Columbia River Commercial Advisor Group Meeting

January 11, 2024 10:00a-12:00p Hybrid (Rainier City Hall, virtual)

Prepared by: Columbia River Joint Staff

Columbia River Commercial Advisor Group Meeting

Rainier City Hall: Rainer City Hall 106 W B St, Rainier, OR 97048

Join online: Click here to join the meeting ID: 254454587556 Passcode: rh9zNb Or call in (audio only): 1-564-999-2000 Conference ID: 313543523#

10:00a - 12:00p January 11, 2024

| 10:00a – 12:00p January 11, 2024 Agenda | |
|--|--------------|
| Welcome and Introductions Ground rules Introduction Roles and expectations | (30 minutes) |
| Agenda review Update on white sturgeon 2023 Lower Columbia population status and trends 2024 Lower Columbia fishery discussion | (30 minutes) |
| Update on Eulachon (smelt) Populations trend 2024 outlook | (15 minutes) |
| Summary of 2023 Salmon Fisheries | (5 minutes) |
| Ocean Conditions & Forecasts | (10 minutes) |
| Additional Discussion (as time permits) | (30 minutes) |
| Future Meetings WA Alternative Gear Advisory Board, January 19, Ridgefield WDFW, 10a-12p Compact Hearing (smelt), January 23, 10a Select Area Commercial Fishing Public Meeting, January 24, Astoria, WA WA Fish and Wildlife Commission (C-3630 annual review), January 24-26 Compact Hearing (Select Area commercial), February 13, 10a Joint State Hearing (spring Chinook sport), February 21, 10a CRCAG (WA logbook rule making), Ridgefield WDFW, February 23, 10a-1p Pacific Fishery Management Council, March 5-11, Fresno, CA CRCAG (2024 fall seasons), virtual, TBD during March PFMC Pacific Fishery Management Council, April 5-11, Seattle, WA | |

Ground rules

- Focus on the task at hand *stick to the agenda*
- Be a conduit and collaborator *share information*
- One person at a time to speak speak your name to be added to the speaking list
 - Non-advisers will observe meeting and stay on mute *comments may be permitted at the end of the meeting if time permits*
- Be respectful of others
 - o Mute phone or line; take side conversations into another room
 - o Be tough on issues and questions, not on people or organizations
 - o No personal attacks, insults or threats
 - Listen to others
 - Speak and act professional no offensive, disrespectful, or derogatory language, including profanity
 - Allow for a balance of speaking time *limit length and number of times to speak on each topic*
- For virtual meetings
 - o *6 to mute/unmute
 - o Chat will not be monitored or used except for technical assistance

Columbia River Recreational Advisory Group (2024–2026)

| City | State |
|---------------|---|
| Chinook | WA |
| St. Helens | OR |
| Longview | WA |
| Longview | WA |
| Astoria | OR |
| Cascade Locks | OR |
| Astoria | OR |
| Astoria | OR |
| Vancouver | WA |
| Brush Prairie | WA |
| Skamokawa | WA |
| Astoria | OR |
| Naselle | WA |
| Astoria | OR |
| Longview | WA |
| Astoria | OR |
| Astoria | OR |
| Ilwaco | WA |
| | Chinook St. Helens Longview Longview Astoria Cascade Locks Astoria Astoria Vancouver Brush Prairie Skamokawa Astoria Naselle Astoria Longview Astoria Astoria |

2024 Joint State Staff (OR-WA) roles

ODFW

Ocean Salmon and Columbia River Program (OSCRP)

- Ocean and Columbia River cross-regional fisheries management
- FCRPS hydro-system

Tucker Jones (971-673-6067), Clackamas

- Ocean Salmon and Columbia River Program Manager
 - o Supervises OSCRP Program
- Policy level representation in various inter-jurisdictional forums
- OR representative for Compact/Joint State hearings

Columbia River Management

Jeff Whisler (971-673-6024), Clackamas

- Columbia River Fisheries Manager
 - Design, recommend, and implement fisheries in Columbia/lower Willamette rivers
- Supervise ODFW Columbia River Management program/staff
- Lead technical staff for Compact/Joint State hearings
- U.S. v OR Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) representative

Hannah Moore (971-673-6029), Clackamas

- Primary technical analyst
- Technical staff for Compact/Joint State hearings
- TAC representative

Rob Reagan (971-673-6017), Clackamas

- Columbia and Willamette River Project Leader
- Responsible for coordinating sampling of fisheries in lower Columbia/Willamette rivers
- Primary contact for Willamette Falls fishway/counts

Cameron Duff (971-673-6057), Clackamas

- Select Area /Estuary Fisheries Project Leader
- Primary contact for Select Area commercial fisheries
 - o Responsible for implementing and evaluating Select Area fisheries
- Responsible for coordinating sampling of Estuary fisheries in lower Columbia River

WDFW

Kelly Cunningham – Fish Program Director (360-790-0778), Olympia

• Fish Program lead, supervise Charlene

Columbia River Management Unit (CRMU)

- Columbia River cross-regional fisheries management
- FCRPS hydro-system

Charlene Hurst – Columbia River Management Unit Lead (360-605-5247), Ridgefield

- Columbia River Policy lead, supervise Ryan, Laura, Mark, Eric Winther (northern pikeminnow), Charlie Morrill (hydro)
- Decision maker for Compact/Joint State hearings
- *U.S. v OR* policy representative

Ryan Lothrop – Columbia River Fisheries Manager (360-701-3602), Olympia

- Columbia River fishery lead, supervise Quinten, Beth, and Shannon
- Fishery coordinator with eastside regions, ODFW and tribes
- TAC representative and lead WA technical staff for Compact/Joint State hearings

Shannon Conley – Columbia River Fishery Policy Analyst (564-653-0500), Olympia

- Technical and statistical analysist for CRMU fisheries
- TAC representative (WA lead)

Quinten Daugherty – Columbia River Fishery Management Biologist (360-844-0205), Ridgefield

- Technical analyst, and design, recommend, and implement mainstem fisheries
- Technical staff for Compact/Joint State hearings and TAC representative

Beth Deacy – Columbia River Fishery Sampling Coordinator (360-600-7069), Ridgefield

• Coordinates fishery sampling and test fisheries, supervise Nathan White (field biologist) and Ken Keller (Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission supervisor biologist)

Laura Heironimus – Sturgeon, Smelt, Lamprey lead (360-719-0677), Ridgefield

- Supervises sturgeon, smelt, and lamprey research/monitoring programs
- Lead on white sturgeon and eulachon conservation and management
- Provides support for Compact/Joint State Hearings
- Supervise Matt Sturza (sturgeon/smelt biologist) and Monica Blanchard (lamprey biologist)

Matt Sturza – Sturgeon, Smelt Biologist (360-355-5643), Ridgefield

- Coordinates and directs sturgeon/smelt population assessment and fishery monitoring projects
- Supervises sturgeon/smelt sampling staff
- On detail as Sturgeon, Smelt, Lamprey lead position until March 2024

Mark Sorel – Columbia River Fishery Analyst (607-351-7352), Ridgefield

- Provides analytical/statistical support
- TAC representative

Lower Columbia River White Sturgeon

Abundance and CPUE Trends

Table 1. Estimated and projected abundance of 38–54 inch FL (96–137 cm) white sturgeon in the LCR from 2008–2021 based on mark-recapture surveys. Historic method is the number of fish present at the start of July (2008–2009) or May (2010–2012), while the setline method is the number of fish present at the start of the year. Preliminary estimates are italicized.

| | Historic method | | Setline method | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year | estimate | Estima | ate (95% C.I.) | Projection ¹ | Harvest guideline | | | | | |
| 2008 | 101,200 | | | | 40,000 | | | | | |
| 2009 | 95,000 | | | | 40,000 | | | | | |
| 2010 | 65,300 | 100,300 | | | 24,000 | | | | | |
| 2011 | 72,800 | 80,600 | | 77,000 | 17,000 | | | | | |
| 2012 | 83,400 | 72,700 | | 65,000 | 10,400 | | | | | |
| 2013 | | 113,900 | | 74,300 | 10,105 | | | | | |
| 2014 | | 131,000 | (75,500 - 186,480) | 131,700 | | | | | | |
| 2015 | | 143,900 | (85,700 - 202,100) | 138,200 | | | | | | |
| 2016 | | 224,000 | (118,300 - 329,600) | 147,100 | | | | | | |
| 2017 | | 199,800 | (69,900 - 329,700) | 237,900 | 6,235 | | | | | |
| 2018 | | 162,200 | (93,400 - 230,950) | 198,300 | 6,160 | | | | | |
| 2019 | | 168,200 | (100,100-236,300) | 164,100 | 6,160 | | | | | |
| 2020 ² | | 199,500 | (40,100-358,800) | 148,800 | 5,720 | | | | | |
| 2021 | | 110,100 | (65,719-154,548) | 201,400 | 6,160 | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 78,400 | (40,411-116,368) | 101,600 | 4,000 | | | | | |
| 2023 | | 65,600 | (40,226-90,889) | 74,500 | | | | | | |
| 2024 | | | | 64,400 | TBD | | | | | |

¹ Projected abundance is based on the previous year's setline estimate. Projections do not include harvest.

² Due to sampling issue related to COVID-19 pandemic, the sample size was lower than standards and therefore the estimate of 199,500 during 2020 has considerable uncertainty.

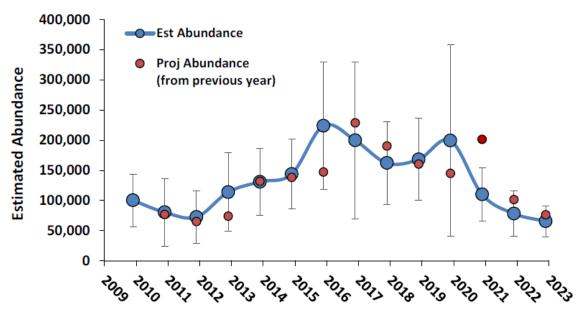


Figure 1. Estimated and projected abundance for 96–137 cm FL White Sturgeon from the LCR, 2010 – 2023. Error bars represent 95% CIs for the estimated abundance.

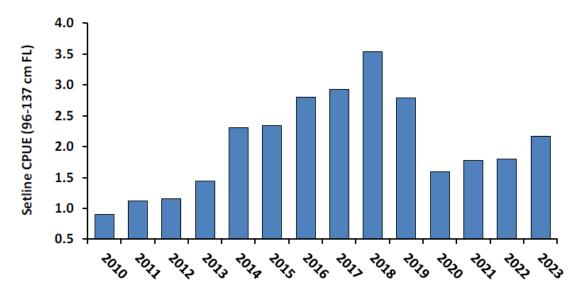


Figure 2. CPUE of 96 – 137 cm FL White Sturgeon caught with setlines in the LCR, 2010 – 2023.

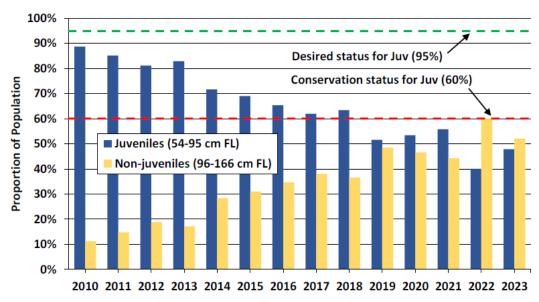


Figure 3. Lower Columbia River White Sturgeon population composition, 2010 – 2023.

Adult Abundance and CPUE Trends

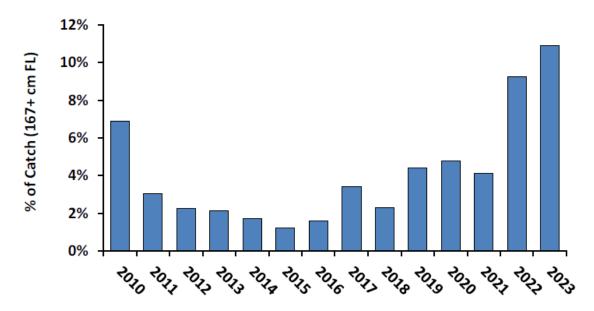


Figure 4. Percent of LCR setline catch comprised of White Sturgeon \geq 167 cm FL, 2010 – 2023.

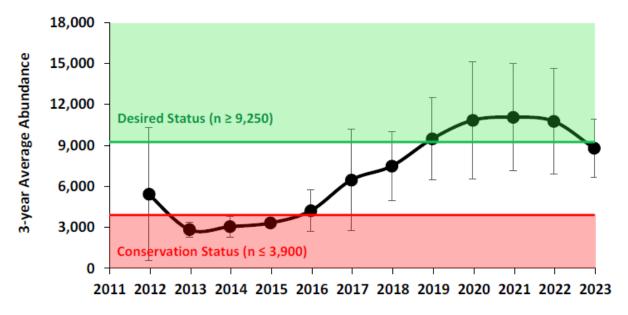


Figure 5. Three-year running average estimated abundance for White Sturgeon ≥ 167 cm FL from the LCR, 2012 - 2023. Less than three years of data were available prior to 2012, therefore no averages were calculated. Error bars represent one standard deviation.

Length Frequency Trend

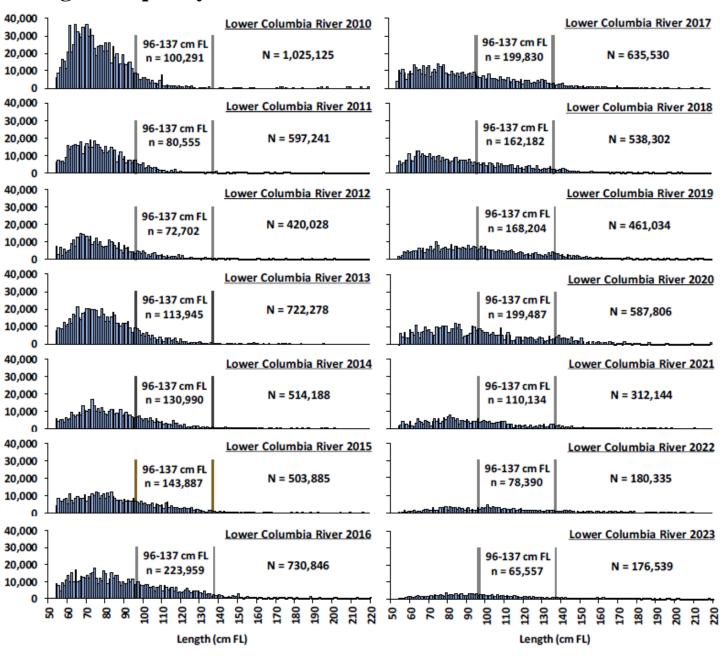


Figure 6. Estimated abundance by 1-cm length increments of White Sturgeon \geq 54 cm FL from the LCR, 2010 - 2023.

Legal-size Abundance Forecasts

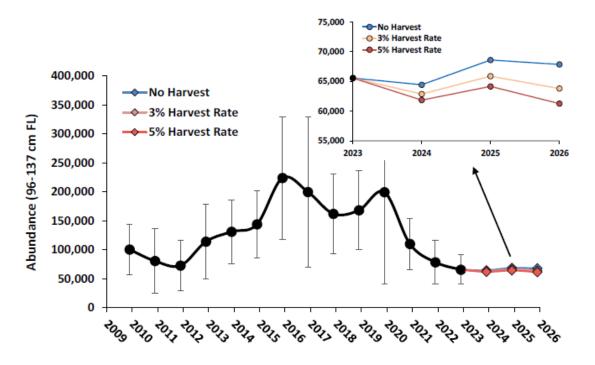


Figure 8. Projected abundance of White Sturgeon 96 - 137 cm FL in the LCR under different annual harvest rates.

Sub-yearling (Age-0) Production

Table 2. Annual recruitment index (E_p) and catch-per-net (CPN) for age-0 White Sturgeon from the Willamette River (Will R) and the lower Columbia River (LCR), 2004 - 2023.

| Year | Will R E_p | Will R CPN | $LCR E_p$ | LCR CPN |
|------------|--------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| 2004 | | | 0.44 | 1.29 |
| 2005 | | | 0.49 | 1.74 |
| 2006 | | | 0.52 | 1.88 |
| 2007^{1} | | | | |
| 2008 | | | 0.45 | 1.23 |
| 2009 | | | 0.78 | 5.66 |
| 2010 | 0.24 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.19 |
| 2011 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.34 | 0.58 |
| 2012 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.77 |
| 2013^{2} | | | 0.12 | 0.21 |
| 2014 | 0.38 | 1.38 | 0.31 | 0.56 |
| 2015 | 0.26 | 0.58 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
| 2016 | 0.50 | 0.75 | 0.14 | 0.20 |
| 2017 | 0.50 | 1.75 | 0.58 | 1.64 |
| 2018 | 0.83 | 3.96 | 0.27 | 0.43 |
| 2019 | 0.58 | 1.13 | 0.19 | 0.30 |
| 2020^{1} | | | | |
| 2021 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 2022 | 0.29 | 0.42 | 0.18 | 0.20 |
| 2023 | 0.42 | 0.88 | 0.07 | 0.09 |

¹ No age-0 sampling in either the lower Columbia or Willamette rivers.

2024 LCR Fisheries:

In 2023, staff provided updates on the LCR white sturgeon status to the Columbia River Fishery Advisor groups. Advisors expressed some conservation concerns about population metrics. Additionally, advisors expressed concerns about a lack of meaningful harvest opportunities.

While data supports the conclusion that the population could support limited harvest, it has become difficult to prosecute retention fisheries with meaningful harvest opportunity within the legal-size abundance. Therefore, there was no retention of white sturgeon for either commercial or recreational fisheries downstream of Bonneville Dam in 2023.

The continued prolonged recruitment shortfall has reduced the abundance of legal-size fish, impacting our ability to prosecute meaningful retention fisheries again in 2024.

² No age-0 sampling in the Willamette River.

Columbia River Eulachon Smelt

Stock Status

- In the last decade, the adult run size has ranged from a low of 370,000 pounds in 2018 to 18,300,000 pounds in 2022 (Figure 1).
- In 2023, a complete field season was conducted with sampling occurring over 21 weeks from January 13 through May 24. The spawning-stock biomass (SSB) for 2023 is estimated at 16,900,000 pounds, which is the second highest SSB recorded using the current SSB sampling methodology. After factoring in harvest in 2023 fisheries, the run size is estimated at 17,000,000 pounds.

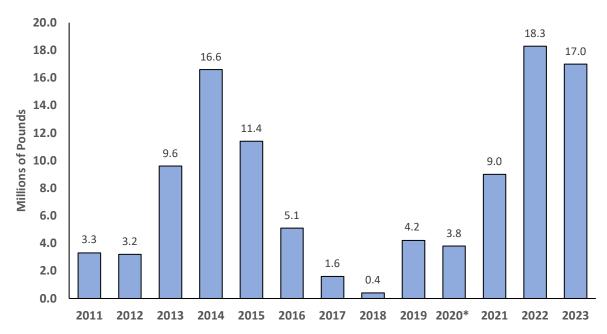


Figure 1. Columbia River Eulachon abundance, in millions of pounds, by year. The 2020 run size estimate is unreliable due to an incomplete sampling season.

Abundance indicators for 2024

- A strong 2023 return of Eulachon adults from brood year 2020 may indicate another strong return from this cohort in 2024.
- Improved in-river environmental conditions during outmigration for the 2019 (Age-5), and 2020 (Age-4) cohorts likely improved survival to the ocean:
 - o January through March, river temperatures were cool to warm and the flow quick, which may have led to normal or late yolk sac absorption.
 - o March through June, estuary water particle residence time was shorter than average, which might lead to an early to normal ocean arrival time.
 - o April through June, the volume of the Columbia River plume was large, which may have improved conditions for larvae entering the ocean environment.
- Conversely warm water temperatures during the 2021 larval outflow period could have negatively impacted early survival of this cohort (Age-3).
- Ocean Indices such as PDO, SOI, and ONI improved from 2020 through 2023 to the most productive values in over a decade; however, marine upwelling in 2022 and 2023 was weak and

- combined with warming sea surface temperatures during the spring of 2022 indicates some uncertainty for marine survival during these years.
- The overall copepod richness anomaly has improved and remained in the positive range from 2020 through 2023, although the biomass of nutritionally richer northern species of copepod began to slightly decline in 2022.

Table 1. Summary of factors to forecast the Columbia River Eulachon adult return in 2024.

| | Cohort Survival Factors | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Brood | Age at | | | Forecasted | | | | | | |
| Year | Spawn | Freshwater Phase | Ocean Phase | Contribution | | | | | | |
| 2019 | 5 | + | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 4 | 0 | + | + | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 3 | - | + | + | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 2 | 0 | + | 0 | | | | | | |

2023-24 Observations

- Sightings of smelt were reported in the lower Cowlitz during December.
- Pinniped activity observed in the lower Columbia and Cowlitz rivers in late December.

Use of the commercial fishery data

- The biological data collected during the commercial fishery allow for investigation of the structure of the annual Eulachon run into the Columbia River including run distribution, run strength, weight distribution, age composition, sex ratio, stage of maturity, and fecundity.
- Fishery assessment provides data to evaluate the utility of SSB calculations and provides context to historical landings data. For example, there appears to be a correlation between the pounds per landing data provided by the mainstem commercial fishery and the data from the larval density survey (Figure 2).

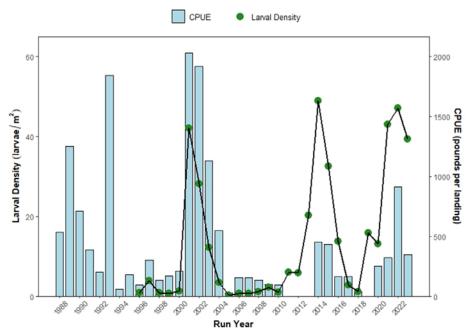


Figure 2. Comparison of adult Eulachon catch per unit effort (CPUE) in terms of total pounds per landing in the mainstem Columbia River commercial gillnet fishery and mean larval densities captured at mainstem Columbia index sites using plankton tow nets, 1988–2023.

Table 2. Columbia River Eulachon run size and harvest estimates, 2011–2023.

| | *** 1 | Run size | Harvest (pounds) | | | | | | | | |
|------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------|--------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Weeks sampled | (SSB plus harvest in | Comm | ercial | | | | | | | |
| Year | for SSB | pounds) ¹ | Mainstem | Tributary | Sport | Tribal | Combined | | | | |
| 2011 | 19 | 3,300,000 | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| 2012 | 25 | 3,200,000 | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| 2013 | 29 | 9,600,000 | | | | 7,470 | 7,470 | | | | |
| 2014 | 22 | 16,600,000 | 18,560 | | 203,880 | 6,970 | 229,410 | | | | |
| 2015 | 33 | 11,400,000 | 16,550 | | 290,770 | 10,400 | 317,720 | | | | |
| 2016 | 25 | 5,100,000 | 4,820 | | 141,050 | 8,560 | 154,430 | | | | |
| 2017 | 18 | 1,600,000 | 5,019 | | 541 | 1,900 | 7,531 | | | | |
| 2018 | 13 | 400,000 | 110 | | | | 110 | | | | |
| 2019 | 16 | 4,205,000 | | | | 23,660 | 23,660 | | | | |
| 2020 | 10 | 2 | 10,255 | | 35,040 | 23,900 | 69,195 | | | | |
| 2021 | 17 | 9,000,000 | 10,997 | | 91,250 | 55,940 | 158,187 | | | | |
| 2022 | 19 | 18,300,000 | 27,398 | | 169,543 | 27,385 | 224,326 | | | | |
| 2023 | 22 | 17,000,000 | 1,726 | | 55,595 | 10,806 | 68,127 | | | | |

¹ Rounded to the nearest 100,000 pounds.

² The 2020 SSB estimate is incomplete due to truncated sampling during March

2024 Management Considerations

• **2024 Forecast:** Overall, the 2024 run is expected to be similar to the 2023 run, though some variable ocean conditions leave some uncertainty in that forecast.

• 2024 Fisheries:

- o Commercial Harvest:
 - Staff are considering a 2024 fishery season structure as follows:
 - Season: M, W & Th, late January-early March
 - Area: Zones 1-3Gear: Gill net only

*Commercial fishing season subject to decision at the Compact hearing, scheduled for January 23, 2024.

- o Recreational Fisheries:
 - Plan to consider recreational fisheries after an observed minimum daily CPUE of 200 pounds per delivery for at least one period from the commercial fishery.
 - Similar to previous years, we plan to use additional observations of smelt within the Cowlitz River to ensure adequate fish exist to prosecute a fishery.
 - Staff are preparing to consider 1-3 recreational smelt dipping days between the Cowlitz and Sandy rivers.

Summary of 2023 Salmon Fisheries (all data considered preliminary)

Lower Columbia River Recreational Fisheries Summary

| 2023 Lower Columbia River | Recreational Fisheri | ies Catch Summary. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Time Period | Area | Species Allowed | Days for Chinook | Salmonid Anglers | Adult Chin. Kept | Adult Chin. Rel'd | Jack Chin. Kept | Jack Chin. Rel. | Sthd Kept 3/ | Sthd Rel'd | Sockeye Kept 4/ | Sockeye Rel'd | Adult Coho Kept | Adult Coho Rel'd | Jack Coho Kept | Jack Coho Rel. |
| Feb | Buoy 10 to I-5 | ChS, StW | | 2,326 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| March | LCR | ChS, StW | 31 | 18,345 | 457 | 84 | 7 | 7 | 96 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| April | LCR | ChS, StW | 11 | 23,086 | 2,409 | 356 | 0 | 15 | 21 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May 16-18 | Buoy 10 to I-5 | StS, ChS Jx | 0 | 306 | 0 | 52 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May 19-31 | TP-I5/Tp-Bonn. | ChS, StS | 13 | 16,414 | 1,825 | 627 | 426 | 37 | 181 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| June 1-15 | TP-Bonn. | Shad only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ChS Totals 1/ | (February 1-Ju | ne 15) | 55 | 60,477 | 4,691 | 1,119 | 442 | 59 | 316 | 171 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| June 16-30 | Astoria Br-BO | ChR, StS, Sok | 15 | 21,899 | 2,013 | 564 | 188 | 69 | 469 | 197 | 981 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| July 1-31 | Astoria Br-BO | StS, Sok, ChR Jx | 0 | 14,145 | 6 | 386 | 43 | 80 | 1,435 | 1,597 | 384 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ChR Totals 2/ | (June 16-July 3 | 31) | 15 | 36,044 | 2,019 | 950 | 231 | 149 | 1,904 | 1,794 | 1,365 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spring/Summer Totals | | | 70 | 96,521 | 6,710 | 2,069 | 673 | 208 | 2,220 | 1,965 | 1,365 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aug | WPI-BO | ChF, Co | 31 | 33,530 | 6,761 | 662 | 270 | 235 | 0 | 569 | 0 | 0 | 213 | 171 | 3 | 0 |
| Sep | WPI-BO | ChF, Co | 30 | 53,232 | 18,078 | 1,459 | 1,965 | 247 | Ō | 41 | Ö | Ö | 2,042 | 1,055 | 173 | 68 |
| Oct | WPI-BO | ChF, Co | 31 | 10,953 | 2,567 | 220 | 506 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,033 | 260 | 219 | 29 |
| ChF Totals 5/ | (August 1-Octo | ober 31) | 92 | 97,715 | 27,406 | 2,341 | 2,741 | 527 | 0 | 610 | 0 | 0 | 3,288 | 1,486 | 395 | 97 |
| LCR Spring Summer and F | all | | 162 | 194,236 | 34,116 | 4,410 | 3,414 | 735 | 2,220 | 2,575 | 1,365 | 71 | 3,288 | 1,486 | 395 | 97 |
| OR Buoy 10 | B10-TP | ChF, Co | 53 | 58,607 | 15,313 | 13,155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 0 | 0 | 7,359 | 5,223 | 0 | 0 |
| WN Buoy 10 | B10-TP | ChF, Co | 53 | 19,572 | 2,823 | 2,519 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,473 | 1,821 | 0 | 0 |
| | TP-WPI | ChF, Co | 53 | 1,623 | 494 | 404 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 304 | 168 | 0 | 0 |
| Buoy 10 Total 6/ | (August 1- Octo | ober 31) | 53 | 79,802 | 18,630 | 16,078 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 0 | 0 | 10,136 | 7,212 | 0 | 0 |
| B10 and Mainstem Fall Tot | als | | 92 | 177,517 | 46,036 | 18,419 | 2,741 | 527 | 0 | 727 | 0 | 0 | 13,424 | 8,698 | 395 | 97 |
| LCR and B10 Grand Totals | i | | 162 | 274,038 | 52,746 | 20,488 | 3,414 | 735 | 2,220 | 2,692 | 1,365 | 71 | 13,424 | 8,698 | 395 | 97 |

^{1/} Spring Chinook open: B10 - I-5 Bridge February 1-28; B10 - Beacon Rock March 1-April 11; B10 - Beacon Rock plus the banks between Beacon Rock and Bonneville May 19-31.

^{2/} Retention of adult hatchery summer Chinook open June 16-30 from the Astoria-Megler Bridge to Bonneville Dam.

^{3/} Hatchery steelhead open: B10 - Bonneville Dam February 1-April 11; TP to I-5 May 16-18; TP - Bonneville Dam May 19-31; Astoria- Megler Bridge - Bonneville Dam Jun 16- July 31. One steelhead bag limit effective June 16.

^{4/} Sockeye retention was open during June 16-July 31 form the Astoria-Megler Bridge to Bonneville Dam.

^{5/} Fall Chinook and hatchery coho was open as follows: WPI-WR open Aug 1-Sep 4, Sep 15-17 and Sep 22-Dec 31; WR-BO open Aug 1-Dec 31.

^{6/} Buoy 10 and TP - WPI: open for hatchery Chinook and coho August 1-20, 24-27, 2 fish/ 1 Chinook. Coho open September 5-7 with a three fish bag limit. Chinook reopened Sep 8-Dec 31, 3 fish/ 1 Chinook (hatchery or wild).

Zone 6 Recreational Fisheries Summary

| 2023 Zone 6 (Bonneville Dam - McN | Nary Dam) Spring, S | Summer, and Fall Sali | mon Fisheries. Fin | al, post-seas | on estimates | from ODFW | creel monito | oring progran | n. | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Area/Pool | Time Period | Species Allowed | Salmonid Anglers | Adult Chin. Kept | Adult Chin. Rel'd | Jack Chin. Kept | Total Sthd Kept | Total Sthd Rel'd | Adult Coho Kept | Adult Coho Rel. | Jack Coho Kept | Sockeye Kept | Sockeye Rel'd |
| Bonneville The Dalles John Day | Apr 1 - Jun 15 | Chinook, steelhead | 1,302 3,860 2,804 | 177 473 388 | 30 88 386 | 4 41 104 | 0 0 0 | 2 0 20 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 |
| Spring Management Period Total | (Jan 1 - June 15) | | 7,966 | 1,038 | 504 | 149 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bonneville The Dalles John Day | Jun 16 - Jul 31 | Chinook, steelhead, sockeye | 529 430 344 | 14 40 0 | 75 10 0 | 0 9 0 | 0 0 0 | 25 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 29 0 21 | 22 4 0 |
| Summer Management Period Tota | (June 16-July 31) |) | 1,303 | 54 | 85 | 9 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 26 |
| Bonneville The Dalles John Day | Aug 1 - Nov 19 | Chinook, steelhead, coho | 31,978 11,737 5,287 | 11,901 2,999 948 | 1,663 184 26 | 1,321 562 192 | 0 0 0 | 270 12 22 | 2,861 493 91 | 377 28 32 | 552 10 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 6 0 |
| Fall Management Period Total 3/ | (August 1-Decem | nber 31) | 49,002 | 15,848 | 1,873 | 2,075 | 0 | 304 | 3,445 | 437 | 562 | 0 | 6 |
| Grand Total | | | 58,271 | 16,940 | 2,462 | 2,233 | 0 | 351 | 3,445 | 437 | 562 | 50 | 32 |

^{1/} Open April 4 - May 6; 2 fish, 1 Chinook. Open area Tower Island powerlines upstream to OR/WA border.

Upstream of McNary Dam Recreational Summary

| Fishery | Kept Adults | Released Adults | Chinook Season |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Spring Chinook: Snake R. | 411 | 71 | May 2-5, 9-12, 23-26 |
| Spring Chinook: McNary – OR/WA border | 21 | 10 | April 1 – May 6, 19-24 |
| Summer Chinook: HWY 395 – PRD | 43 | 12 | June 16-30 |
| Sockeye: Hwy 395 – PRD | 1,067 | 3 | June 16 – August 15 |
| Summer Chinook: Above PRD+tribs | 5,735 | 1,384 | July 1 – October 15 |
| Sockeye: Above PRD | 33,909 | 55 | • |
| Fall Chinook: Hanford Reach | 10,388 | 0 | August 16 – December 31 |

^{2/} Open June 16 - July 31. 2 fish/ 1 steelhead. Closed July 1- July 31 for retention of Chinook.

^{3/} Open August 1 - December 31. 2 fish, 1 Chinook. Only hatchery Coho may be retained downstream of the Hood River Bridge.

Fall Recreational Fishery Summary

| Tall Recreational Fishery | Summary |
|---------------------------|---|
| Fall Season | Chinook open 8/1-20, 24-27, 8/30-9/4 (MSF), 2 fish/1 CHF; |
| Buoy 10 | 9/5-9/7, 3 Coho; 9/8-12/31 (nMSF CHF) 3 fish/1 CHF |
| TP/RP-WPI | Coho open 8/1-9/1, 9/15-12/31 |
| | STH retention closed Aug-Oct |
| | 79,802 trips, 18,630 Chinook kept – 11 th highest (16,178 rel) |
| | 10.136 Coho kept (7,212 rel) |
| | LRH handle lower than preseason expectation |
| Fall Season | Chinook and Coho open |
| LCR Sport | WPI - Warrior R. 8/1-9/4; 9/15-9/17, 9/22-12/31, 2 Fish/1 Chinook |
| WPI - BON | Warrior R BON: 8/1-12/31, 2 Fish/1 Chinook |
| | STH retention closed Aug-Oct |
| | 97,715 trips Aug-Oct – highest since 2017 (12 th highest since 1980) |
| | 27,406 adult Chinook kept 2,341 rel |
| | 3,288 Coho kept 1,487 rel |
| | 0 STH kept (610 rel H+W) |
| | LRH handle tracked lower than preseason expectation |
| Fall Season | Chinook and Coho open |
| BON - McNary | 8/1-12/3 1 CHF bag |
| | STH closed Aug-Oct BON Pool; Sep-Dec TDA/JD/McN pools |
| | 49,002 trips Aug-Dec 31; 15,848 adult Chinook kept (1,873 rel) |
| | 3,445 Coho kept (437 rel); 2 STH kept (304 rel H+W) |
| | C&E higher than preseason expectation |
| Fall Season | Same season as JD-McN |
| McNary-Hwy 395 | 1380 trips; 45 Chinook, 19 Coho and 0 STH kept |
| | 6 Chinook, 8 Coho and 31 STH (H+W) released |
| Fall Season | Fall Chinook open 8/16-12/31; |
| Hanford Reach | 6 fish/1 adults |
| | 26,369 trips; 10,388 adults and 415 jack Chinook kept; |
| | 53 Coho kept; |
| | Similar Chinook harvest as 2022 |

Lower Columbia River Commercial Landings Summary

| Season | Fishing Period | West | Hours | 7 ones | Mesh Size | WSTG Lim it | De1. | Chinook | Coho | Sockeye | Pink | Chum | White Sturge |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---------|--------|------------|-----------------|
| beaberr | 11dmig 1 divu | | 1200 | Lones | 112511 5125 | | 201. | | | DOCALYC | 2 1120 | Cimii | |
| ring | No season. | | | _ | | - | | ChS Adults | ChS Jacks | | | Prohibited | Prohibi |
| 5 | 110 SEASOIL | | ~ . | | | | | | | | | FIGHINIES | |
| | | | Spring | Season To | otals (and average nu | mber of deliveries): | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| | | | | | | | | Chinook | Coho | | | | |
| mmer | No season. | - | | - | - | | _ | - | - | _ | - | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | | | Summer | Season To | otals (and average nu | mber of deliveries): | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | |
| | Aug 9, 9 PM - Aug 10, 6 AM | 32 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 15 | 407 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Aug 14, 9 PM - Aug 15, 6 AM | 33 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 32 | 1,133 | 4 | 1 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Aug 16, 9 PM - Aug 17, 6 AM | 33 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 23 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Aug 21, 9 PM - Aug 22, 6 AM | 34 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 48 | 2,327 | 15 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| August | Aug 23, 9 PM - Aug 24, 6 AM | 34 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 54 | 2,635 | 37 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Aug 27, 9 PM - Aug 28, 6 AM | 35 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 59 | 7,421 | 118 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Aug 29, 9 PM - Aug 30, 6 AM | 35 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 64 | 7,557 | 433 | Ö | ō | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Aug 31, 9 PM - Sep 1, 6 AM | 35 | 9 | 4-5 | 9"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 50 | 5,703 | 1,055 | Ö | Ö | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | | | August | Season To | otals (and average nu | mber of deliveries): | 43 | 27,383 | 1,662 | 1 | 0 | _ | |
| | 0 17 0707 0 10 6437 | 20 | | | | | | 1.714 | 440 | | | | |
| | Sep 17, 8 PM - Sep 18, 6 AM | 38 | 10 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 31 | 1,714 | 448 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 18, 4 AM - 10 PM | 38 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 19 | 340 | 701 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 19, 8 PM - Sep 20, 6 AM | 38 | 10 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 6 | 449 | 78 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | S ep 20, 4 AM - 10 PM | 38 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 30 | 419 | 1,084 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 22, 4 AM - 6 PM | 38 | 14 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 21 | 276 | 714 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 24, 8 PM - Sep 25, 6 AM | 3.9 | 10 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 14 | 775 | 144 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 25, 4 AM - 10 PM | 39 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 11 | 141 | 497 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 26, 4 AM - 10 PM | 39 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 16 | 94 | 519 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohil |
| | Sep 26, 8 PM - Sep 27, 6 AM | 39 | 10 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 8 | 370 | 80 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | S ep 27, 4 AM - 10 PM | 3.9 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited Prohibited | 9 | 22 | 163 | Ö | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | • ' | 39 | | | - | | 8 | 37 | 304 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | Sep 28, 4 AM - 10 PM | | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibite d | | | | _ | _ | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Sep 28, 7 PM - Sep 29, 7 AM | 3.9 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 5 | 144 | 47 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | S ep 29, 4 AM - 6 PM | 3.9 | 14 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 19 | 83 | 1,124 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oet 1, 7 PM - Oet 2, 7 AM | 40 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 6 | 252 | 42 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oet 2, 4 AM - 10 PM | 40 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m.ax. tangle-net | Prohibited | 12 | 36 | 157 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 3, 4 AM - 10 PM | 40 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 10 | 46 | 192 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 4, 4 AM - 10 PM | 40 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 4 | 9 | 47 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| | Oet 4, 7 PM - Oet 5, 7 AM | 40 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 5 | 219 | 76 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 5, 4 AM - 10 PM | 40 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 8 | 51 | 121 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohib |
| te-Fall | Oct 6, 4 AM - 6 PM | 40 | 14 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 2 | 8 | 49 | 0 | ō | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oet 8, 7 PM - Oet 9, 7 AM | 41 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 5 | 197 | 23 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 9, 4 AM - 10 PM | 41 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 6 | 2 | 28 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Profit |
| | • | 41 | | | - | | | | 7 | | 0 | | |
| | Oct 10, 4 AM - 10 PM | | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibite d | 1 | 2 | | 0 | - | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 11, 4 AM - 10 PM | 41 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 2 | 2 | 17 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oet 11, 7 PM - Oet 12, 7 AM | 41 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 5 | 262 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 12, 4 AM - 10 PM | 41 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 13, 4 AM - 6 PM | 41 | 14 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 11 | 2 | 17 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 15, 7 PM - Oct 16, 7 AM | 42 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 4 | 299 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 16, 4 AM - 10 PM | 42 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 17, 4 AM - 10 PM | 42 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 18, 4 AM - 10 PM | 42 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | ō | ō | ō | Ö | 0 | Prohibited | Prohil |
| | Oet 18, 7 PM - Oet 19, 7 AM | 42 | 12 | 4-5 | 8"-9 3/4" | Prohibited | 4 | 261 | Ö | Ö | Ö | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 19, 4 AM - 10 PM | 42 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | ō | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 20, 4 AM - 6 PM | 42 | 14 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | ő | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oct 23, 4 AM - 10 PM | 43 | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | |
| | | 43 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited Drohibited | | | | | | | Prohi |
| | Oct 24, 4 AM - 10 PM | | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohi |
| | Oct 25, 4 AM - 10 PM | 43 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohi |
| | Oct 26, 4 AM - 10 PM | 43 | 18 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | Oet 27, 4 AM - 6 PM | 43 | 14 | 1-3 | 3-3/4" m ax tangle-net | Prohibited | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |
| | | | | | otals (and average nu | | 6 | 1,573 | 5,744 941 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| | | _ | | | otals (and average nu | - | - <u>8</u> 7 | 4,942 6,515 | 941 6,685 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | La | ie-raii S | season 10 | otals (and average nu | moer oj aetiveries): | , | 0,313 | 0,000 | J | U | - | _ |
| | | | | | | | | Chiral | Colo | C1 | Dt1 | C1 | Wh |
| | | | | | | 3 Grand Total | | Chinook | Coho | Sockeye | Pink. | Chum | Storg |
| | | | | | | | | 33,898 | 8,347 | 1 | 0 | Prohibited | Prohit |

Ocean Conditions and Forecasts

2023 OCEAN CONDITION INDICATORS TREND ECOSYSTEM INDICATORS 2002 2003 2004 2016 2001 2007 PDO (Sum Dec-March) PDO (Sum May-Sept) ONI (Average Jan-June) SST NDBC buoys (°C; May-Sept) Upper 20 m T (°C; Nov-Mar) Upper 20 m T (°C; May-Sept) Deep Temp (°C; May-Sept) Deep Salinity (May-Sept) Copepod richness (May-Sept anom) N copepod biomass (May-Sept anom) S copepod biomass (May-Sept anom) Biological transition Nearshore Ichthyoplankton (Jan-Mar) Near & offshore Ichthyoplankton (community index Jan-Mar) Chinook salmon juvenile catch Coho salmon juvenile catch Mean of ranks 22.1 7.6 9.4 9.1 7.3 16.6 19.9 20.9 13.4 11.9 3.8 10.8 14.4 8.8 7.4 9.9 15.5 21.8 21.5 19.9 14.6 18.8 14.9 6.9 11.9 11.4 Rank of the mean rank Physical Spring Trans (UI based) Physical Spring Trans. Hydrographic Upwelling Anomaly (sum April-May) Length of Upwelling Season (UI based) Copepod Community Index (May-Sept)

^{*} NOAA ocean condition scorecard for outmigrating salmon with ratings from 1 (best) to 24 (worst). The years shown correspond to the years the smolts entered the ocean.

^{**} This table is easier to interpret if printed in color. Green represents more favorable indicators. Yellow is intermediate and Red indicates unfavorable.

| | | 2023 | 2023 | 2024 |
|----------------|---|----------|---------|----------|
| | | Forecast | Return | Forecast |
| Spring Chinook | Upriver Total * | 198,600 | 141,179 | 121,000 |
| | Upper Columbia | 41,400 | 24,917 | 19,400 |
| | Upper Columbia natural-origin | 5,800 | 2,836 | 2,700 |
| | Snake River Spring/Summer ** | 85,900 | 82,433 | 63,500 |
| | Snake River natural-origin ** | 13,200 | 10,826 | 9,200 |
| | Lower River Total | 117,000 | 75,407 | 84,600 |
| | Total Spring Chinook | 315,600 | 216,586 | 205,600 |
| | Area-specific detail | | | |
| | Willamette River | 71,000 | 38,373 | 48,800 |
| | Sandy River | 7,800 | 6,312 | 7,700 |
| | Select Areas*** | 22,100 | 18,789 | 18,100 |
| | Cowlitz River | 9,000 | 6,217 | 4,700 |
| | Kalama River | 2,400 | 2,525 | 1,900 |
| | Lewis River | 4,700 | 3,191 | 3,400 |
| | Wind River*** | 4,400 | 5,068 | 4,200 |
| | Drano Lake/Little White Salmon River*** | 8,000 | 7,550 | 5,300 |
| | Hood River*** | n/a | 2,038 | n/a |
| | Klickitat River*** | 1,400 | 651 | 1,300 |
| | Deschutes River*** | n/a | 2,387 | n/a |
| | John Day River*** | n/a | 2,686 | n/a |
| | Umatilla River **** | 2,500 | 2,502 | n/a |
| | Yakima River*** | 5,500 | 2,670 | 2,400 |
| Summer Chinook | Upper Columbia | 85,400 | 54,722 | 53,000 |
| Sockeye | Total Sockeye | 234,500 | 329,040 | 401,700 |
| | Wenatchee | 44,300 | 146,875 | 97,000 |
| | Okanogan | 187,400 | 179,655 | 288,700 |
| | Yakima | 100 | 443 | 12,100 |
| | Deschutes | 100 | 68 | 100 |
| | Snake River | 2,600 | 1,999 | 3,800 |

[†] All forecasts are rounded to the nearest 100s place.

12/12/2023

^{*} Upriver totals are developed by TAC for use in management of *U.S. v. OR* fisheries. Wild components are included in the stock total. Area-specific estimates for upriver tributaries detailed here are provided by other agencies/entities and may not sum to TAC's upriver abundance estimates.

^{** 2023} return is based on current TAC run reconstruction methodology.

^{***} Return to tributary mouth.