RULE-MAKING ORDER EMERGENCY RULE ONLY



CR-103E (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.360)

CODE REVISER USE ONLY

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED

DATE: February 19, 2020

TIME: 4:57 PM

WSR 20-06-005

Agency: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (20-33))

Effective date of rule: Emergency Rules

- ☐ Later (specify)

Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?

 \boxtimes Yes \boxtimes No If Yes, explain:

Purpose: The purpose of this rule-making is to provide for Treaty Indian fishing opportunity in the Columbia River while protecting salmon listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act. This rule-making implements federal court orders governing Washington's relationship with Treaty Indian Tribes and federal law governing Washington's relationship with Oregon.

Citation of rules affected by this order:

New:

Repealed: WAC 220-359-02000U Amended: WAC 220-359-020

Suspended:

Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.04.130, 77.12.045, and 77.12.047

Other authority: *United States v. Oregon*, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2018-2027 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (February 26, 2018) (Doc. No. 2607-1). *Northwest Gillnetters Ass'n v. Sandison*, 95 Wn.2d 638, 628 P.2d 800 (1981); Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission policies concerning Columbia River fisheries; 40 Stat. 515 (Columbia River Compact).

EMERGENCY RULE

Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:

- That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.
- ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.

Reasons for this finding: This rule sets the first treaty winter commercial fishery in the John Day pool. This rule is consistent with actions of Columbia River the Compact on February 19, 2020. Conforms state rules with tribal rules. There is insufficient time to promulgate permanent regulations.

The Yakama, Warm Springs, Umatilla, and Nez Perce Indian Tribes have treaty fishing rights in the Columbia River and inherent sovereign authority to regulate their fisheries. Washington and Oregon also have some authority to regulate fishing by treaty Indians in the Columbia River, authority that the states exercise jointly under the Congressionally-ratified Columbia River Compact. Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Or. 1969). The Tribes and the States adopt parallel regulations for Treaty Indian fisheries under the supervision of the federal courts. A court order sets the current parameters. United States v. Oregon, Civil No. 68-513-KI (D. Or.), Order Adopting 2018-2027 United States v. Oregon Management Agreement (February 26, 2018) (Doc. No. 2607-1). Some salmon and steelhead stocks in the Columbia River are listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act. On February 23, 2018, the National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biological opinion under 16 U.S.C. § 1536 that allows for some incidental take of these species in the fisheries as described in the 2018-2027 U.S. v. Oregon Management Agreement.

NEW SECTION

WAC 220-359-02000V Columbia River salmon seasons above Bonneville Dam.

Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 220-359-010, WAC 220-359-020, WAC 220-359-030, and WAC 220-359-090, it is unlawful for a person to take or possess salmon, steelhead, sturgeon, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch taken for commercial purposes in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H. However, those individuals possessing treaty fishing rights under the Yakima, Warm Springs, Umatilla, and Nez Perce treaties may fish for salmon, steelhead, sturgeon, shad, carp, catfish, walleye, bass, or yellow perch under the following provisions:

- (1) Open Areas: SMCRA 1H (The John Day pool)
 - (a) Season: 6 AM Wednesday, February 20 to 6 PM Monday, February 24, 2020
 - (b) Gear: Gillnets with no minimum mesh size restriction.
 - (c) Allowable sale: Salmon (any species), steelhead, shad, yellow perch, bass, walleye, catfish, and carp may be sold or retained for subsistence. Sturgeon from 43 to 54 inches fork length in The John Day pool may be sold or kept for subsistence purposes.
 - (d) Standard river mouth and dam sanctuary closures remain in place for this gear.
- (2) Open Areas: SMCRA 1F, 1G, 1H (Zone 6)
 - (a) Season: Immediately to 6 PM Saturday, March 21, 2020.
 - (b) Gear: Hoop nets/bag nets, dip nets, and rod and reel with hook and line.
 - (c) Allowable sale: Salmon (any species), steelhead, shad, yellow perch, bass, walleye, catfish, and carp may be sold or retained for subsistence. Sturgeon from 38 to 54 inches fork length in the Bonneville Pool and sturgeon from 43 to 54 inches fork length in The Dalles and John Day Pools may be kept for subsistence purposes. Sturgeon within the legal-size limit and caught in the platform and hook and line fishery may only be sold if caught during the open period and open pool of an open gillnet fishery.
 - (d) Standard river mouth and dam sanctuary closures remain in place for this gear.
- (3) 24-hour quick reporting is required for Washington wholesale dealers for all areas as provided in WAC 220-352-315, except that all landings from treaty fisheries described above must be reported within 24-hours of completing the fish ticket (not 24-hours after the period concludes).
- (4) Fish caught during the open period may be sold after the period concludes.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 220-359-02000U Columbia River salmon seasons above Bonneville Dam. (20-25)

Columbia River fisheries are monitored very close Species Act guidelines. Because conditions changemergency rule. As required by court order, the V convene public hearings and invite tribal participa affecting treaty fishing rights. Sohappy, 302 F. Su agreements reached.	ge rapio Vashin ntion w	dly, the fish gton and C hen consid	heries are ma Oregon Depar ering propos	nnaged al tments o als for ne	most exclusion of Fish and Western emergency	vely by ildlife y rules	ing
Note: If any category is lo No descriptive text		ank, it v	vill be cal	culated	d as zero.		
Count by whole WAC sections onl A section may be c					story note.		
The number of sections adopted in order to comply	y with:						
Federal statute:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	1	
Federal rules or standards:	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	1	
Recently enacted state statutes:	New	1	Amended		Repealed	1	
The number of sections adopted at the request of a	a nong	overnment	al entity:				
	New		Amended		Repealed		
The number of sections adopted on the agency's o	own ini	tiative:					
	New	<u>1</u>	Amended		Repealed	1	
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify	, strear	mline, or re	form agency	procedu	res:		
	New		Amended		Repealed		
The number of sections adopted using:							
Negotiated rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed		
Pilot rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed		
Other alternative rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed		
Date Adopted: February 19, 2020		Signature:					
Name: Kelly Susewind		is	a Di	en.			
Title: Director		- All	y n		NIC.		

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