### Game Management Plan

#### Anis Aoude, Game Division Manager Wildlife Program



### Reminder of High-level Steps

- Overarching plan and individual species and guild plans that will be produced over a specific time period
- All plans will go through SEPA using a phased review approach (4 phases)
- Commission will contemplate policy considerations that may inform individual plans
- Wildlife Committee/Commission will provide case appropriate review during the internal review process prior to public SEPA review



### 2-Pronged Approach Flow chart

Staff review of new and relevant biological science

Incorporate the appropriate social science

Staff Draft Plan



Review With Wildlife Committee Identify Possible Policy Topics

Full Commission Check-in and path forward

**Policy Development** 

Draft Policy or Policy Choices
Developed by Wildlife Committee

Policy Adopted by Commission

**Review Draft** 

Formal SEPA Review

Adoption (Commission/Director)



### Currently in Phase 1

Plan	Phase	Planned completion	Lead Authors	Process Owner
Vision, Dept. Authority, and General Game Mgmt. Plan	1	June 2023?	Anis A	Anis A
Waterfowl & Migratory Game Birds Mgmt. Plan	1	June 2023?	Waterfowl Specialists	Kyle S



### Overarching Plan Touchpoints

- Commission and Department Authority (guiding Principles)
- General Game Management Issue Statements

### **Guiding Principles**

Refer to the provided document



### Scientific/Professional Management of Hunted Wildlife Issue Statement:

WDFW wildlife managers and biologists have developed goals, objectives, and strategies in these plans to ensure long-term sustainability of all wildlife. The best available science will be the basis for the maintenance of all endemic wildlife populations. Strategies for hunted wildlife will not have significant negative impacts on the sustainability of other wildlife or their habitats. None of the strategies, subsequent hunting season recommendations, or implementation of activities will deviate from these fundamental principles. Science is the core of wildlife management, the basis for achieving the agency's mandate, and the foundation of this plan.



# Scientific/Professional Management of Hunted Wildlife Issue Statement:

While science and professional opinion form the foundation of wildlife management, social and economic issues often strongly affect public opinion, and influence management strategies and regulations. An easily accessible public involvement process is necessary to facilitate broad public involvement in developing and implementing management alternatives. The key is to develop programs that both achieve key biological objectives and are supported by the public.



# Hunter Ethics and Fair Chase Issue Statement:

Many hunters think that the latitude to determine what constitutes fair chase belongs to the individual. They feel that others should not determine what fair chase is for someone else. Other hunters are concerned that the image and standard of ethics for hunting may be compromised, particularly with the expanding use of technology for hunting. This is especially evident with equipment technology.

## Hunter Ethics and Fair Chase Issue Statement:

A majority of the general public believes that many hunters violate hunting laws (Duda 2002a). They feel that hunting without a license and poaching are the major violations, and shooting game out of season and hunting over the bag limit are also common violations. Hunters cite these same concerns with the addition of shooting from a vehicle. The public also indicated, they developed their opinions from direct observation, physical evidence, and from talking with others. In addition, they support hunter refresher courses and feel that an additional training requirement will improve their opinion of hunters.



# Non-toxic Ammunition Issue Statement:

A wide variety of birds may consume spent lead shot, resulting in increased mortalities and sublethal effects. Birds of prey may ingest lead as they scavenge animals (e.g., deer) taken during hunting seasons. In Washington, there is increasing evidence of lead consumption by golden eagles, a species of concern with low population levels. However, some sportsmen are concerned that the added expense of purchasing non-toxic ammunition is not justified with population-level impacts and may further reduce hunter recruitment and retention.

## Hunting Season Regulations Issue Statement:

The Department must manage game populations for a variety of hunters, each utilizing different methods and weapon types. This is accomplished with designated seasons for each to ensure all have opportunity. The hunting public informs decisions so that seasons and restrictions are equitable among all user groups. Continuing to solicit input from all users is a primary objective of the Department so hunting opportunity is fair and balanced.

### Questions?

