

RULE-MAKING ORDER

CR-103E (July 2011) (Implements RCW 34.05.350)

Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Emergency Rule Only

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Effective date of rule: Emergency Rules 14-158 Immediately upon filing. Later (specify)				
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule? \[\sum \text{Yes} \text{No} \text{If Yes, explain:} \]				
Purpose: The purpose of this rule-making is to provide for Treaty Indian f protecting salmon listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangere federal court orders governing Washington's relationship with Treaty Indian relationship with Oregon.	ed Species Act. This rule-making implements			
Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: WAC 220-32-05100F Amended: WAC 220-32-051 Suspended:				
Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.04	.130, 77.12.045, and 77.12.047			
Other authority: United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546); Northwest Gillnetters Ass'n v. Sandison, 95 Wn.2d 638, 628 P.2d 800 (1981); Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission policies concerning Columbia River fisheries; 40 Stat. 515 (Columbia River Compact).				
Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds: ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest. ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule. ☐ That in order to implement the requirements or reductions in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal year 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, or 2013, which necessitates the need for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or requirements of the agency. Reasons for this finding: (See Attachment)				
Date adopted: June 27, 2014	CODE REVISER USE ONLY			
NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Philip Anderson				
SIGNATURE	OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED			
DATE: June 27, 2014 TIME: 12:59 PM				
lleflade	WSR 14-14-069			
TITLE Director				

If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text. Note:

Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note.

The number of sections adopted in or	rder to co	mply with:			
Federal statute:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended	Repealed	<u>1</u>
Federal rules or standards:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended	Repealed	<u>1</u>
Recently enacted state statutes:	New		Amended	Repealed	
The number of sections adopted at th	e reques	t of a nong	overnmental entity:		
	New		Amended	Repealed	
		da a init	task		
The number of sections adopted in th	e agency	's own init	iative:		
	New	<u>1</u>	Amended	Repealed	1
The number of sections adopted in o		arify, strea			
The number of sections adopted in or	r der to cl a	arify, strea	mline, or reform age Amended	ncy procedures: Repealed	
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NEW SECTION

WAC 220-32-05100G Columbia River salmon seasons above Bonneville Dam.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-32-050, WAC 220-32-051, WAC 220-32-052 and WAC 220-32-058, effective immediately until further notice, it is unlawful for a person to take or possess salmon, steelhead, sturgeon, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch taken for commercial purposes in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H, and in the Wind River, Klickitat River, and Drano Lake and specific areas of SMCRA 1E. However, those individuals possessing treaty fishing rights under the Yakama, Warm Springs, Umatilla, and Nez Perce treaties may fish for salmon, steelhead, sturgeon, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch under the following provisions:

- (1) Open Area: SMCRA 1F, 1G, 1H (Zone 6):
- (a) Season: 6:00 a.m. June 30 to 6:00 p.m. July 3, 2014; and 6:00 a.m. July 7 to 6:00 p.m. July 11, 2014.
- (b) Gear: Gillnets only; 7-inch minimum mesh restriction.
- (c) Allowable Sales: Salmon, steelhead, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch. Sturgeon between 38-54 inches in fork length in the Bonneville Pool and sturgeon between 43-54 inches in fork length in The Dalles and John Day pools may be retained for subsistence purposes only. Sales of fish are allowed after open period concludes, as long as the fish sold were landed during the open period.
- (d) All sanctuaries for this gear type are in effect, except Spring Creek.
- (2) Open Area: SMCRA 1F, 1G, 1H (Zone 6):
- (a) Season: Open immediately until further notice.
- (b) Gear: Hoop nets, dip bag nets, and rod and reel with hook and line.
- (c) Allowable Sales: Salmon, steelhead, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch. Sturgeon between 38-54 inches in fork length in the Bonneville Pool and sturgeon between 43-54 inches in fork length in The Dalles and John Day pools may be retained for subsistence purposes only.
- (d) All dam sanctuaries for these gear types are in effect.
- (3) Open Area: SMCRA 1E. Each of the four Columbia River treaty tribes has an MOA or MOU with the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife for tribal fisheries in the area just downstream of Bonneville Dam. Tribal fisheries in this area may only occur in accordance with the appropriate MOA or MOU specific to each tribe, and only within any specific regulations set by each tribe.
- (a) Participants:
 - (i) Tribal members may participate under the conditions described in the 2007 Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with the Yakama Nation (YN), in the 2010 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation (CTUIR), in the 2010 MOU with the Confederated Tribes of the Warm Spring Reservation (CTWS), and in the 2011 MOU with the Nez Perce Tribe.
 - (ii) Tribal members fishing below Bonneville Dam must carry an official tribal enrollment card.

- (b) Season: Open immediately until further notice. Open only during those days and hours when open under lawfully enacted tribal subsistence fishery regulations for enrolled tribal members.
- (c) Gear: Hoop nets, dip bag nets, and rod and reel with hook and line.
- (d) Allowable Sales: Salmon, steelhead, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch. Sturgeon retention is prohibited for any purpose. Sale of platform or hook-and-line-caught fish is allowed. Sales may not occur on USACE property.
- (4) Columbia River Tributaries upstream of Bonneville Dam:
- (a) Season: Open immediately until further notice, and only during those days and hours when the tributaries listed in subsection (4) (b) of this section are open under lawfully enacted Yakama Nation tribal subsistence fishery regulations for enrolled Yakama Nation members.
- (b) Area: Drano Lake, Wind River and Klickitat River.
- (c) Gear: Hoop nets, dip bag nets, and rod and reel with hook-and-line only, except gill nets may be used in Drano Lake.
- (d) Allowable Sales: Salmon, steelhead, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch. Sturgeon between 43-54 inches fork length harvested in tributaries within The Dalles or John Day Pools and sturgeon between 38-54 inches fork length harvested in tributaries within Bonneville pool may not be sold but may be kept for subsistence purposes only.
- (5) 24-hour quick reporting is required for Washington wholesale dealers for all areas as provided in WAC 220-69-240, except that all landings from treaty fisheries described above must be reported within 24-hours of completing the fish ticket (not 24-hours after the period concludes).

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 220-32-05100F Columbia River salmon seasons above Bonneville Dam. (14-143)

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EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- (x) That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- () That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.
- () That in order to implement the requirements or reductions in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal years 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 or 2013 which necessitates the need for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or requirements of the agency.

Reasons for this finding: Sets two weekly treaty commercial gillnet salmon periods during the summer season. Continues to allow the sale of platform and hook and line caught fish from mainstem tribal fisheries in Zone 6. Sales of fish landed in the area downstream of Bonneville Dam (consistent with tribal MOU/MOAs) may also occur if the area is lawfully open for sales under tribal regulations. Similarly, the sale of fish caught in Yakama Nation tributary fisheries are allowed when open under Yakama Nation regulations. A total of 18,563 adult summer Chinook are available to the treaty tribes for harvest based on the preseason forecast of 67,500 fish. A total of 24,297 sockeye are available to the treaty tribes for harvest based on a forecast of 347,100 sockeye to the Columbia River. Harvestable fish remain available based on these guidelines. The quick-reporting rule is modified to require quick reporting within 24-hours of completing the fish ticket. The intent is that all landings in areas 1F, 1G and 1H are quick reported within 24 hours of completion. Because treaty fisheries can be 2-3 days long, the modification will allow harvest to be tracked as the fishing period progresses. Fisheries are consistent with the 2008-2017 Management Agreement and the associated Biological Opinion. Rule is consistent with action of the Columbia River Compact on May 5, June 3, and June 26, 2014. Conforms state rules with tribal rules. There is insufficient time to adopt permanent rules.

The Yakama, Warm Springs, Umatilla, and Nez Perce Indian Tribes have treaty fishing rights in the Columbia River and inherent sovereign authority to regulate their fisheries. Washington and Oregon also have some authority to regulate fishing by treaty Indians in the Columbia River, authority that the states exercise jointly under the Congressionally-ratified Columbia River Compact. Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Or. 1969). The Tribes and the States adopt parallel rule s for Treaty Indian fisheries under the supervision of the federal courts. A court order sets the current parameters. United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546). Some salmon and steelhead stocks in the Columbia River are listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act. On May 5, 2008, the National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biological opinion under 16 U.S.C. § 1536 that allow for some incidental take of these species in the fisheries as described in the 2008-2017 U.S. v. Oregon Management Agreement. Columbia River fisheries are monitored very closely to ensure consistency with court orders and Endangered Species Act guidelines. Because conditions change rapidly, the fisheries are managed almost exclusively by emergency rule. As required by court order, the Washington and Oregon Departments of Fish and Wildlife convene public hearings and invite tribal participation when considering proposals for new emergency rules affecting treaty fishing rights. Sohappy, 302 F. Supp. at 912. WDFW and ODFW then adopt regulations reflecting agreements reached.

(14-158, 6/27/2014)