CODE REVISER USE ONLY



RULE-MAKING ORDER EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

CR-103E (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.360)

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED.

DATE: February 01, 2018

TIME: 2:59 PM

WSR 18-04-064

Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (18-17)
Effective date of rule:
Emergency Rules
☐ Immediately upon filing.
□ Later (specify) February 5, 2018
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule? ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, explain:
Purpose: This emergency rule will allow non-treaty commercial fishing opportunities in the Columbia River while
protecting fish listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act. This rule implements federal court
orders governing Washington's relationship with Treaty Indian Tribes, federal law governing Washington's relationship with
Oregon, and Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission policy guidance for Columbia River fisheries.
Citation of rules affected by this order:
New:
Repealed:
Amended: WAC 220-358-030
Suspended:
Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.12.045 and 77.12.047
Other authority: United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States
v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546); Northwest Gillnetters Ass'n v. Sandison, 95
Wn.2d 638, 628 P.2d 800 (1981); Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission policies concerning Columbia River
fisheries; 40 Stat. 515 (Columbia River Compact).
EMERGENCY RULE
Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:
safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon
adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate
adoption of a rule.

Reasons for this finding: Sets the 2018 winter, spring, and summer Select Area commercial seasons. Impacts to non-local stocks are expected to be minimal and local Chinook stocks reared for the Select Area sites are available for harvest. The fishery is consistent with the U.S. v Oregon Management Agreement and the associated Biological Opinion. Conforms Washington state rules with Oregon state rules. Regulation is consistent with Compact Action of January 30, 2018. There is insufficient time to promulgate permanent rules. Washington and Oregon jointly regulate Columbia River fisheries under the congressionally-ratified Columbia River Compact. Four Indian Tribes have treaty fishing rights in the Columbia River. The treaties preempt state regulations that fail to allow the Tribes an opportunity to take a fair share of the available fish, and the states must manage other fisheries accordingly. Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Or. 1969). A federal court order sets the current parameters for sharing between treaty Indians and others. <u>United States v. Oregon</u>, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2008-2017 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (Aug. 12, 2008) (Doc. No. 2546). Some Columbia River Basin salmon and steelhead stocks are listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act. On May 5, 2008, the National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biological opinion under 16 U.S.C. § 1536 that allows for some incidental take of these species in treaty and nontreaty Columbia River fisheries governed by the 2008-2017 U.S. v. Oregon Management Agreement. The

Washington and Oregon Fish and Wildlife Comm such biological opinions in the states' regulation of the biological opinions in	f non-tro	eaty fish	eries.	C	1	
Columbia River non-treaty fisheries are monitored	•	•				
Endangered Species Act, and Commission guideli managed almost exclusively by emergency rule. I					•	
Fish and Wildlife convene public hearings and tak				_	_	
emergency rules. WDFW and ODFW then adopt	-		-		-	
Note: If any category is le		nk, it v	will be cal	culated	d as zero.	•
No descriptive text						
Count by whole WAC sections only					story note.	
A section may be c	ounted i	n more t	han one cate	gory.		
The number of sections adopted in order to compl	y with:					
Federal statute:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	
Federal rules or standards:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	
Recently enacted state statutes:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	
The number of coefficient adopted at the remucet of a		. a r n m a n f	lal antituu			
The number of sections adopted at the request of a	New	/emmem	Amended		Repealed	
	INCW		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted on the agency's o	wn initia	ative:				
·	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	
		_			•	
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify	, streaml	ine, or re	eform agency	procedur	es:	
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted using:						
Negotiated rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Pilot rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Other alternative rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Date Adopted: February 1, 2018	Si	ignature:	35			
Name: J W Unsworth			900	Uhr	wood	_
Title: Director				(30.22)		

WAC 220-358-03000L Columbia River seasons below Bonneville.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-358-030, WAC 220-358-040, and WAC 220-335-050, it is unlawful for a person to take or possess salmon, sturgeon, and shad for commercial purposes from Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E and Select Areas, except during the times and conditions listed below:

(1) Tongue Point/South Channel

(a) Dates:

<u>Tongue Point and South Channel open:</u>

<u>Winter Season</u>: 7 PM to 7 AM Monday and Thursday nights from February 5 through March 9, 2018; and 5 PM to 9 PM Monday, March 12, 2018.

<u>Spring Season</u>: 10 PM to 2 AM Thursday night April 19, 2018; and 3 PM to 7 PM Tuesday April 24, 2018; and 5 PM to 9 PM Thursday April 26, 2018; and 7 AM to 7 PM Monday and Thursday nights April 30, 2018 until further notice.

South Channel open:

Winter Season: 7 PM to 7 AM from March 15-23, 2018

(b) Area:

The winter-spring-summer season Tongue Point Select Area is defined as those waters of the Columbia River bounded by a line from a point at the end of the southern-most (upstream) pier (Pier #1) at the Tongue Point Job Corps facility projecting in a straight line from through flashing red USCG light "6" to the shore of Mott Island, a line from a regulatory marker at the southeast end of Mott Island northeasterly to a regulatory marker on the northwest shore of Lois Island, and a line from a regulatory marker (located at 46.18270 degrees N, -123.74313 degrees W) on the Oregon shore 500 feet north of the railroad bridge crossing the John Day River projecting easterly to a regulatory marker on Lois Island.

The South Channel Select Area is defined as those waters of South Channel bounded by a line from a regulatory marker on the Oregon shore at John Day point projecting northeasterly to a regulatory marker on Lois Island, and a line from a regulatory marker on Settler Point projecting northwesterly to the flashing red USCG light "10" then westerly to the eastern tip of Burnside Island..

(c) **Gear:** Gillnets.

Winter season: 7-inch minimum mesh size restriction

Spring and Summer seasons: 93/4-inch maximum mesh size restriction

In Tongue Point, gear is restricted to a maximum net length of 250 fathoms and weight not to exceed two pounds on any one fathom.

In South Channel, gear is restricted to a maximum net length of 250 fathoms and no weight restriction on leadline. Use of additional weights and/or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Nets not specifically authorized for use in these areas may be onboard a vessel if properly stored. A properly stored net is defined as a net on a drum that is fully covered by a tarp (canvas or plastic) and bound with a minimum of ten revolutions of rope with a diameter of 3/8 (0.375) inches or greater.

(d) Miscellaneous:

Permanent regulations including rules related to transportation and lighted buoys remain in effect.

24-hour quick reporting required for Washington buyers, pursuant to WAC 220-352-180.

(2) Blind Slough/Knappa Slough Select Area

(a) **Dates:** Winter Season: Open Monday, Wednesday, and Thursday nights 7 PM to 7 AM February 5 thru March 23; and 6 PM to 10 PM Monday March 26; and 7 PM to 11 PM Thursday March 29; and 10 PM to 2 AM Monday night April 2.

<u>Spring Season</u>: Open 7 PM to 7 AM Tuesday and Thursday nights from April 19-27; and 7 PM to 7 AM Monday, Wednesday, and Thursday nights from April 30, 2018, until further notice.

(b) Area: Winter season:

The Blind Slough Select Area is defined as those waters of Blind Slough and Gnat Creek from a north-south line formed by regulatory markers at the mouth of Blind Slough to a regulatory marker in Gnat Creek located approximately 0.5 miles southeasterly (upstream) of the Barendse Road Bridge.

The Knappa Slough Select Area is defined as those waters of Knappa Slough, Calendar Slough, and Big Creek Slough bounded to the north (upstream) by a line projecting from a regulatory marker on the eastern shore of Karlson Island to the northernmost regulatory marker at the mouth of Blind Slough and bounded to the west (downstream) by a north-south line projecting through the easternmost tip of Minaker Island and markers on Karlson Island the Oregon shore. The area within a 100-foot radius of the mouth of Big Creek is closed.

Beginning April 30, the lower boundary of the Knappa Slough Select Area is extended downstream to a boundary line projecting southerly from a regulatory marker on the southwestern tip of Karlson Island through markers on the western tips of Minaker Island to a marker on the Oregon shore (fall boundary).

- (c) Gear: Gillnets. Winter season: 7-inch minimum mesh. Spring Season:
- Nets restricted to 100 fathoms in length with no weight restriction on leadline. Use of additional weights and/or anchors attached directly to the leadline is allowed. Nets not specifically authorized for use in these areas may be onboard a vessel if properly stored. A properly stored net is defined as a net on a drum that is fully covered by a tarp (canvas or plastic) and bound with a minimum of ten revolutions of rope with a diameter of 3/8 (0.375) inches or greater.
- (d) **Miscellaneous:** Permanent transportation rules in effect. In accordance with WACs 220-352-040(1)(i) and 220-301-010(9)(a-b), commercial fishers are expected, and fish dealers are required, to report landings for winter-summer fisheries in Knappa Slough and Blind Slough separately using appropriate zone codes. Fish dealers are requested to keep landings from these two sites separate to aid in sampling.
- (3) Allowable Possession: Salmon and shad. Retention and sale of sturgeon is prohibited.
- **(4) 24-hour** quick reporting is in effect for Washington buyers (WAC 220-352-180)). Permanent transportation rules in effect.
- (5) **Multi- Net Rule**: Nets not specifically authorized for use in these areas may be onboard a vessel if properly stored (WAC 220-358-030(2)).
- **(6) Lighted Buoys**: Nets that are fished at any time between official sunset and official sunrise must have lighted buoys on both ends of the net unless the net is attached to the boat. If the net is attached to the boat, then one lighted buoy on the opposite end of the net from the boat is required.