

RULE-MAKING ORDER

CR-103E (July 2011) (Implements RCW 34.05.350)

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

	Emergency Rule Only			
Effective date of rule: Emergency Rules 14-71 Immediately upon filing. Later (specify)				
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precor ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, explain:	ndition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?			
Purpose: Amend recreational fishing rules				
Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: WAC 220-310-20000A Amended: WAC 220-310-200 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.020	77.04.055, and 77.12.047			
	, 77.04.055, and 77.12.047			
Other authority:				
Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds: ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requadoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the publi ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline adoption of a rule. ☐ That in order to implement the requirements or reductions in 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, or 2013, which necessitates the net of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of notice permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or requirements finding: (See Attachment)	irements of notice and opportunity to comment upon ic interest. e for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate n appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal year eed for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal e and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a			
Date adopted: April 4, 2014	CODE REVISER USE ONLY			
NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Philip Anderson	OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON			
SIGNATURE	FILED			
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TITLE Director	WSR 14-09-008			

If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text. Note:

Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note

	rder to co	mply with:				
Federal statute:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Federal rules or standards:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Recently enacted state statutes:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Γhe number of sections adopted at th	ne reques	t of a nonge	overnmental e	ntity:		
	New		Amended		Repealed	
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NEW SECTION

WAC 220-310-20000E Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Columbia River.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-310-200, it is unlawful to violate the following provisions, provided that unless otherwise amended, all permanent rules remain in effect:

(1) Columbia River:

- (a) Effective immediately through April 14, except closed April 8, 2014:
- (i) Open for fishing for salmonids and shad, from a true north-south line through Buoy 10 upstream to 600 feet downstream of the fish ladder at the new Bonneville Dam powerhouse (#2).
- (ii) HOWEVER, <u>closed to fishing from boats upstream of Beacon Rock</u> defined as a deadline marker on the Oregon bank, located approximately four miles downstream from Bonneville Dam Powerhouse #1, projecting a straight line through the western tip of Pierce Island to a deadline marker on the Washington bank at Beacon Rock.
- (iii) Daily salmonid limit is 6 fish (hatchery Chinook or hatchery steelhead), of which no more than 2 may be adults and no more than 1 may be an adult Chinook.
- (iv) Release all wild Chinook and wild steelhead.
- (v) Salmon minimum size is 12 inches.
- (b) Effective immediately through May 9, 2014:
- (i) Open to fishing from the Tower Island power lines in Bonneville Pool (located approximately 6 miles below The Dalles Dam) upstream to the Oregon and Washington border, plus the Washington bank between Bonneville Dam and the Tower Island power lines (except for those waters closed under permanent rules).
- (ii) Daily salmonid limit is 6 fish (hatchery Chinook or hatchery steelhead), of which no more than 2 may be adults and no more than 1 may be an adult Chinook.
- (iii) Release all wild Chinook and wild steelhead.
- (iv) Salmon minimum size is 12 inches.

(2) **Deep River** (Wahkiakum Co.): Effective immediately until June 15, 2014:

- (a) The hatchery adult Chinook daily limit is the same as the adjacent mainstem Columbia River during those days when the mainstem Columbia River is open for adult Chinook retention.
- (b) When the adjacent mainstem Columbia River is closed for adult Chinook retention, the salmon daily limit is the same as provided in the permanent rules for Deep River.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 220-310-20000A Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Columbia River.

(14-37)

EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- (x) That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- () That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.
- () That in order to implement the requirements or reductions in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal years 2009, 2010, or 2011, which necessitates the need for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or requirements of the agency.

Reasons for this finding: Extend the 2014 spring recreational salmon season in the Columbia River from Buoy 10 upstream to Bonneville Dam for 6 additional retention days. Catch rates to date have been less than expected, and harvestable fish remain on the pre-update guideline. The season from Bonneville Dam upstream to the Oregon/Washington border remains unchanged. The regulation continues to adjust the hatchery adult bag limit in Deep River to be consistent with the adjacent Columbia River when both areas are open. The regulation also continues to allow for the retention of shad and hatchery steelhead during days and in areas that are open for hatchery Chinook. The fishery is consistent with the *U.S. v Oregon* Management Agreement and the associated Biological Opinion. Conforms Washington state rules with Oregon state rules. Regulation is consistent with Compact Action of January 29 and April 3, 2014. There is insufficient time to promulgate permanent rules.

Washington and Oregon jointly regulate Columbia River fisheries under the congressionally-ratified Columbia River Compact. Four Indian Tribes have treaty fishing rights in the Columbia River. The treaties preempt state regulations that fail to allow the Tribes an opportunity to take a fair share of the available fish, and the states must manage other fisheries accordingly. Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Or. 1969). A federal court order sets the current parameters for sharing between treaty Indians and others. United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546).

Some Columbia River Basin salmon and steelhead stocks are listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act. On May 5, 2008, the National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biological opinion under 16 U.S.C. § 1536 that allows for some incidental take of these species in treaty and non-treaty Columbia River fisheries governed by the 2008-2017 <u>U.S. v. Oregon Management Agreement</u>. The Washington and Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commissions have developed policies to guide the implementation of such biological opinions in the states' regulation of non-treaty fisheries.

Columbia River non-treaty fisheries are monitored very closely to ensure compliance with federal court orders, the Endangered Species Act, and Commission guidelines. Because conditions change rapidly, the fisheries are managed almost exclusively by emergency rule. Representatives from the Washington and Oregon Departments of Fish and Wildlife convene public hearings and take public testimony when considering proposals for new emergency rules. WDFW and ODFW then adopt regulations reflecting agreements reached. (14-71, 4/3/2014)