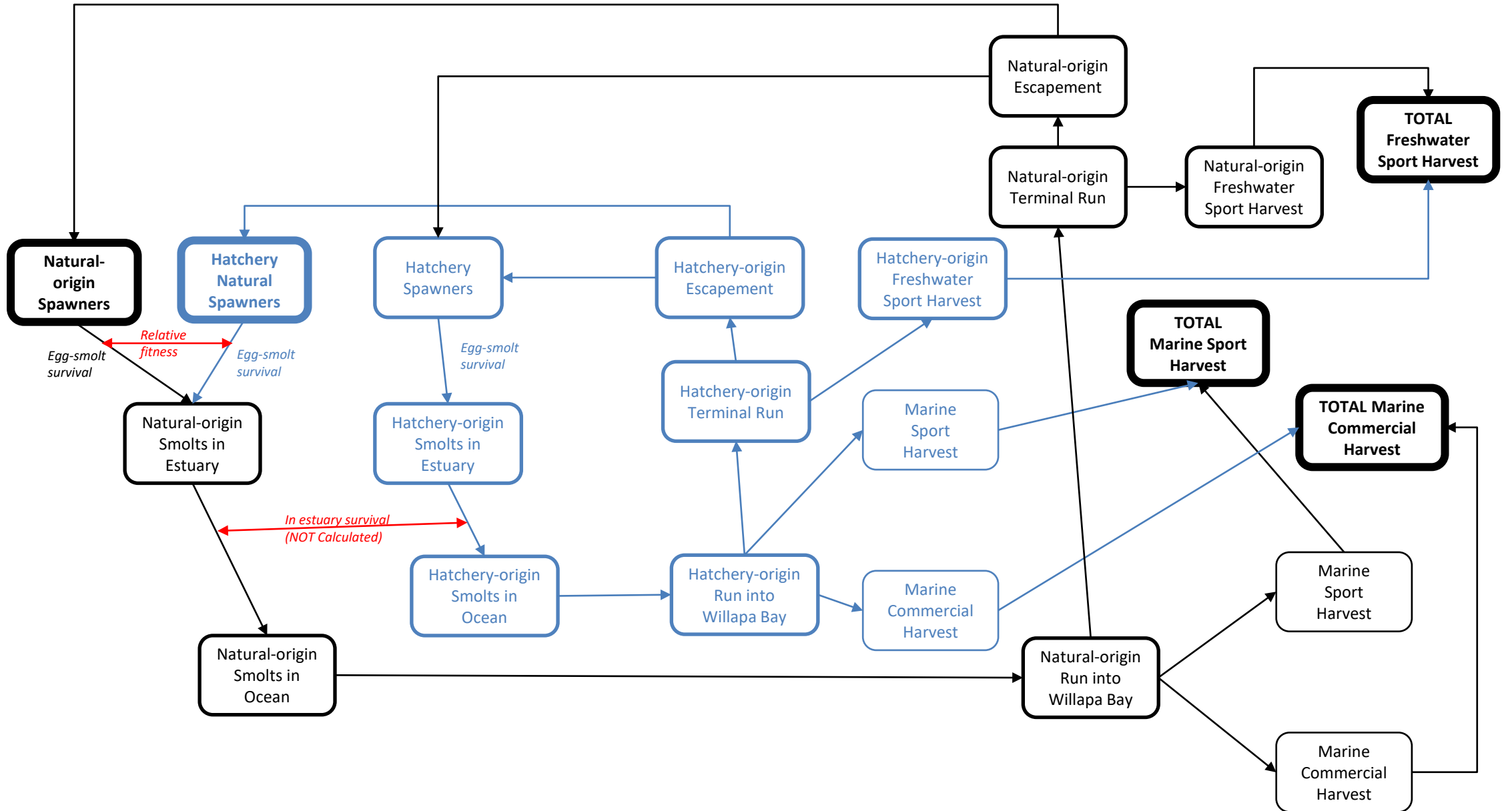
MULTI-STATE MODEL FOR WILLAPA BAY - Generalization



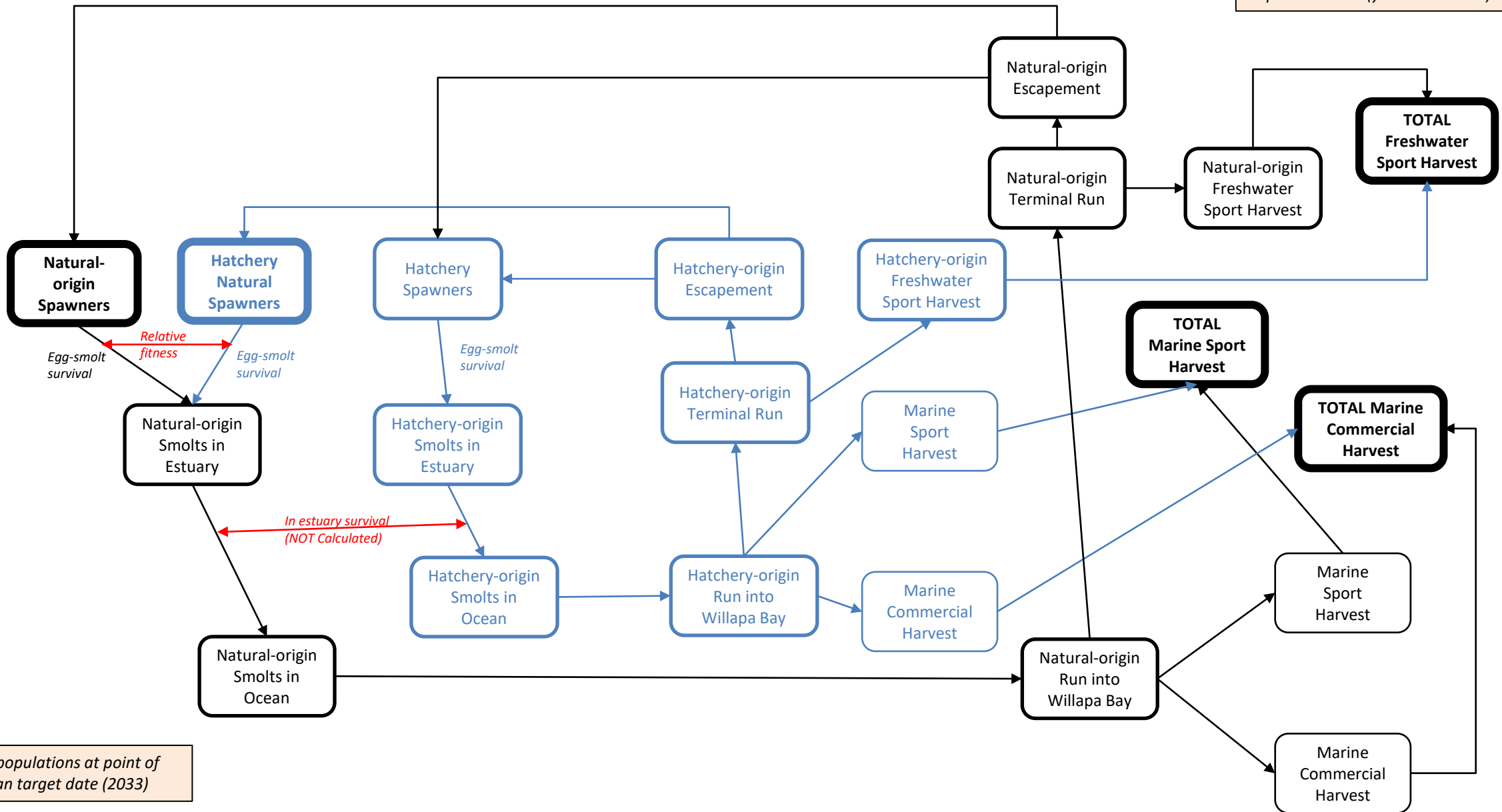
Hatchery portion of model





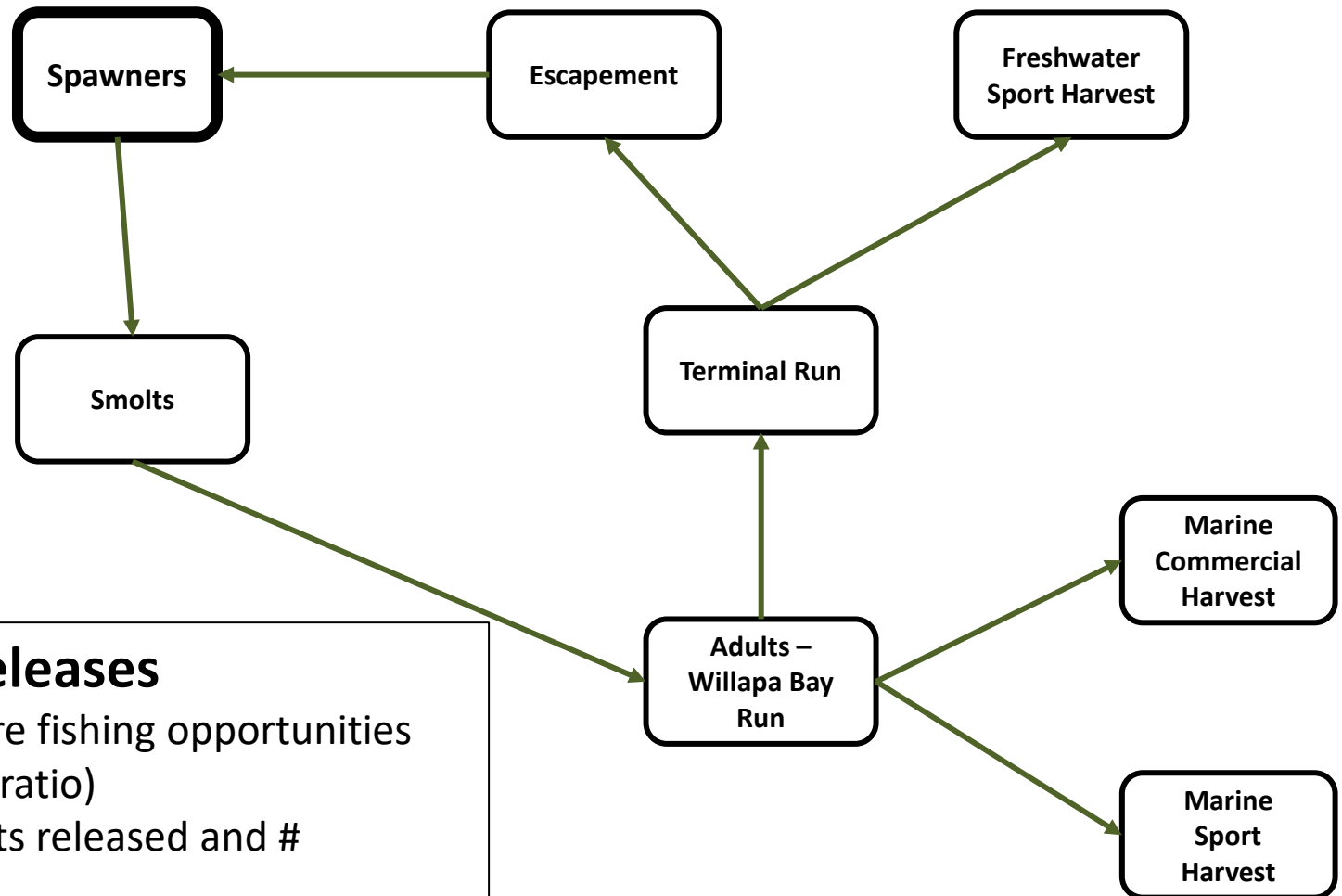


Average take in fisheries after implementation (year 5 and later)



Status of wild fish populations at point of 2015 rebuilding plan target date (2033)

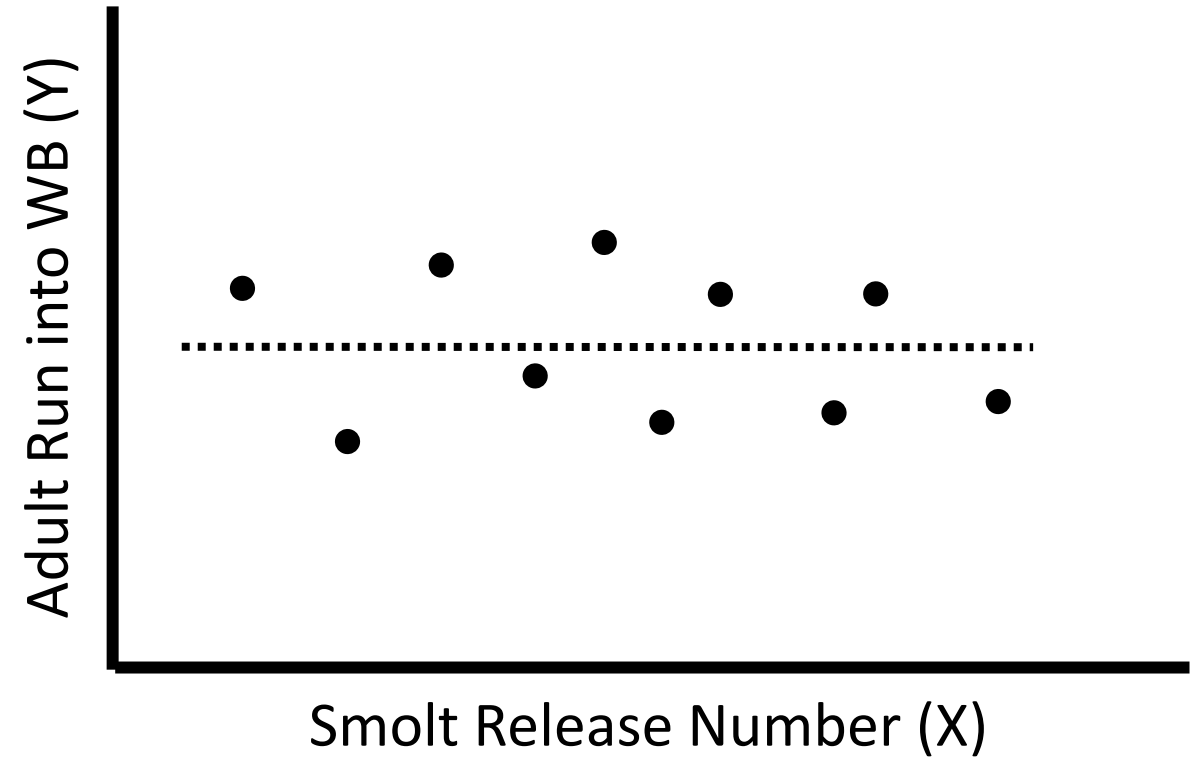
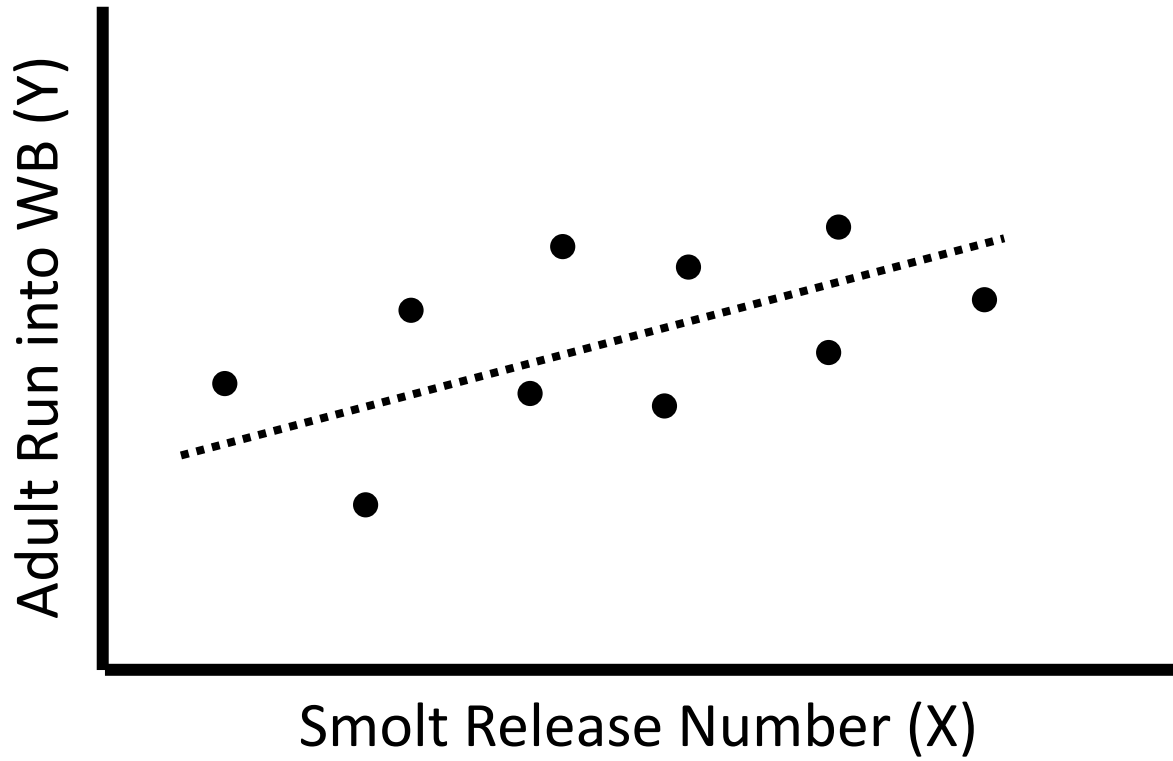


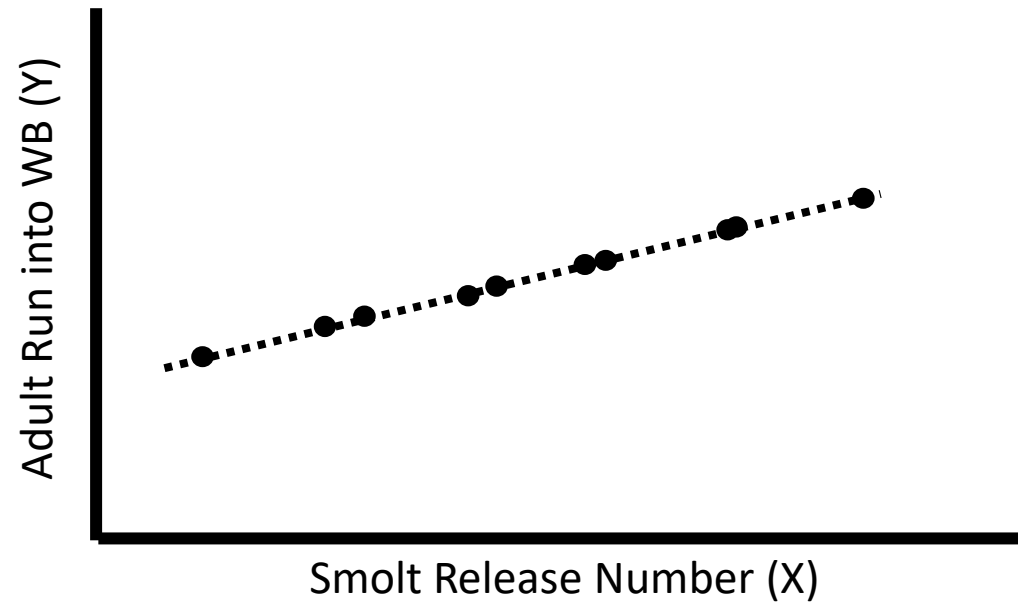
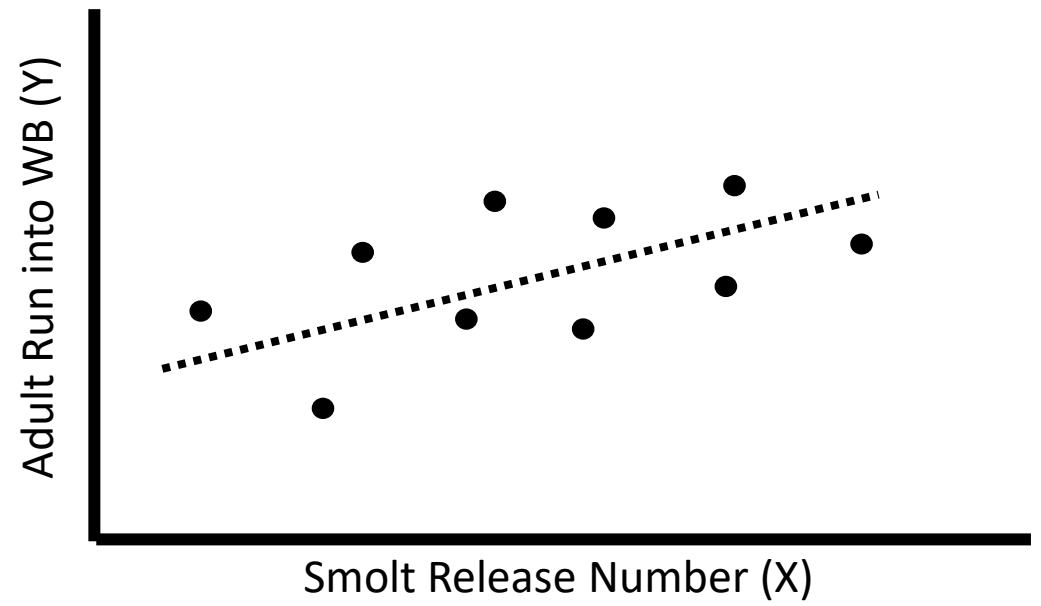
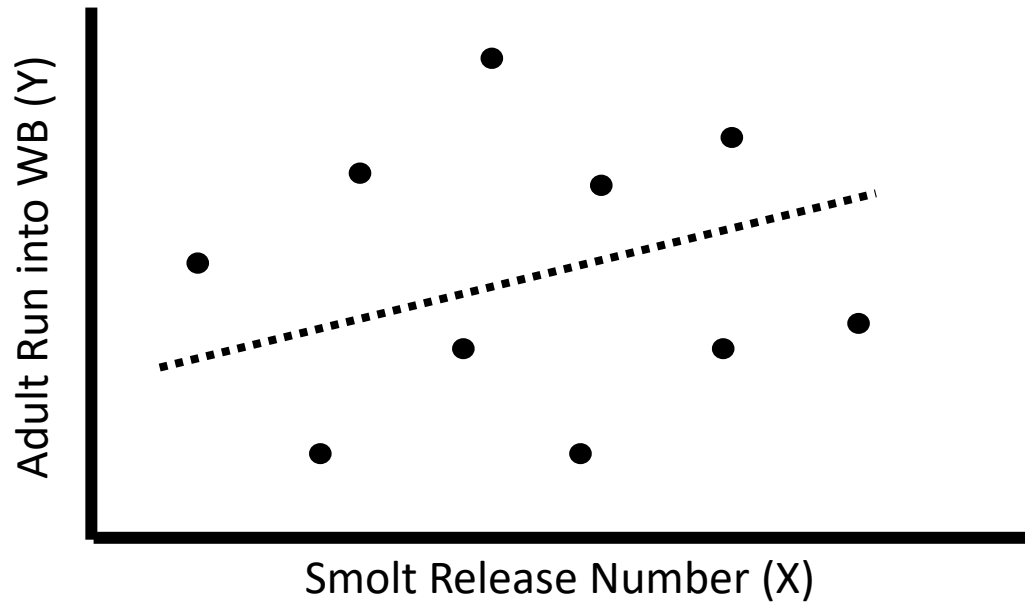


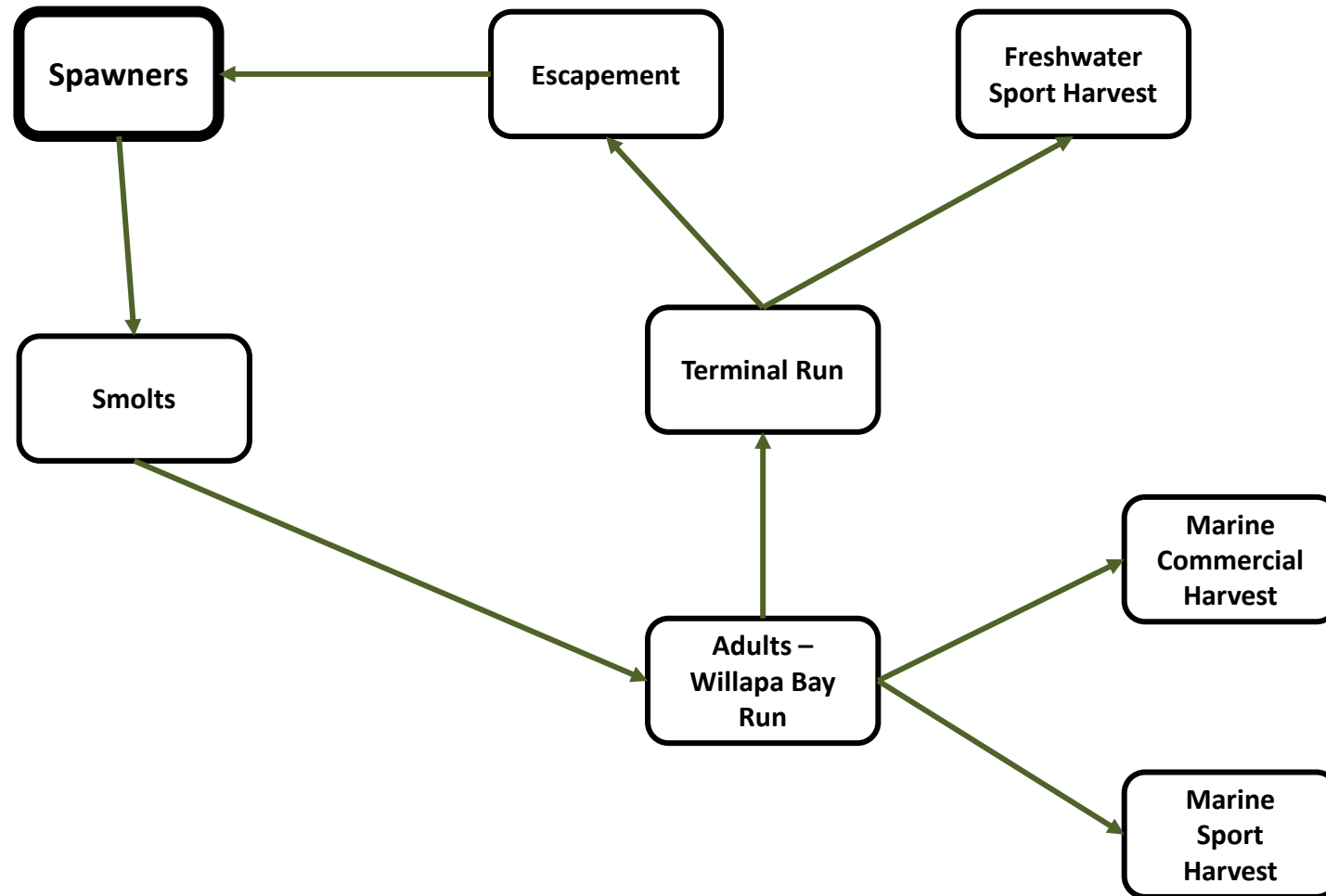
Estimate adult run from smolt releases

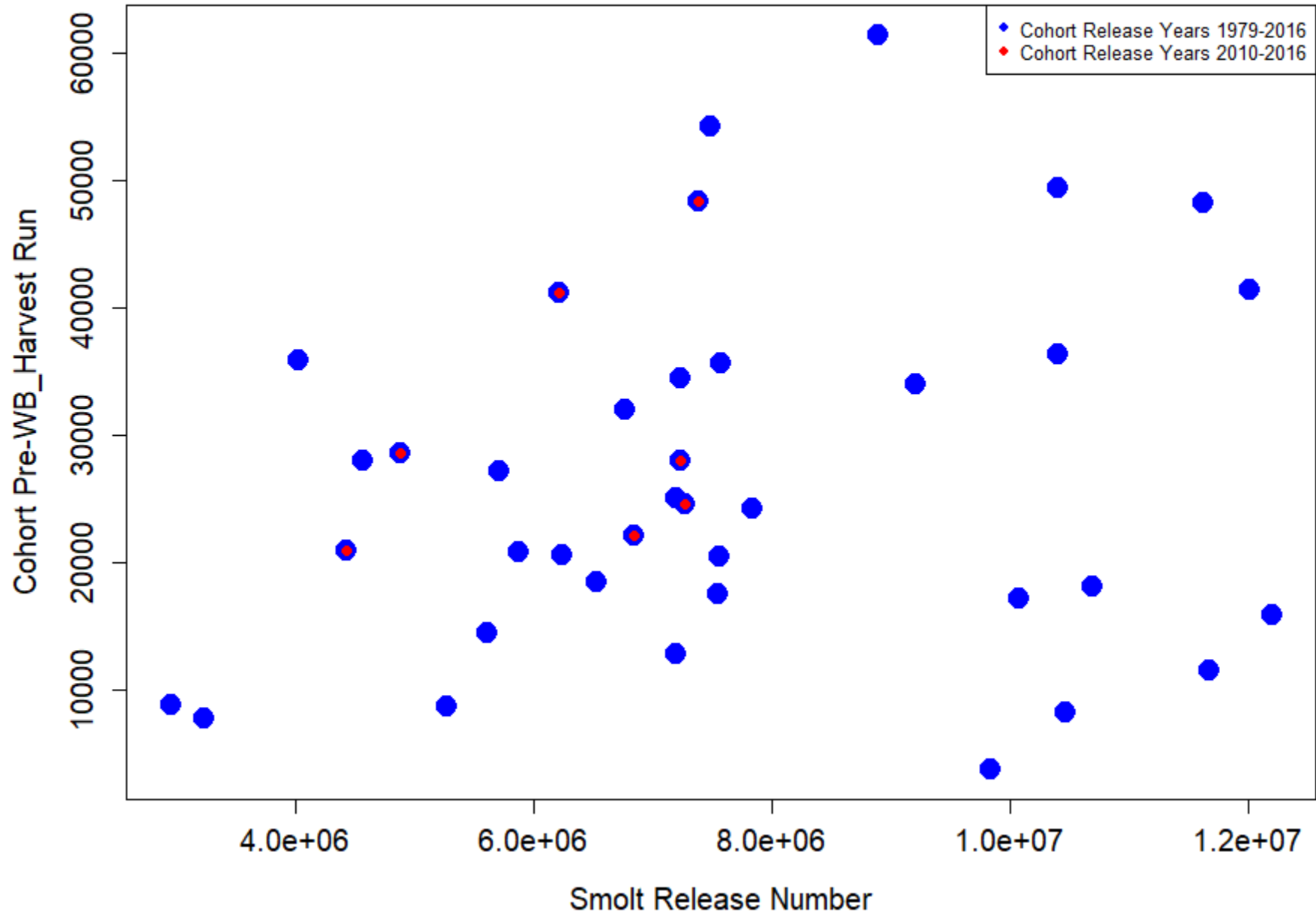
- Assumption: more smolts released = more fishing opportunities
- Constant – e.g., SAR = 0.4% (smolt-adult-ratio)
- What is the relationship between # smolts released and # returning adults?
 - Make estimate from adult run vs. smolt release regression
 - Uncertainty of the estimate:
 - Slope of the line
 - Variation

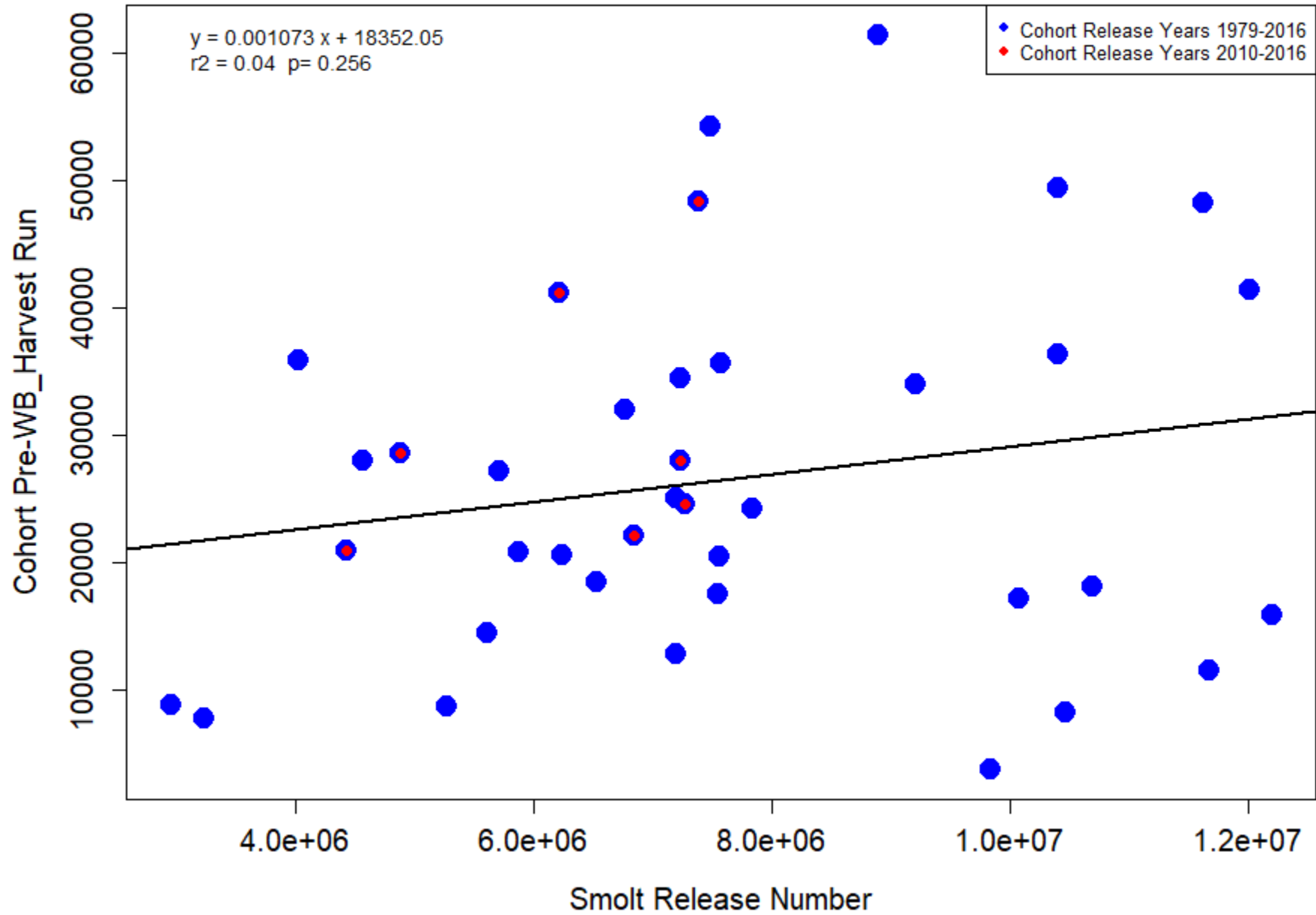


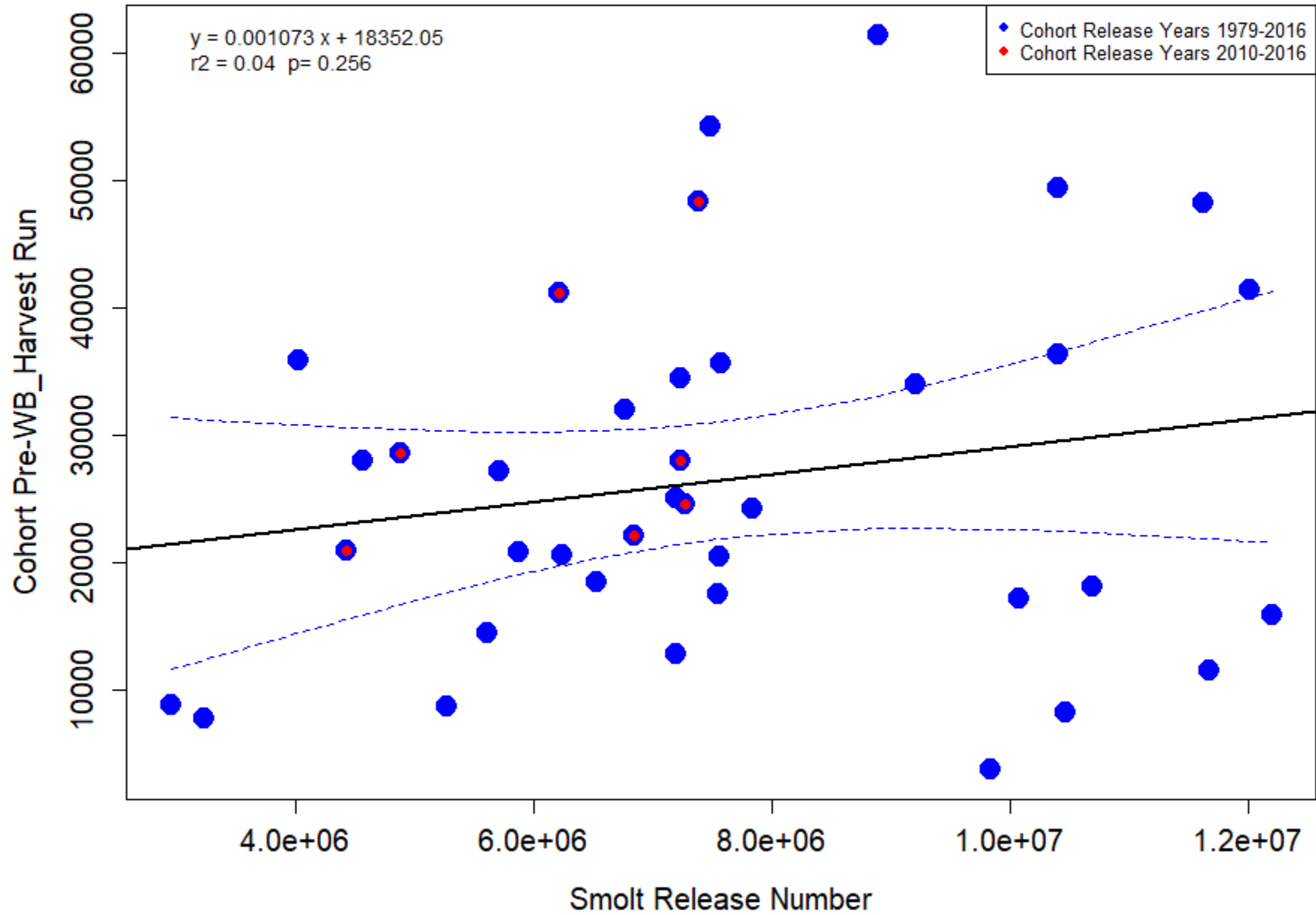


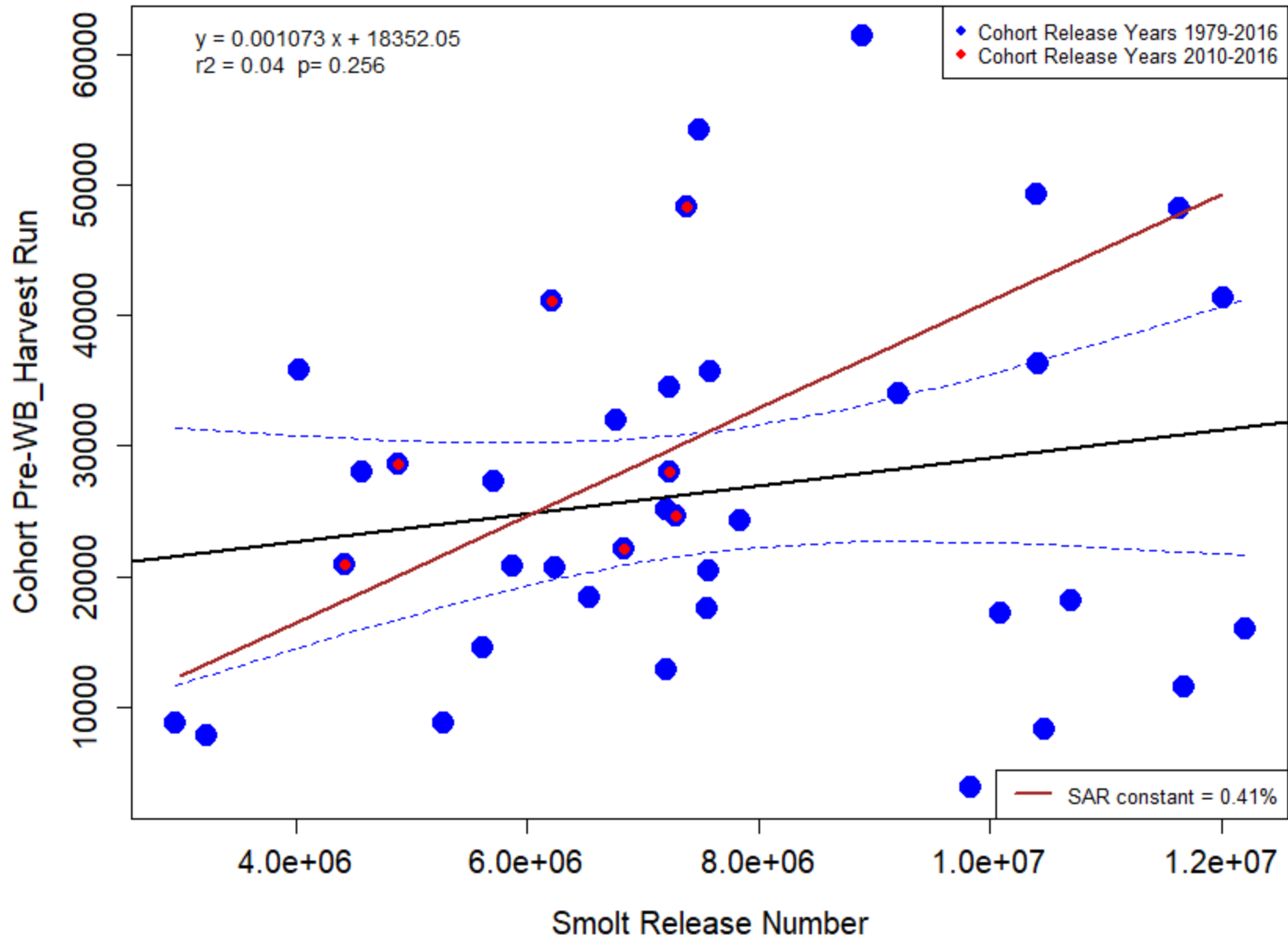


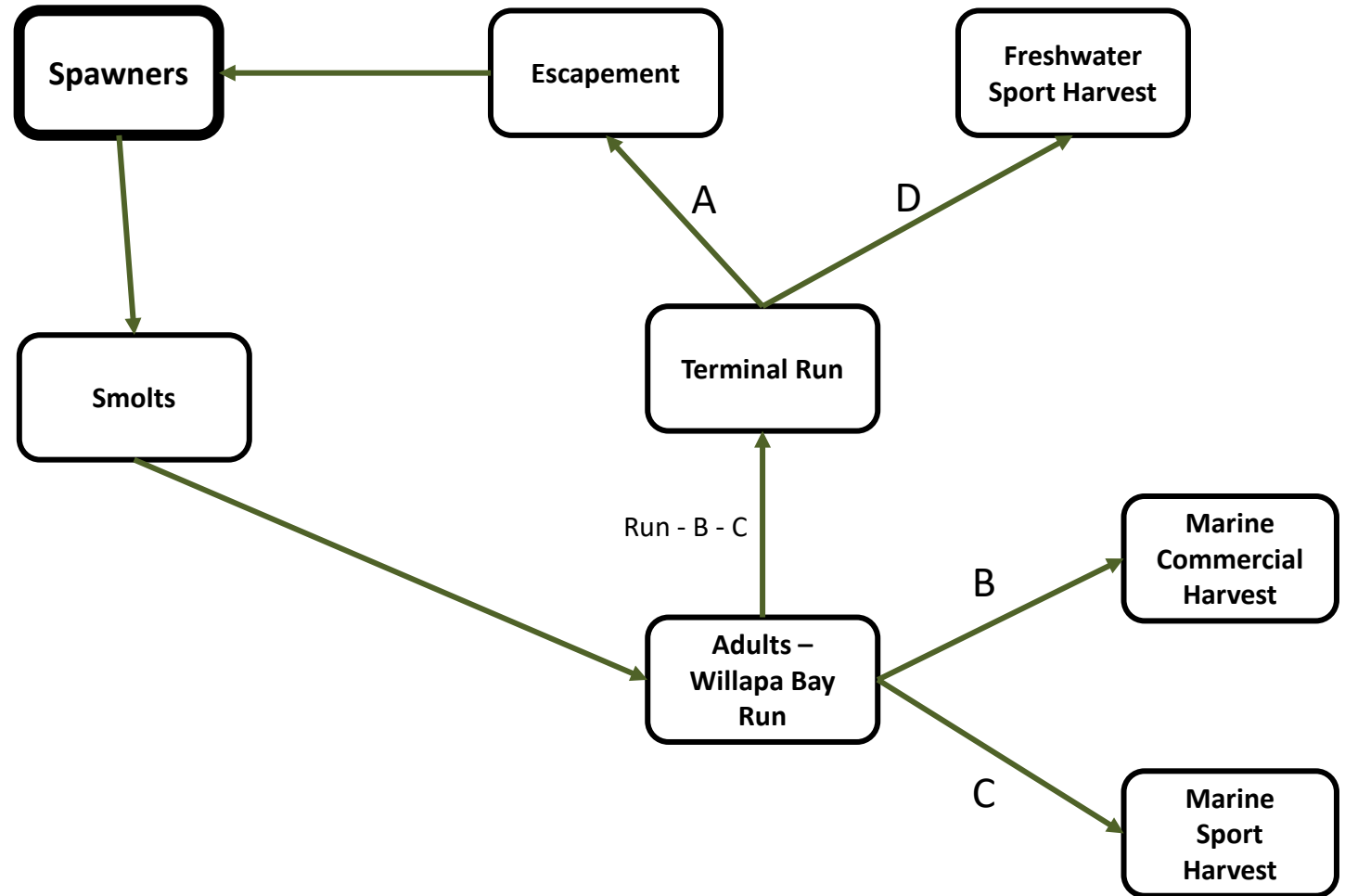
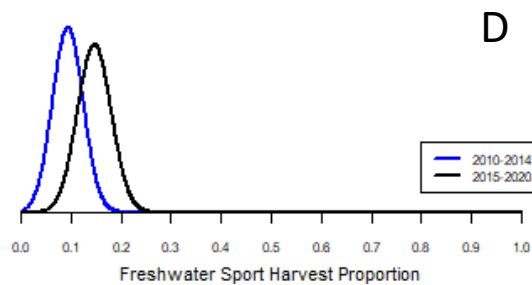
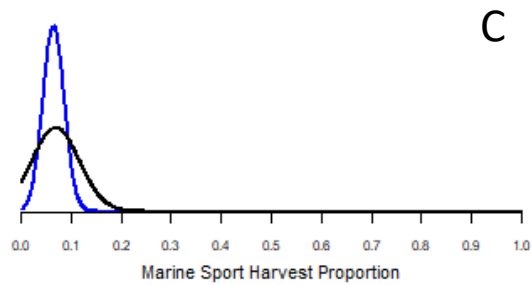
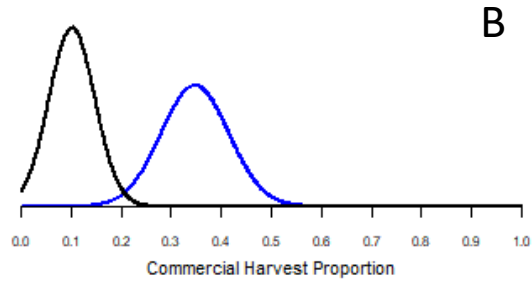
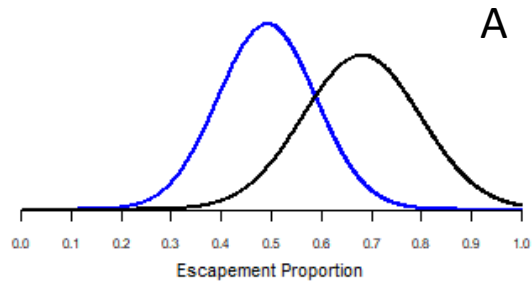










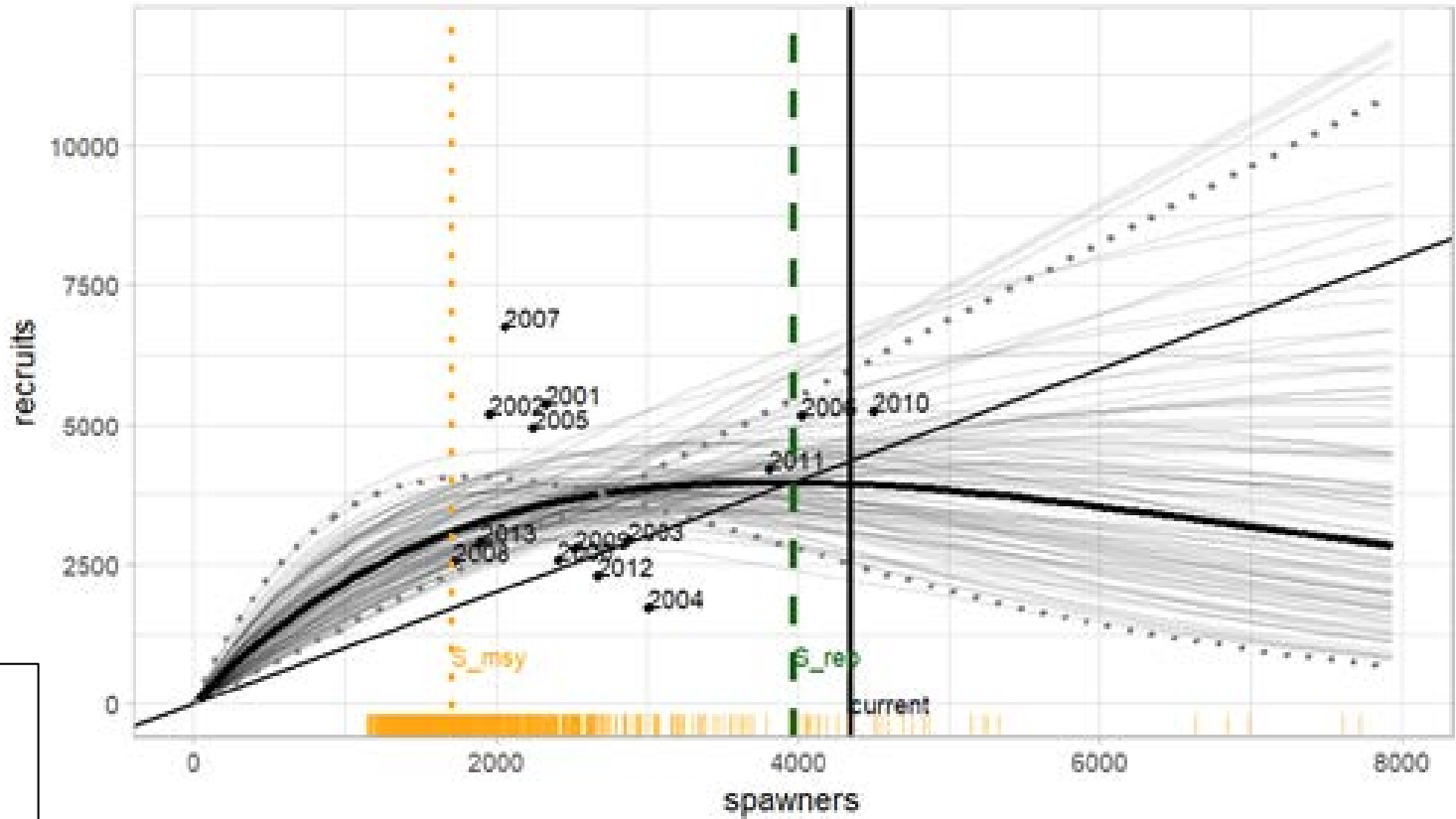


$$\text{Commercial} = \text{Run} - \text{Escapement} - \text{MarineSport} - \text{FWSport}$$



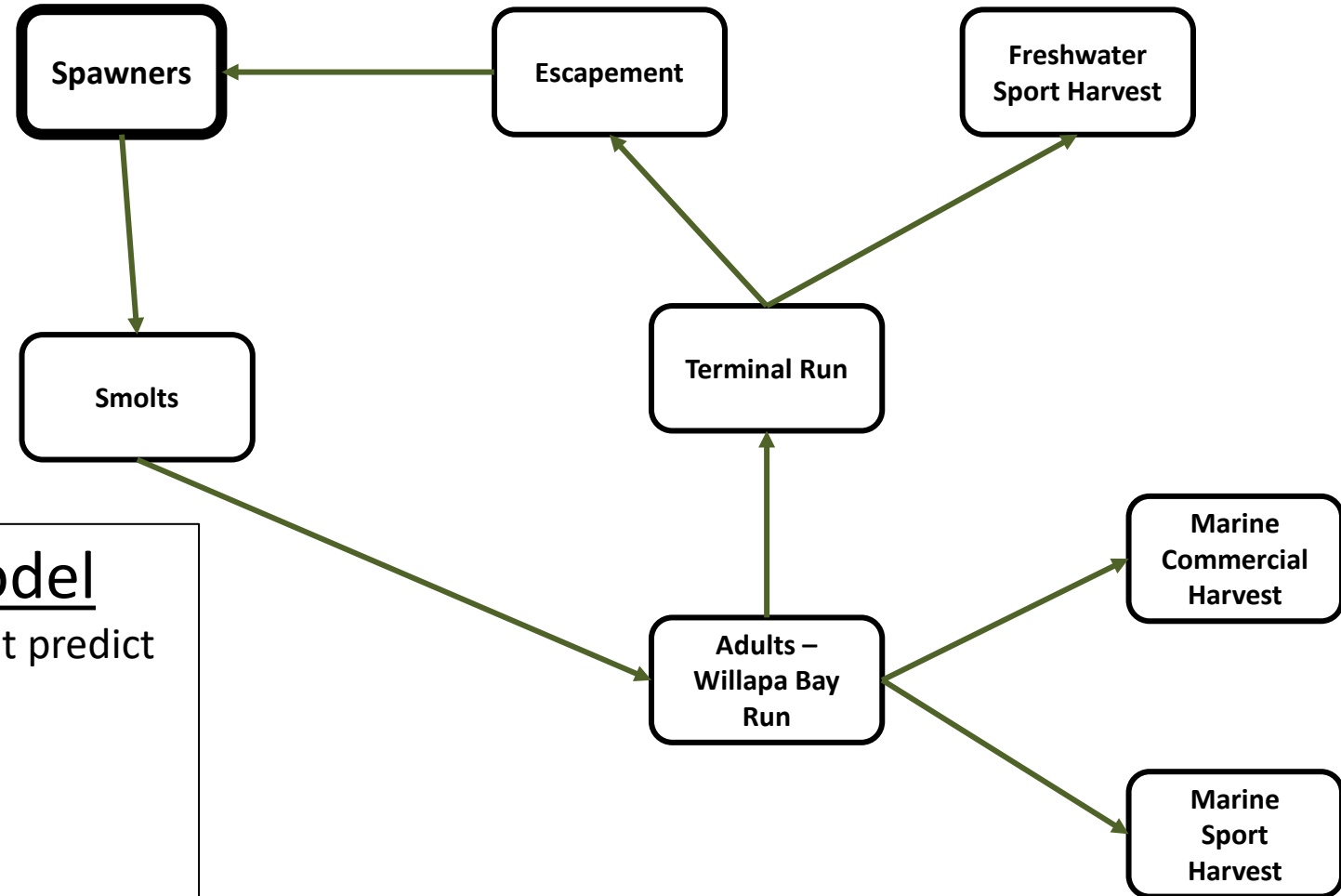
**Willapa Bay Fall Chinook Natural-Origin Spawner-Recruit Population Dynamics,
Brood Years 2000 -2013**
(Excerpt from Comprehensive Review of Willapa Bay Salmon Policy, page 105)

From Alternative 2, April 15, 2022 draft



- Parameters**
- # Spawners
 - Carrying capacity
 - Intrinsic rate of growth





Final Comments on Model

- Heuristic model - teaches doesn't predict
- One integrated population
- *One species (?)*
- One year of return
- Harvest is instantaneous
- No timing or geographic component
- Main difference between alternatives
 - spawner escapement goal



Alternative 2 policy language

See documents

1. Staff_Questions_Alt2_WillapaBayPolicy_FishCommittee_May13_2022.docx
2. ALT 2 Draft Ap 15 22v2_LineNumbered.doc





Questions and Discussion