

TITLE Director

RULE-MAKING ORDER

CR-103E (July 2011) (Implements RCW 34.05.350)

Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife	Emergency Rule Only			
Effective date of rule: Emergency Rules 14-241 Immediately upon filing. Later (specify) September 7, 2014				
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as prec ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, explain:	ondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?			
Purpose: Amend commercial fishing rules				
Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: WAC 220-52-04000J Amended: WAC 220-52-040 Suspended:				
Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.02	0 and 77.12.047			
Other authority:				
Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds: ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time readoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the pu ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadly adoption of a rule. ☐ That in order to implement the requirements or reductions 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, or 2013, which necessitates the of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of not permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or resorting soft shelled crab and is in conformity with the Coastal Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife permitted gear of following the close of the commercial season to allow Fish and fishing during the closed season. An earlier start to the permit recover lost gear before weather conditions becomes prohibited time to adopt permanent rules.	quirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon blic interest. line for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal year eneed for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal ince and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a equirements of the agency. In the second opportunity is necessary to mitigate handling mortality from a longeness crab Summer Fishery Management Plan. In the second opportunity is allowed by permanent regulation 15 days and Wildlife officers time to enforce rules relative to litted gear recovery gives participants more time to			
Date adopted: September 5, 2014	CODE REVISER USE ONLY			
NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Philip Anderson SIGNATURE	OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED			
llefear	DATE: September 05, 2014 TIME: 4:16 PM			
	WSD 14-10-021			

(COMPLETE REVERSE SIDE)

If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text. Note:

Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note.

The number of sections adopted in o	rder to co	mply with:				
Federal statute:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Federal rules or standards:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Recently enacted state statutes:	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted at th	e reques	t of a nongo	vernmental e	entity:		
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted in th	n e agency New	r's own initia 2	ative: Amended		Repealed	<u>1</u>
The number of sections adopted in o	rder to cla	arify, stream	lline, or refor	m agency p	rocedures:	
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted using	g:					
The number of sections adopted usin Negotiated rule making:	g: New		Amended		Repealed	
•	•		Amended Amended		Repealed Repealed	

NEW SECTION

WAC 220-52-04000K Coastal crab fishery – Weekly trip limits.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-52-040: effective immediately until further notice:

- (1) It is unlawful for any person licensed to fish under a Dungeness crab-coastal fishery license to possess or land crab in excess of 2,500 pounds taken during each of the following coastal crab accounting periods:
- (a) September 7 through September 13, 2014
- (b) September 14 through September 15, 2014
- (2) Any crab taken prior to September 7, 2014, and not landed before 11:59 p.m. September 6, 2014, become part of the September 7 through September 13, 2014 accounting period catch.
- (3) It is unlawful for any person taking crab under subsection (1) of this section to fish for crab during any accounting period while having on board any crab taken in a different accounting period.

NEW SECTION

WAC 220-52-04000L Coastal crab Fishery – Coastal Crab Gear Recovery Permit.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-52-044: effective immediately until further notice, five days after the close of the primary coastal commercial crab season, a coastal crab gear recovery permit may be granted by the director or his or her designee for licensed coastal Dungeness crab fishers to recover crab pots belonging to state licensed fishers that remain in the ocean.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative code is repealed effective September 7, 2014:

WAC 220-52-04000J Coastal Crab fishery—Weekly trip limits. (14-232)

EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- (x) That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- () That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.
- () That in order to implement the requirements or reductions in appropriations enacted in any budget for fiscal years 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 or 2013 which necessitates the need for the immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the fiscal needs or requirements of the agency.

Reasons for this finding: The weekly landing limit and period is necessary to mitigate handling mortality from sorting soft shelled crab and is in conformity with the Coastal Dungeness crab Summer Fishery Management Plan. Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife permitted gear recovery is allowed by permanent regulation 15 days following the close of the commercial season to allow Fish and Wildlife officers time to enforce rules relative to fishing during the closed season. An earlier start to the permitted gear recovery gives participants more time to recover lost gear before weather conditions becomes prohibitive to safe gear recovery efforts. There is insufficient time to adopt permanent rules.

(14-241, 9/5/2014)