CODE REVISER USE ONLY

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON

FILED

DATE: September 14, 2022

TIME: 10:05 AM

WSR 22-19-030



RULE-MAKING ORDER EMERGENCY RULE ONLY

CR-103E (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.360)

	,		
Agency: Department of Fish and	Wildlife (Order 22-201)		
Effective date of rule:			
Emergency Rules			
 Immediately upon filing. Later (specify) Septemb 	x 15, 2022		
Any other findings required by \Box Yes \boxtimes No If Yes, exp		econdition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?	
Purpose: The purpose of this er Bonneville Dam.	ergency rule is to open recreation	ional salmon seasons for the Columbia River below	
Citation of rules affected by th New:	s order:		
Repealed: WAC 220-312-0			
Amended: WAC 220-312-0	0		
Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption	RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.02	20, 77.12.045 and 77.12.047	
Other authority:	·		
EMERGENCY RULE			
Under RCW 34.05.350 the ag			
		e is necessary for the preservation of the public healt	
		equirements of notice and opportunity to comment up	on
· ·	rule would be contrary to the pu	lline for state receipt of federal funds requires immedi	iato
adoption of a rule.	nederal fule of a federal dead	mile for state receipt of rederal funds requires infined	late
•	at in account actab projections in	ndicate that minimal ESA-listed lower river tule Chino	ok oro
		allows hatchery coho retention under permanent regi	
		stem located upstream of ESA-listed tule Chinook bo	
tributaries. Historical CWT data	ndicate a zero-handle expectation	on of lower river tule Chinook. Staff will continue to n	monitor
		hin the allowed 38% ESA impact rate and per Washi	
		state rules with Oregon state rules and is consistent	with
Compact Action on September 1	and September 13, 2022.		
Washington and Oregon jointly r	gulate Columbia River fisheries	s under the congressionally-ratified Columbia River C	ompact
Four Indian Tribes have treaty fis	ning rights in the Columbia Rive	er. The treaties preempt state regulations that fail to a	allow
		, and the states must manage other fisheries according	
		r sets the current parameters. United States v. Orego	
		v. Oregon Management Agreement (February 26, 20 olumbia River are listed as threatened or endangered	
		National Marine Fisheries Service issued a biologica	
		ake of these species in the fisheries as described in the	
2018-2027 U.S. v. Oregon Mana	ement Agreement. The Washin	ngton and Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commissions hav	ve
developed policies to guide the i	plementation of such biological	l opinions in the states' regulation of non-treaty fisher	ries.
Columbia River non-treaty fisher	are monitored very closely to	ensure compliance with federal court orders, the	
Endangered Species Act, and C	mmission guidelines. Because	conditions change rapidly, the fisheries are managed	d almos
	an reconstatives from the Weshin		

exclusively by emergency rule. Representatives from the Washington and Oregon Departments of Fish and Wildlife convene

public hearings and take public testimony when consid	ering p	roposals for ı	new emergen	cy rules.	WDFW and	ODFW then
adopt regulations reflecting agreements reached.						
This rule also carries forward Columbia River salmon s	easons	s previously s	et in WSR 22	2-15-033, f	iled July 13,	2022.
There is insufficient time to promulgate permanent rule						
Note: If any category is le No descriptive text		ank, it wi	ill be calc	ulated	as zero.	
Count by whole WAC sections only A section may be c					tory note.	
The number of sections adopted in order to comply	y with:					
Federal statute:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Federal rules or standards:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Recently enacted state statutes:	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted at the request of a	a nong	overnmental	entity:			
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted on the agency's o	wn init	tiative:				
	New	[,] 1	Amended		Repealed	<u>1</u>
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify,	strear	nline, or refo	orm agency p	orocedure	es:	
	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted using:						
Negotiated rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Pilot rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Other alternative rule making:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Dete Adapted: Cantomber 44, 2022		Signature:				
Date Adopted: September 14, 2022			1 . /	0		
Name: Kelly Susewind			hally.	lun	ulm	
Title: Director		1	m e	- Car	2	

WAC 220-312-06000A Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Columbia River.

Effective September 15, 2022, until further notice, the provisions of WAC 220-312-060 regarding recreational salmon and steelhead seasons from a true north-south line through Buoy 10 to Bonneville Dam and from Rock Island Dam to Chief Joseph Dam, shall be modified during the dates listed and as described below. All year-round Closed Waters areas remain in effect. Other provisions of WAC 220-312-060 not addressed herein remain in effect unless otherwise amended by emergency rule:

- (1) From a true north-south line through Buoy 10 upstream to a line from Rocky Point on the Washington bank through Red Buoy 44 to the red navigation marker 2 at Tongue Point on the Oregon Bank (the Rocky Point/Tongue Point line), and including Youngs Bay:
 - (a) Effective September 15 through October 31, 2022: Salmon and steelhead: Daily limit6. Up to 3 adults may be retained. Release all salmon and steelhead other than hatchery coho.
 - (b) Effective November 1 through December 31, 2022: Salmon and steelhead: Daily limit6. Up to 3 adults, including no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained.Release all salmon and steelhead other than hatchery coho and hatchery steelhead.

(2) From the Rocky Point/Tongue point line upstream to a straight line from a fishing boundary sign on the Oregon shore near the old Corbett boat ramp through the eastern tip of Reed Island (East Reed Island line) to the Washington shore, including Camas Slough:

Immediately, until further notice: Salmon and steelhead: Closed.

(3) From the East Reed Island line upstream to a point 600 feet below the new Bonneville Dam Powerhouse:

Effective September 15 through October 31, 2022: Salmon and steelhead: Daily limit 6. Up to 2 adults may be retained, including no more than 1 Chinook. Release all salmon and steelhead other than Chinook and hatchery coho.

(4) From Rock Island Dam to Boundary 400 feet below the Wells Dam spawning channel discharge (on Chelan County side) and fish ladder (on Douglas County side): Salmon:

Effective immediately, through October 15, 2022: Daily limit 6, including no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook and no more than 4 sockeye. Release wild adult Chinook and coho.

(5) From Wells Dam to Hwy. 173 Bridge at Brewster: Salmon:

Effective immediately, through September 30, 2022: Daily limit 6, including no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook and no more than 4 sockeye. Release wild adult Chinook and coho.

(6) From Hwy. 173 Bridge at Brewster to the rock jetty at the upstream shoreline of Foster Creek (Douglas County side): Salmon:

Effective immediately, through October 15, 2022: Daily limit 6, including no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook and no more than 4 sockeye. Release wild adult Chinook and coho.

REPEALER

The following section of Washington Administrative Code is repealed, effective September 15, 2022:

WAC 220-312-06000Z Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Columbia. (22-188)