

## PROPOSED RULE MAKING

CR-102 (June 2012) (Implements RCW 34.05.320) Do NOT use for expedited rule making

Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife				
Preproposal Statement of Inquiry was filed as WSR <u>15-22-097</u> Expedited Rule MakingProposed notice was filed as WSR Proposal is exempt under RCW 34.05.310(4) or 34.05.330(1).	; or Supplemental Notice to WSR			
<b>Title of rule and other identifying information:</b> (Describe Subject) Coastal mackerel purse seine fishery. The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife is proposing to designate a commercial trial emerging commercial fishery for the directed harvest of Pacific mackerel with purse seine gear. To accomplish this, the Department is proposing a new Chapter, Chapter 220-88F WAC, which includes the following new rules: WAC 220-88F-010, 220-88F-020, and 220-88F-030.				
Hearing location(s): WDFW Region 6 Office 48 Devonshire Road Montesano, WA 98563	Submit written comments to:  Name: Lorna Wargo Address: 48 Devonshire Road			
Date: <u>February 11, 2016</u> Time: <u>10:00 a.m.</u>	Assistance for persons with disabilities: Contact			
<b>Date of intended adoption:</b> On or after February 11, 2016 (Note: This is <b>NOT</b> the <b>effective</b> date)	<u>Tami Lininger</u> by <u>February 5, 2016</u> TTY (800) 833-6388 or (360) 902-2267			
	eral waters for the harvest of Pacific mackerel with purse seine rvice, in coordination with the Pacific Fishery Management			
77.04.055, 77.12.045, 77.12.047, 77.65.400, 77.70.160, and 77.70.180	77.04.055, 77.12.045, 77.12.047, 77.65.400, 77.70.160, and 77.70.180			
Is rule necessary because of a: Federal Law?	CODE REVISER USE ONLY			
Federal Law? Federal Court Decision? State Court Decision? If yes, CITATION:  Yes No Yes No Yes No	OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED			
DATE January 6, 2016 NAME (type or print)	DATE: January 06, 2016 TIME: 10:33 AM			
Joanna Eide	WSR 16-02-116			
TITLE SIGNATURE				
Rules Coordinator				

matters:			
Name of pr	ononont: (norson or orga	nization) Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife	
Name or pr	oponent. (person or orga	mization) washington Department of Fish and whome	☐ Private☐ Public☐ Governmental
Name of ag	ency personnel respons		
5. 60	Name	Office Location	Phone
	Lorna Wargo	48 Devonshire Road, Montesano, WA 98563	(360) 249-1221
	on Lorna Wargo	48 Devonshire Road, Montesano, WA 98563	(360) 249-1221
	Steve Crown	1111 Washington Street SE, Olympia, WA 98501	(360) 902-2373
		pact statement been prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW red under section 1, chapter 210, Laws of 2012?	or has a school district
⊠ Yes.	Attach copy of small busin	ness economic impact statement or school district fiscal impa	act statement.
,	A copy of the statement m	ay be obtained by contacting:	
	Name: Lorna Wargo Address: 48 Devonshire I	Pond	
	Montesano, WA		
	phone (360) 249-1221		
	fax (360)249-1229 e-mail <u>Lorna.Wargo@dfw</u>	.wa.gov	
□ No. I	_		
NO. E	Explain why no statement	was prepared.	
Is a cost-be	enefit analysis required (	under RCW 34.05.328?	
_			
☐ Yes	Name:	fit analysis may be obtained by contacting:	
	Address:		
	phone ( )		
	fax ( )		
	e-mail		
⊠ No:	Please explain: These pro	posals do not affect hydraulics.	

# Small Business Economic Impact Statement Directed Mackerel Purse Seine Emerging Commercial Fishery

1. Description of the reporting, record keeping, and other compliance requirements of the proposed rule.

The proposed rule requires fishers to maintain and submit a logbook documenting fishing operations in a directed fishery for Pacific mackerel including but not limited to fishing dates and landing date, fishing location (latitude and longitude), and pounds of fish retained.

2. Kinds of professional services that a small business is likely to need in order to comply with such requirements.

Compliance with the proposed rule will not require professional services.

3. Costs of compliance for businesses, including costs of equipment, supplies, labor, and increased administrative costs.

The rule proposes opening a new, directed fishery for Pacific mackerel under provisions of the Emerging Commercial Fishery Act. The primary function of the emerging commercial fishery process is to collect data in support of marine resource conservation and sustainable fishery management. One component of this data collection is the fishery logbook.

A logbook will be provided at no cost to license holders. Fishers will incur the costs associated with maintaining the logbook and mailing it to the department on a monthly basis. It is a typical practice for commercial fishers to maintain a log of fishing activity voluntarily for their own purposes. Therefore, a mandatory logbook tends to supplant the voluntary record keeping. In these cases, the only additional cost is for postage. Postage is not likely to exceed five dollars per month; annual costs vary with season length or the number of months a fisher is participating in the fishery.

4. Will compliance with the rule cause businesses to lose sales or revenue?

No, compliance will have no effect on sales or revenue.

- 5. Cost of compliance for the ten percent of businesses that are the largest businesses required to comply with the proposed rules using one or more of the following as a basis for comparing costs:
  - 1. Cost per employee;
  - 2. Cost per hour of labor; or
  - 3. Cost per one hundred dollars of sales

Cost of compliance will be insignificant and limited to the expense of postage to submit logbooks to the agency. This cost can be avoided or mitigated by submitting logbooks in person to agency staff. Typically this can occur when agency employees are present to conduct biological inspections of the catch.

## 6. Steps taken by the agency to reduce the costs of the rule on small businesses or reasonable justification for not doing so.

The agency provides printed logbooks.

## 7. A description of how the agency will involve small businesses in the development of the rule.

WDFW held a public meeting in June 2015 with Pacific sardine purse seine commercial license holders and processors, and briefed the Fish and Wildlife Commission in August 2015 to propose the opening of a new directed fishery for Pacific mackerel. A hearing will be held to review the rules as part of the rule-making process. The proposed rules for the mackerel fishery are based on fishery regulations for Pacific sardine that where subject to review and comment by fishery businesses during their development.

### 8. A list of industries that will be required to comply with the rule.

Holders of an emerging commercial fishery license and a Pacific mackerel purse seine permit will be required to comply with the rule.

## Chapter 220-88F WAC COASTAL DIRECTED MACKEREL PURSE SEINE FISHERY

#### NEW SECTION

- WAC 220-88F-010 Designation of the coastal Pacific mackerel purse seine fishery as an emerging commercial fishery. (1) The director designates the coastal Pacific mackerel purse seine fishery as an emerging commercial fishery for which use of a vessel is required. It is unlawful to fish for, possess, or deliver Pacific mackerel taken for commercial purposes from Washington territorial waters west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line or from waters of the Exclusive Economic Zone unless the fisher has a valid emerging commercial fishery license and a valid coastal Pacific mackerel purse seine trial or experimental fishery permit.
- (2) The following licenses may not be used to fish for, possess, or deliver Pacific Pacific mackerel taken in Washington territorial waters west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line or waters of the Exclusive Economic Zone: Shrimp trawl Non-Puget Sound fishery license, ocean pink shrimp delivery license, coastal spot shrimp pot fishery license, nonlimited entry delivery license, salmon troll delivery license, salmon delivery license, crab pot fishery license, Dungeness crab Coastal fishery license.

#### NEW SECTION

- WAC 220-88F-020 Emerging commercial fishery—Eligibility for coastal Pacific Pacific mackerel purse seine experimental fishery permits—Terms and conditions of use—Renewal—Vessel restriction. (1) No individual may hold more than one Washington coastal Pacific mackerel purse seine trial or experimental fishery permit.
- (2) Coastal Pacific mackerel fishery permits are not transferable. Only the vessel designated on the emerging commercial fishery license and Pacific mackerel fishery permit may be used to fish for or deliver Pacific mackerel in the directed Pacific mackerel fishery.
- (3) Coastal Pacific mackerel fishery permits may be revoked by the director, and future permits denied by the director, for failure to comply with conditions specified in the permits or violations of other fishing regulations. A coastal Pacific mackerel fishery permit will not be renewed if the emerging commercial fishery license is revoked or future fishing privileges of the licensee are suspended.
- (4) Coastal Pacific mackerel fishery permits are only valid for the year issued and expire on December 31st of the year issued.

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- WAC 220-88F-030 Coastal Pacific mackerel purse seine fishery—Harvest, landing, and reporting requirements—Gear. (1) Licensing, harvest, and reporting requirements. It is unlawful for persons fishing under a Washington trial or experimental Pacific mackerel purse seine fishery permit to fail to:
- (a) Carry an observer onboard for any Pacific mackerel fishing trip if requested by the department;
- (b) Surrender up to five hundred Pacific mackerel per vessel per trip if requested by department samplers for biological information; and
- (c) Complete a department-issued logbook each month in which fishing activity occurs, and submit it to the department by the 15th day of the following month.
  - (2) Possession, transport, and seasons.
- (a) It is unlawful to possess, transport through the waters of the state, or deliver into any Washington port, Pacific mackerel or other coastal pelagic species taken in violation of rules published in Title 50, Part 660, Subpart I of the Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) including, but not limited to: Annual specifications, closure of directed fishery, catch restrictions, gear requirements. These federal regulations govern commercial fishing for coastal pelagic species in the Exclusive Economic Zone off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. Where the federal regulations refer to the fishery management area, that area is interpreted to include Washington state waters coterminous with the Exclusive Economic Zone. Updates to the federal regulations are published in the Federal Register. Discrepancies or errors between the C.F.R. and Federal Register will be resolved in favor of the Federal Register. This chapter incorporates the C.F.R. by reference and is based, in part, on the C.F.R. state regulations that are more restrictive than the federal regulations will pre-
- (b) It is unlawful to fish for or possess Pacific mackerel taken with any gear other than purse seine gear, except Pacific mackerel taken incidentally in fisheries authorized by federal rule, from offshore waters except during the directed sardine fishery season or the directed Pacific mackerel fishery season open each year from April 1st through December 31st.
- (c) It is unlawful to take Pacific mackerel in state waters except for the incidental take as authorized by the coastal baitfish regulations.
- (d) It is unlawful to retain any species that is taken incidental to Pacific mackerel, except for other mackerel species, jack mackerel, sardine, anchovy, and market squid (Logligo opalescens). It is unlawful to retain, possess or deliver, anchovy in excess of 5 metric tons in one day, and in excess of 10 metric tons during any calendar week beginning 12:01 a.m. Sunday through 11:59 p.m. Saturday.
- (e) It is unlawful to fail to release any salmon encircled in the purse seine prior to completion of the set or to land or retain salmon on the fishing vessel.
- (f) It is unlawful to transfer Pacific mackerel catch from one fishing vessel to another.
  - (3) Landing and delivery.

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- (a) It is unlawful to fail to have legal purse seine gear as defined by department rule aboard a vessel making a Pacific mackerel landing.
- (b) It is unlawful to fail to deliver Pacific mackerel landings to a processing facility located on shore.
- (c) It is unlawful to land fish at more than one processing facility and to fail to offload all fish onboard the vessel once the delivery commences at the time of landing.
- (d) It is unlawful to deliver in total more than fifteen percent cumulative weight of Pacific mackerel for the purposes of conversion into fish flour, fish meal, fish scrap, fertilizer, fish oil, other fishery products, or by-products, or for purposes other than human consumption, or fishing bait taken during the directed Pacific mackerel and/or directed sardine fishery season(s).
- (4) A violation of the reporting requirements provided in this section is punishable under RCW 77.15.630 Unlawful fish and shellfish catch accounting—Penalty.
- (5) A violation of the gear requirements provided in this section is punishable under RCW 77.15.520 Commercial fishing—Unlawful gear or methods—Penalty.
- (6) A violation of the harvest or landing requirements provided in this section is punishable under RCW 77.15.550 Violation of a commercial fishing area or time—Penalty.

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